http://www.koganei.co.jp





Linear Magnetic Sensor Controller Long Type

All products are **RoHS** directive compliant **Position of actuator operation is visible!**



Expanded sensing range!

 4-digit LED display Green or red display color possible
 Compatible actuators Air hands and linear drive cylinders
 Controller output specifications 4-point switching output is standard equipment Analog output (1 to 5 VDC) is

standard equipment European CE marking compliant

Linear magnetic sensor controller Long type

Environmentally friendly **RoHS** compliant product!

Converts position of actuator within the sensing range to numerical values.

- Analog output (1 to 5 VDC) is standard equipment and detected position can be monitored from controller.
- Pour-point switching output makes it possible to detect position in measured range.
- Compatible with wide range of Koganei actuators because sensor heads are same shape as ZE types and 4 types.

For information about actuators on which the linear magnetic sensor controller can be mounted, refer to "List of Compatible Actuators" pages 3 to 4.



 4-digit LED display The display color can be changed to green or red.

 Switch output display Indicator color is red only.

Sensor head ZLL - -

Linear magnetic sensor controller Long type ZL2 - -

Output mode

Window comparator mode

The ON range of each output can be set within the effective measuring range (sensor head ON range). Response differential is fixed (2 digits)

When the controller setting and sensor heat setting positions are as shown below. OUT1 Threshold value setting Upper limit: 600 Lower limit: 400 Display when hand is full open: 900



Hysteresis mode

The ON position and OFF position each output can be set within the effective measuring range (sensor head ON range).

When the controller setting and sensor heat setting positions are as shown below. OUT1 Threshold value setting Upper limit: 400 Lower limit: 200 Display when hand is full open: 900



CAUTION: When the effective measuring range signal is OFF (outside the measuring range), OUT also becomes OFF.

CAUTION Read the safety precautions on page 6 before using this product.

Example of use

Normal reed switches are intended to sense the end position of the actuator's operation and the position where it stops in the middle; so their characteristic sensing range is narrow. While linear magnetic sensor controllers can be set to turn on at any point within the sensing range, which is because they convert the variations in the magnetic flux of the sensor magnets to numerical values. With the long types (ZL2), the sensing range is 3 times larger than existing product (ZL1) (in-house comparison).

The sensing range varies depending on the mounted actuator. Refer to "List of Compatible Actuators" on pages 3 to 4.





Given an air hand that needs to grasp 4 different sizes of workpieces, the sizes can be distinguished by setting the numerical value of the openness of the air hand, and then sending the switching output to the upper controller.



Determining the acceptance criteria for the height of the workpiece that is injected is possible because at the position that the cylinder presses on the top of the workpiece that is being injected, the sensed numerical values are sent as analog output to the upper controller. In addition, the injection position is converted to numerical values so the injection completed criteria can be set more precisely than usual.

Determining state of grasp on workpiece



To grasp a particular workpiece, the air hand determines whether the workpiece is grasped in the normal orientation or if some foreign object is being clamped by sending analog output of the numerical value detected for the closure of the air hand to the upper controller.

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<Effective range>

6

The effective ranges are the smallest values measured by Koganei. However, they should be treated as reference values because the effective ranges noted herein may not be achieved due to irregularities in the sensing magnets and the usage environment.

This is a list of typical models. Refer to the catalog for each air cylinder to select variations.

	Units (mm [in.					ו [in.])										
Cylind Typical model	ler bore size	4.5 [0.177]	6 [0.236]	8 [0.315]	10 [0.394]	12 [0.472]	16 [0.630]	20 [0.787]	25 [0.984]	32 [1.260]	40 [1.575]	50 [1.969]	63 [2.480]	80 [3.150]	100 [3.9]	125 [4.9]
Basic Cylinders	BC BCSA BCTA BCD BCG	-	* Becau Cor	ise the e ca ntact us i	mbedde nnot be regarding	d types (supporte g differer	ZLL1 an ed. nt situatio	d ZLL2) ons.	16 [0.630]	18 [0.709]	25 [0.984]	30 [1.181]	30 [1.181]	34 [1.339]	32 [1.260]	36 [1.417]
High multi cylinders	YMDA 🗌 S	-	8 [0.315]	-	9 [0.354]	-	12 [0.472]	14 [0.551]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Multi mount cylinders	BDA 🗌 S BSA 🗌 S BTA 🗌 S BDAD 🗌 S	-	10 [0.394]	-	12 [0.472]	-	14 [0.551]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Knock cylinders (Note 2)	NDAS	-	10 [0.394]	-	11 [0.433]	-	16 [0.630]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pen cylinders (Note 2)	PBDA 🗌 S PBSA 🗌 S PBTA 🗌 S	-	8 [0.315]	-	9 [0.354]	-	11 [0.433]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jig cylinder C	CDA S CSA S CTA S CCDA S CCDA S CBDA S T-CDAS	-	11 [0.433]	9 [0.354]	10 [0.394]	12 [0.472]	14 [0.551]	20 [0.787]	22 [0.866]	18 [0.709]	22 [0.866]	23 [0.906]	26 [1.024]	30 [1.181]	28 [1.102]	-
Twin rod cylinders	TBDA TBDAK TBDAM	-	-	-	9 [0.354]	-	9 [0.354]	10 [0.394]	10 [0.394]	10 [0.394]	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jig cylinder with guide	SGDA SGDAY SGDAK SGDAP SGDAQ	-	11 [0.433]	10 [0.394]	10 [0.394]	12 [0.472]	14 [0.551]	20 [0.787]	22 [0.866]	18 [0.709]	22 [0.866]	24 [0.945]	26 [1.024]	-	-	-
Rod slider	ARS ARSZ ARSK	-	9 [0.354]	-	9 [0.354]	-	10 [0.394]	10 [0.394]	11 [0.433]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mini guide sliders	MGA 🗆 S	8 [0.315]	8 [0.315]	8 [0.315]	8 [0.315]	8 [0.315]	8 [0.315]	8 [0.315]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MINI GUIDE TA-	MGTS	-	8 [0.315]	8 [0.315]	8 [0.315]	8 [0.315]	8 [0.315]	8 [0.315]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note 1. There are limits to the mounting groove that can be used due to the orientation of the installed sensor head. For details, refer to "User's Manual for the Linear Magnetic Sensor Controller, Long Type". Note 2. These cylinders are compatible with ZLL3. A separate sensor holder is needed for installation. Order a sensor

This is a list of typical models. Refer to the catalog for each air hand to select variations.

Typical model		Poro	Full stroke detection or	nting position (±20 [0.787])	
Typical	model	DOIG	effective range mm [in.]	Sensed value when fully closed	Sensed value when fully opened
		8 [0.315]	0	Against end	of groove ^{Note 2}
and the second second		10 [0.394]	0	320 [12.6]	680 [26.8]
ALL		16 [0.630]	0	300 [11.8]	700 [27.6]
(ar in		20 [0.787]	0	230 [9.1]	770 [30.3]
77		25 [0.984]	0	250 [9.8]	750 [29.5]
ha	NHB 🗌 PGJ	32 [1.260]	0	200 [7.9]	800 [31.5]
10000 C		40 [1.575]	0	120 [4.7]	880 [34.6]
Tot		50 [1.969]	0	100 [3.9]	900 [35.4]
15 mars		8 [0.315]	0	Against end	of groove ^{Note 2}
and the first of the second se		10 [0.394]	0	150 [5.9]	850 [33.5]
an an	NHBDPGL	16 [0.630]	0	150 [5.9]	850 [33.5]
and the second second		20 [0.787]	0	100 [3.9]	900 [35.4]
		6 [0.236]	0	Against end o	of groove ^{Note 2}
		10 [0.394]	0	380 [15.0]	620 [24.4]
		16 [0.630]	0	310 [12.2]	690 [27.2]
		20 [0.787]	0	250 [9.8]	750 [29.5]
-		25 [0.984]	0	280 [11.0]	720 [28.3]
- Call		10 [0.394]	0	620 [24,4]	380 [15.0]
Star and	_	16 [0.630]	0	690 [27.2]	310 [12.2]
	NHB 🗌 P	20 [0.787]	0	750 [29.5]	250 [9.8]
		25 [0.984]	0	720 [28 3]	280 [11 0]
		8 [0 315]	0	400 [15 7]	600 [23 6]
and the second		10 [0.394]	0	340 [13 4]	660 [26.0]
/1		16 [0.630]	0	310 [12 2]	690 [27.2]
and by		20 [0 787]		270 [10.6]	730 [28 7]
		25 [0.984]		300 [11.8]	700 [20.7]
		12 [0.472]		50 [1.0]	050 [27.0]
	NHBDSI	16 [0.630]		70 [2 756]	930 [37.4]
· · · ·		20 [0 787]		10 [2.750]	950 [50.0]
at the a	NEDSLG	25 [0.984]		50 [1.070]	950 [37.0]
		16 [0.630]		340 [13 4]	660 [26 0]
11 2		20 [0 787]		280 [11 0]	720 [28 3]
3.01		20 [0.787]		200 [11.0]	720 [20.3]
		10 [0 304]		480 [18 0]	770 [30.3]
		16 [0.630]		380 [15.9]	620 [24.4]
and a for	NHC1D	20 [0 787]		330 [13.0]	670 [26.4]
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		20 [0.787]		250 [13.0]	750 [20.4]
		25 [0.964]	0		750 [29.5]
		10 [0.315]	0		
· ·		10 [0.394]	0	000 [20.0]	350 [13.6]
in the second second	NALID	10 [0.030]	0	400 [15.7]	200 [7.9]
		20 [0.787]	0		150 [5.9]
		∠ɔ [0.984]		000 [25.6]	150 [5.9]
		6 [0.236]	18 [0.709] ^{Note 1}	-	
		8 [0.315]	22 [0.866] ^{Note 1}		
A state .	AFDPG	12 [0.472]	28 [1.102] ^{Note 1}	1	
0	AFDPGL	14 [0.551]	32 [1.260] ^{Note 1}	* The effective ranges	for AFDPG(L) shown to
and the second s		18 [0.709]	26 [1.024] ^{Note 1}	the left are typical value	s, so they are just refer-
		25 [0.984]	60 [2.362] ^{Note 1}	ence values.	

Note 1. Effective ranges indicate open-close strokes of both fingers.

AFDPGH has different piston diameters on left and right, so contact us regarding its use. Note 2. Install sensor switches so they butt against the inner end of the groove on the air hand. (Refer to the diagram below)



Before selecting and using products, please read all the Safety Precautions carefully to ensure proper product use. The Safety Precautions shown below are to help you use the product safely and correctly, and to prevent injury or damage to assets beforehand. ISO4414 (Pneumatic fluid power - Recommendations for the application of equipment to transmission and control systems), Follow the Safety Precautions for: ISO4414 (Pneumatic fluid power-General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components), JIS B 8370 (Pneumatic fluid Power-General rules relating to systems regulations)

The directions are ranked according to degree of potential danger or damage: "DANGER!", "WARNING!", "CAUTION!", and "ATTENTION!"

Indicates situations that can be clearly predicted as dangerous. If the noted danger is not avoided, it could result in death or serious injury. It could also result in damage or destruction of assets.
Indicates situations that, while not immediately dangerous, could become dangerous. If the noted danger is not avoided, it could result in death or serious injury. It could also result in damage or destruction of assets.
Indicates situations that, while not immediately dangerous, could become dangerous. If the noted danger is not avoided, it could result in light or semi-serious injury. It could also result in damage or destruction of assets.
While there is little chance of injury, this content refers to points that should be observed for appropriate use of the product.

This product was designed and manufactured as parts for use in General Industrial Machinery.

- When selecting and handling equipment, the system designer or another person with sufficient knowledge and experience should always read the safety precautions, catalog, instruction manual and other literature before commencing operation. Making mistakes in handling is dangerous.
- After reading the Owner's Manual, Catalog, etc., always place them where they can be easily available for reference to users of this product.
- If transferring or lending the product to another person, always attach the Owner's Manual, Catalog, etc., to the product where they are easily visible, to ensure that the new user can use the product safely and properly.
- The danger, warning, and caution items listed under these "Safety Precautions" do not cover all possible cases. Read the Catalog and Owner's Manual carefully, and always keep safety first.
- Only the controller (ZL2) is compliant with EMC directives. The sensor head (ZLL) cannot be used in environments with high magnetic fields.

- Do not use for the applications listed below:
 - Medical equipment related to maintenance or management of human lives or bodies.
 - 2. Mechanical devices or equipment designed for the purpose of moving or transporting people.
 - 3. Critical safety components in mechanical devices.
- This product has not been planned or designed for purposes that require advanced stages of safety. It could cause injury to human life.
- When mounting the product and workpiece, always firmly support and secure them in place. Dropping or falling the product or improper operation could result in injury.
- Never attempt to modify the product. It could result in abnormal operation leading to injury, electric shock, fire, etc.
- Never attempt inappropriate disassembly, assembly, or repair of the product relating to its basic inner construction, or to its performance or functions. It could result in injury, electric shock, fire, etc.
- Do not splash water on the product. Spraying water on the product, washing the product, or using the product under water creates the risk of malfunction, leading to injury, electric shock, fire, etc.
- Do not use the linear magnetic sensor controller or sensor head in locations where dangerous substances, such as flammable or ignitable substances, are present. These sensor controllers and sensor heads are not explosion-proof. It could ignite or burst into flames.
- Do not make any adjustments (connecting or disconnecting wiring connectors, mounting or positioning sensor heads, etc.) to mechanisms attached to the product while the product is operating. This could result in abnormal operation leading to injury.

- Do not use the product in excess of its specification range. Doing so creates the risk of product breakdown, loss of function, or damage. It could also drastically reduce the operating life.
- Before supplying electricity to the device and before starting operation, always conduct a safety check of the area where the machine is operating. Unintentional supply of electricity creates the risk of electric shock or injury due to contact with moving parts.
- Do not touch anything where electrically charged parts are exposed, such as the terminals, while the electric power is on. There is a possibility of electric shock and abnormal operation.
- Do not throw the product into fire.
- The product could explode and/or produce toxic gases.
- Do not sit on the product, place your feet on it, or place other objects on it. Accidents such as falling could result in injury. Dropping or toppling the product may result in injury, or it might also damage or break it, resulting in abnormal or erratic operation, runaway, etc.
- Before conducting maintenance, inspection, repair, replacement, or any other similar work, always completely cut off the electric power supply.
- Do not damage any cords, such as the lead wires of the sensor heads. Allowing the cords to be damaged, bent excessively, pulled, rolled up, placed under heavy objects or squeezed between two objects, may result in current leaks or defective continuity that will lead to fire, electric shock, or abnormal operation.
- Do not apply an external magnetic field to the controller and sensor head while the linear magnetic sensor controller is in operation. Unintended operations could damage equipment or cause injury.
- Use safety circuits or system designs to prevent damage to machinery or injury to personnel if the machine is shut down, such as due to emergency stop or electrical power failure.
- Avoid wiring parallel to or in the same conduit as power or high-voltage lines. The linear magnetic sensor controller may be affected by electric noise that results in erratic operation.
- Make sure that the polarity of wiring connections is correct. The wrong polarity could result in damage to the linear magnetic sensor controller and sensor head.
- Installing two or more cylinders equipped with the sensor heads of linear magnetic sensor controllers in parallel could cause malfunctions, so separate the sensor heads by at least 40 mm [1.575 in.].

⚠ CAUTION

- Do not use the products in locations that are subject to direct sunlight (ultraviolet rays), dust, salt, iron powder, or high humidity. Also, do not use the products if the media and/or ambient atmosphere includes organic solvents, phosphate ester type hydraulic oil, sulfur dioxide gas, chlorine gas, or acids. Such uses could lead to loss of functions within a short period, sudden degradation in performance, or reduced operating life. For details on materials used in the product, refer to the names of materials in the specifications.
- When installing the product, leave room for adequate working space around it. Failure to ensure adequate working space will make it more difficult to conduct daily inspections and maintenance, which could eventually lead to system shutdown or damage to the product.
- Do not use the linear magnetic sensor controller or sensor head in locations subject to large electrical currents or strong magnetic fields. This could result in erratic operation.
- Do not scratch, dent, or deform the product by climbing on it, using it as a step, or placing objects on top of it. It could result in damaged or broken a product that results in operation shutdown or degraded performance.
- Always post a "Work in Progress" sign for installations, adjustments, or other operations, to avoid unintentional supplying of air or electrical power, etc. Unintended power supply can cause electric shock and sudden operation, creating the risk of personal injury.
- Do not pull on the cords of the lead wires, etc., of the linear magnetic sensor controller and sensor head, do not grab them when lifting or carrying the equipment, or place heavy objects or excessive loads on them. Such actions could result in current leaks or defective continuity that leads to fire, electric shock, or abnormal operation.
- Use only the sensor head specified for this product.
 Use of sensor heads other than those specified could lead to erratic operation of, or damage to, the product.
- When handling linear magnetic sensor controllers and sensor heads, do not apply excessive shocks (294.2 m/s² [30 G] or larger) by striking, dropping, or bumping against them. Even if their casing is undamaged, their inner parts may suffer breakdown, causing erratic operation.
- Avoid short circuiting the loads. Turning the switch output on while the load is short-circuited causes overcurrent, which will damage the linear magnetic sensor controller. Example of short-circuited load: The lead wire of a switch output is directly connected to the power supply.
- Tighten screws with a tightening torque of 0.2 N·m [0.148 ft·lbf] when mounting the sensor head.

Over-tightening beyond the allowed tightening torque may damage the sensor head.

 Be sure to connect the sensor head and controller while the power is turned off. Connecting the sensor head while the power is supplied may cause erratic operation of the controller because of surge voltage, etc.

ATTENTION

- When considering the possibility of using this product in situations or environments not specifically noted in the Catalog or Instruction Manual, or in applications where safety is an important requirement, such as in an aircraft facility, combustion equipment, leisure equipment, safety equipment and other places where human life or assets may be greatly affected, use the product sufficiently within its specified ratings and performance and take adequate safety precautions, such as the use of fail-safes.
- Be sure to consult us with such applications.
- Always check the Catalog and other reference materials for product wiring and piping.
- Use a protective cover, etc., to ensure that people do not come into direct contact with the operating portion of mechanical devices, etc.
- Do not control in a way that would cause workpieces to fall during power failure.
- Take control measures so that they prevent the workpieces, etc., from falling during power failure or emergency stop of the mechanical devices.
- When handling the product, be sure to wear protective gloves, safety glasses, safety shoes, etc., to keep safe.
- When the product can no longer be used, or is no longer necessary, dispose of it appropriately as industrial waste.
- Pneumatic equipment can exhibit degraded performance and function over its operating life. Always conduct daily inspections of the pneumatic equipment, and confirm that all requisite system functions are satisfied, to prevent accidents from happening.
- For inquiries about the product, contact your nearest Koganei sales office or Koganei overseas department. The address and telephone number is shown on the back cover of this catalog.

<u> (</u>Other

- Always observe the following items.
 - When using this product in pneumatic systems, always use genuine Koganei parts or compatible parts (recommended parts). When doing maintenance or repairs, always use genuine Koganei parts or compatible parts (recommended parts). Always observe the required methods.
 - 2. Never inappropriately disassemble or assemble the product in relation to its basic construction, performance, or functions.

Koganei cannot be responsible if these items are not properly observed.

Handling Instructions and Precautions



General precautions

Wiring

- 1. When using a power supply with a commercially available switching regulator, be sure to connect a frame ground (F.G.) terminal.
- Always connect a frame ground (F.G.) terminal when using devices that generate electrical noise, such as switching regulators and inverter motors, in the vicinity of the sensor mount position.
- 3. After completing wiring work, check to make sure that all connections are correct.

Other

- 1. Check fluctuations in the power source to confirm they do not exceed the ratings before turning on the power.
- 2. Avoid use during the transitional state (1 second) when the power is turned on.
- 3. Do not operate the keys using a needle or any other sharp instrument.

Warranty and General Disclaimer

1. Warranty Period

- The warranty period for Koganei products is 1 year from the date of delivery.
- * However, some products have a 2-year warranty; contact your nearest Koganei sales office or the Koganei overseas department for details.
- 2. Scope of Warranty and General Disclaimer
- (1) When a product purchased from Koganei or from an authorized Koganei distributor or agent malfunctions during the warranty period in a way that is attributable to Koganei's responsibility, Koganei will repair or replace the product free of charge. Even if a product is still within the warranty period, its durability is determined by its operation cycles and other factors. Contact your nearest Koganei sales office or the Koganei overseas department for details.
- (2) The Koganei product warranty covers individual products. Therefore, Koganei is not responsible for incidental losses (repair of this product, various expenses required for replacement, etc.) caused by breakdown, loss of function, or loss of performance of Koganei products.
- (3) Koganei is not responsible for any losses or for any damages to other machinery caused by breakdown, loss of function, or loss of performance of Koganei products.
- (4) Koganei is not responsible for any losses due to use or storage of the product in a way that is outside of the product specifications prescribed in Koganei catalogs and instruction manuals, and/or due to actions that violate the mounting, installation, adjustment, maintenance or other safety precautions.
- (5) Koganei is not responsible for any losses caused by breakdown of the product due to factors outside the responsibility of Koganei, including but not limited to fire, natural disaster, the actions of third parties, and intentional actions or errors by the purchaser.



Mounting and Piping

Sensor head and connector connection overview

The **ZLL**- \Box - \Box L sensor head is provided to you with the mini plug wire mount plug connected to the sensor head unit. A special tool is required if you need to reconnect in order to adjust the length. Use the following procedure when reconnecting.

 Be sure to use the mount plug and the special tool shown below when reconnecting.
 6P mini clamp wire mount plug Special tool Model: 1729940-1

Tyco Electronics Japan G.K.

Check to make sure that the connector cover (lead wire inlet) is sitting above the body of the connector. Note that a connector whose cover is even with the body of the connector cannot be used.



3. Cut the sensor head cable to the required length. Strip the outer covering of the cable, 50 mm [1.969 in.] from the end, to expose the lead wires. Do not strip the insulation from the individual lead wires at this time.



4. Insert the lead wires into the connector cover holes in accordance with the information in the table below. Check to make sure the lead wires are fully inserted (wire goes in about 9 mm [0.354 in.]) as far as they will go by viewing the semi-transparent top cover of the connector.

Note that supplying power while connections are incorrect will damage the sensor head and controller.

Connector side number	Signal name	Lead wire color
1	Sensor head voltage (+)	Sensor head brown lead
2	Sensor head voltage output A_IN	Sensor head white lead
3	Sensor head voltage output B_IN	Sensor head black lead
4	Indicator (LED) input	Sensor head red lead
5	GND	Sensor head blue lead
6	Sensor head voltage output C_IN	Sensor head yellow lead



5. Taking care not to allow the lead wires to come out of the connector, use the special tool (don't try to use any other tool) to squeeze the cover and body of the connector until the cover is pressed into the body.

Connection is complete when the cover is even with the connector body.

6. Double check to make sure that wiring is correct.

Attaching and detaching of the sensor head and power/switch cables



To attach the sensor head and the power/switch cables, position the lock levers as shown in the illustration above, and then insert until they lock into place with the controller side connectors. To disconnect, press the lock lever down as far as it will go as you pull the connector to unplug it. At this time, take care not to apply undue force to the lead wires.



Attach the protective front cover so the tabs inside the cover enter the slots on the Linear Magnetic Sensor Controller.



* To remove the protective front cover, hook your finger on the projection on one side of the cover and remove it.

Sensor head installation precautions

- After inserting the sensor head into the Air Hand or cylinder switch mounting groove (depending on which you are using) and move the sensor head to the suitable position, secure it in place with the fixing screw. Use a tightening torque of 0.2 N⋅m [0.148 ft·lbf] or less.
- For information about the sensor head insertion direction, see the "Sensor switch mounting method" for the Air Hand or cylinder you are using.

Using actuators in close proximity could cause malfunctions, so separate the sensor heads by at least 40 mm [1.575 in.].



(Reference: Mini guide sliders)

Inner Circuit Diagrams



Note: Note that extending the cable can cause a drop in voltage due to cable resistance.

Signal D	: Power supply reverse-polarity protection diode
ZD1~ ZD5	: Surge voltage absorption zener diode
Tr1~Tr5	: NPN output transistors

Linear magnetic sensor controller

ZL2



Specifications

• Controller

Item Model	ZL2
Power supply voltage	24 VDC ±10%
Consumption current	50 mA max. (Not including supply power to sensor.)
Sensor input supply power and voltage	5 VDC
Sensor input maximum input voltage	3.0 V
Switch output method	NPN open collector output, 5 points
Load voltage	30 VDC
Load current	50 mA max.
Switch output volume repeatability	±1%F.S. ±1 digit Note
Internal voltage drop	0.3 V MAX. (When Ic = 5 mA)
Response time	5 ms MAX.
Operation indicator light	Lights red when each switch output is on.
Value display	1/1000 division display within effective measuring range(4 digits, 2-color display: red and green)
Analog output voltage range	DC1 to 5V within effective measuring range, DC0.8V outside effective measuring range (1k Ω output impedance)
Analog output repeatability	±1% of F.S (25°C±5°C [77°F±9°F]) Note
Insulation resistance	100 M Ω MIN. (500 VDC Megger, between case and lead wire terminal)
Withstand voltage	500 VAC (50/60 Hz) in 1 minute (between case and lead wire terminal)
Shock resistance	294.2 m/s ² [30 G] (non repetitive)
Ambient temperature	0 to 50°C [32 to 122°F] (non-condensation, non-freezing)
Storage temperature range	-10 to 70°C [14 to 158°F] (non-condensation, non-freezing)
Mass	40 g [1.411 oz]

Note: This performance excludes the mechanical looseness of a cylinder with a fixed magnet (standalone performance). In the case of a movable type cylinder whose magnet is not fixed, the movable part and repeatability are reduced.

Sensor head

Item Model	ZLL L
Power supply voltage	5 VDC±5%
Consumption current	20 mA max.
Mounting methods	Body embedded type (ZLL1, ZLL2),
Operation indicator light	Red LED lights at optimal sensitivity position (Operation position can be changed by setting.)
Lead wire	Heat-resistant, oil-resistant vinyl sheath instrumentation cable ϕ 2.8 [0.110] 6 core With 6P connectors
Insulation resistance	100 M Ω MIN. (500 VDC Megger, between case and lead wire terminal)
Withstand voltage	500 VAC (50/60 Hz) in 1 minute (between case and lead wire terminal)
Shock resistance	294.2 m/s ² [30 G] (non repetitive)
Protective structure	IP67
Vibration resistance	88.3 m/s ² [9 G] (Double amplitude: 1.5 mm [0.059 in.] 10 ~ 55 Hz)
Ambient temperature	0 to 50°C [32 to 122°F] (non-condensation, non-freezing)
Storage temperature range	-10 to 70°C [14 to 158°F] (non-condensation, non-freezing)
Mass	20 g [0.705 oz] (When 1L lead wire length is 1000 mm [39 in.].)

Connector number

Sensor head

Connector side number	Signal name	Lead wire color
1	Sensor head voltage (+)	Sensor head brown lead
2	Sensor head voltage output A_IN	Sensor head white lead
3	Sensor head voltage output B_IN	Sensor head black lead
4	Indicator (LED) input	Sensor head red lead
5	GND	Sensor head blue lead
6	Sensor head voltage output C_IN	Sensor head yellow lead

Power supply

Pin No.	Signal name	Lead wire color
1	Power supply voltage input (24 V)	Brown
2	Analog output (1 to 5V)	Gray
3	Effective measuring range signal output (STABI)	Black
4	GND	Blue
5	Switch output OUT1	White
6	Switch output OUT2	Red
7	Switch output OUT3	Green
8	Switch output OUT4	Yellow



Power supply/switching cable

ZLW-3L



- Mini clamp wire mount plug, 6 P (for sensor head)
 - ZL-6M



- * When purchasing a sensor head by itself, you need to set the sensor head parameters. (Refer to page 5 of the instruction manual that
 - Protective front cover



• Mini clamp wire mount plug, 8 P (for power supply/switching cable)

ZL-8M



• **ZL2-** (controller)



• ZLL1- L (ZE Horizontal type)







● **ZLL3-**□**L** (□4 type)



• **ZLW-3L** (power supply/switching cable)



• **ZLBK100** (protective front cover)



• ZL-6M (mini clamp wire mount plug, 6 P, for sensor head)



• **ZL-8M** (mini clamp wire mount plug, 8 P, for power supply/switching cable)



- 1. Incorrect wiring to the sensor head or power/switch cables creates the risk of damage to both the controller and sensor head. Confirm that wiring is correct before turning on power.
- 2. Record write conditions that were configured by writing them to flash memory. Note that flash memory has a limited life, and the number of rewrites is 10,000.

Nomenclature and functions



No.	Name	Description
1	Display	Shows effective measuring range %, setting details, error indicators.
2	Switch output indicators	Light when switch output is ON (CH1 to CH4).
3	UP key (🔼)	Use to increase a setting value.
4	DOWN key (🔽)	Use to decrease a setting value.
(5)	MODE key (🔲)	Use when configuring settings.

* Regarding operation and setting procedures, refer to the instruction manual (M020961) and the User's Manual that come with the product.

Limited Warranty

KOGANEI CORP. warrants its products to be free from defects in material and workmanship subject to the following provisions.

Warranty Period	The warranty period is 180 days from the date
	of delivery.
Kogonoj	If a defect in material or workmanshin is found

Responsibility Responsibility will replace any part proved defective under normal use free of charge and will provide the service necessary to replace such a part.

Limitations • This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, and is limited to the original cost of the product and shall not include any transportation fee, the cost of installation or any liability for direct, indirect or consequential damage or delay resulting from the defects.

- KOGANEI CORP. shall in no way be liable or responsible for injuries or damage to persons or property arising out of the use or operation of the manufacturer's product.
- This warranty shall be void if the engineered safety devices are removed, made inoperative or not periodically checked for proper functioning.
- Any operation beyond the rated capacity, any improper use or application, or any improper installation of the product, or any substitution upon it with parts not furnished or approved by KOGANEI CORP., shall void this warranty.
- This warranty covers only such items supplied by KOGANEI CORP. The products of other manufacturers are covered only by such warranties made by those original manufacturers, even though such items may have been included as the components.

The specifications are subject to change without notice.

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iB-Cyclone PAT. PEND.

Introducing the high-speed cyclone type water separator!

Conceptual image of water separation





Introducing the high-speed cyclone type water separator!

Removing water droplets using high-speed cyclone

Superior water separation performance	Half the size and over 99% $^{\scriptscriptstyle \rm Note}$ water separation ratio compared to
Ouperior water separation performance	other devices. Note: According to Koganei measurement standards.
Cyclone system	High-speed cyclone water separator uses the power of
Oyolone System	centrifugal separation (patent pending).
Maintainability improved	Maintenance free because element is not used.
Maintainability improved	Select NO type or NC type auto drain.
Wide range of flow rates	Excellent water separation performance in a wide range of flow
while range of now rates	rates.
Compatible in a wide range of anvironmente	Specifications for ozone resistance, NCU specifications
Compatible in a wide range of environments	(copper free) compatible as standard.
CAUTION Read the handlin	ng instructions and precautions on page 6 before using this product.

1 KOGANEI



Having trouble removing water in pipingChanging elements and other maintenance is difficult.

Koganei provides solutions to user problems with **iB-Cyclone**, which delivers new value.

The iB-Cyclone uses a high-speed cyclonic system to maintain water separation rates even if flow is increased. Separation performance is always steady from small to large flow rates.





*Water separation compared with Koganei drain filter (reference).

iB-Cyclone application example

- Removing water in sub-lines and from various equipment
- Removing primary-side water from filters and regulators
- Pre-processing air supply going to membrane dryer
- Removing water from equipment extremities
 - ※ Air used must be free from oil and solids for iB-Cyclone use.



IBCY30











Variations and Options



Auto drain type NO (Normally open) NC (Normally closed)





Drain cock with fitting

Bracket 8Z-CBK Before selecting and using the products, please read all the Safety Precautions carefully to ensure proper product use.

The Safety Precautions described below are to help you use the product safely and correctly, and to prevent injury or damage to you, other people, and assets. Always adhere to the following safety regulations: ISO4414 (Pneumatic fluid power - General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components) and JIS B 8370 (General rules relating to systems).

The directions are ranked according to degree of potential danger or damage: "DANGER!", "WARNING!", "CAUTION!", and "ATTENTION!"

Marning	Indicates situations that can be clearly predicted as dangerous. Failure to avoid the situation creates the risk of death or serious injury. It could also result in damage or destruction of assets.
	Indicates situations that, while not immediately dangerous, could become dangerous. Failure to avoid the situation creates the risk of death or serious injury. It could also result in damage or destruction of assets.
	Indicates situations that, while not immediately dangerous, could become dangerous. Failure to avoid the situation creates the risk of minor or semi-serious injury. It could also result in damage or destruction of assets.
	While there is little chance of injury, this content refers to points that should be observed for appropriate use of the product.

This product was designed and manufactured for use in general industrial machinery.

When selecting and handling equipment, the system designer or another person with sufficient knowledge and experience should always read the Safety Precautions, catalog, User's Manual and other literature before commencing operation. Improper handling is dangerous.

- After reading the Instruction Manual, catalog, and other documentation, always store them in a location that allows easy availability for reference to users of this product.
- Whenever transferring or lending the product to another person, always attach the catalog, instruction manual, and other information to the product where they are easily visible in order to ensure that the new user can use the product safely and properly.
- The danger, warning and caution items listed under these Safety Precautions do not cover all possible contingencies. Read the catalog and instruction manual carefully, and always keep safety first.

<u> (</u>Warning

Do not use the product for the purposes listed below:

- 1. Medical equipment related to maintenance or management of human lives or bodies.
- 2. Machines or equipment designed for the purpose of moving or transporting people.
- 3. Critical safety components in mechanical devices.

This product has not been planned or designed for purposes that require high levels of safety. Using the product in any of the ways described above creates the risk of loss of human life.

- Do not use the product in locations with or near dangerous substances such as flammable or ignitable substances. This product is not explosion-proof. Doing so creates the risk of ignition and fire.
- When mounting the product and workpiece, always firmly support and secure them in place. Falling, dropping, or abnormal operation of the product creates the risk of personal injury.

Never attempt to modify the product. Abnormal operation can lead to injury.

- Never attempt inappropriate disassembly, assembly, or repair of the product relating to basic construction, or to its performance or functions. This can lead to injury, etc.
- While the product is in operation, avoid touching it with your hands or otherwise approaching too close except for specified operations. Also, do not attempt to make any adjustments to internal or attached mechanisms, or to perform any type of adjustment (disconnecting tubes or sealed plugs, adjustment of the product's mounting position, etc.) while the product is in operation.

Falling, dropping, or abnormal operation of the product creates the risk of personal injury.

Because KOGANEI products are designed for use under a wide variety of conditions, decisions concerning conformance with a particular system should be made upon the careful evaluation of a person in charge of system design.

Assurances concerning expected system performance and safety are the responsibility of the designer who decides system conformity. Be sure to use the latest catalogs and technical materials to study and evaluate specification details, to consider the possibility of machine breakdown, and to configure a system that ensures fail-safe safety and reliability.

- Do not use the product in excess of its specification range. Doing so creates the risk of product breakdown, loss of function, or damage. It could also drastically reduce operating life.
- Before supplying air to the device and before starting operation, always conduct a safety check of the area of machine operation. Unintentional supply of air creates the risk of injury due to contact with moving parts.
- Do not allow the product to be thrown into fire. Doing so creates the risk of explosion, resulting in the release of toxic gasses.
- Do not sit on the product, place your foot on it, or place other objects on it. Doing so creates the risk of injury due to tripping or the product tipping over or falling, resulting in product damage and abnormal, erratic, or runaway operation.
- Before conducting maintenance, inspection, repair, replacement, or any other similar procedure, always completely cut off all air connections and confirm that residual pressure inside the product or in piping connected to the product is atmospheric pressure. In particular, be aware that residual air will still be in the compressor or storage tank. The actuator may move abruptly if residual air pressure remains inside the piping, causing injury.
- Use safety circuits or create system designs that prevent damage to machinery or injury to personnel when the machine is shut down due to an emergency stop or electrical power failure.
- Always check the catalog and other reference materials for correct product piping. Improper piping creates the risk of abnormal operation of the actuator.
- When the device not used for long periods (over 30 days), it is possible that the contacting parts may have become stuck leading to slow operation or sudden movements, and it will creates the risk of injury. Check for proper operation a minimum of once every 30 days.
- Do not use the product at the beach in direct sunlight, near mercury lamp, or near equipment that generates ozone. Ozone causes rubber components to deteriorate resulting in reduced performance, or a limitation or stop of functions.
- Do not use any type of medium that is not specifically stipulated in the specifications. Using a non-specified medium could lead to short term loss of function, sudden degradation of performance, and a reduced operating life.
- In initial operations after the equipment has been idle for 48 hours or more, or has been in storage, there is a possibility that contacting parts may have become stuck, resulting in equipment operation delays or in sudden movements. Before these initial operations, always run a test to check that operating performance is normal.

- Do not use the product in locations that are subject to direct sunlight (ultraviolet rays); locations with high humidity and temperature, dust, salt, or iron powder. Do not use fluids in the product or use the product in an environment that includes corrosive fluids such as organic solvents, phosphate ester type hydraulic oil, sulfur dioxide, chlorine gas, acids, etc. It could lead to early shutdown of some functions, a sudden degradation of performance, and a reduced operating life. For information about materials, see Major Parts and Materials.
- Do not use in locations where there is a heat source nearby or that are subject to radiated heat.

- When mounting the product, leave room for adequate working space around it. Failure to do so will make it more difficult to conduct daily inspections or maintenance, which could eventually lead to system shutdown or damage to the product.
- Do not scratch, dent, or deform the product by climbing on it using it as a scaffold, or placing objects on top of it. Doing so creates the risk of damage to or breakage of the product, resulting in operational shutdown or degraded performance.
- Always be sure to post an "operation in progress" sign during installation, adjustment, or other operations, to avoid unintended air supply. Unintentional supplying of air can cause sudden operation and may result in injury.
- Use in extremely dry air under temperatures lower than -20 °C [-4 °F] may affect the quality of the lubricating oil used. This creates the risk of degraded performance, loss of function, or other problems.

- When considering the possibility of using this product in situations or environments not specifically noted in the Catalog or Instruction Manual, or in applications where safety is an important requirement such as in an aircraft facility, combustion equipment, leisure equipment, safety equipment, and other places where human life or assets may be greatly affected, take adequate safety precautions such as the application with enough margins for ratings and performance or fail-safe measures. Be sure to consult us with such applications.
- Always check the catalog and other reference materials for product piping.
- Use a protective cover and other means to ensure that the operating parts of mechanical devices are isolated and do not come into direct contact with human bodies.
- Do not configure control of the system in a way that could cause workpieces to fall due to power failure.
 - Configure control of the system to prevent workpieces, and other items from falling due to power failure or by emergency stop of mechanical devices.
- When handling the product, wear protective gloves, safety glasses, safety shoes etc.
- When the product can no longer be used or is no longer necessary, dispose of it appropriately as industrial waste.
- Pneumatic equipment can exhibit degraded performance and function over its operating life. Always conduct daily inspections of the pneumatic equipment, and confirm that all requisite system functions are satisfied, to prevent accidents from happening.
- For inquiries about the product, contact your nearest KOGANEI sales office or the KOGANEI overseas group. The addresses and telephone numbers are shown on the back cover of this catalog.

<u> Other</u>

Always observe the following items.

- When using this product in pneumatic systems, always use genuine KOGANEI parts or compatible parts (recommended parts).
 When conducting maintenance and repairs, always use genuine KOGANEI parts or compatible parts (recommended parts).
 Always observe the prescribed methods and procedures.
- 2. Never attempt inappropriate disassembly or assembly of the product relating to basic configurations, or its performance or functions.

KOGANEI shall not be held responsible for any problems that occur as a result of these items not being properly observed.

Warranty and General Disclaimer

- 1. Warranty Period
- KOGANEI warrants this product for a period of no more than 180 days after it is purchased.
- 2. Scope of Warranty and General Disclaimer
- (1) The KOGANEI product warranty covers individual products. When a product purchased from KOGANEI or from an authorized KOGANEI dealer or KOGANEI distributor malfunctions during the warranty period in a way that is found to be attributable to KOGANEI responsibility, KOGANEI will repair or replace the product free of charge. Even if a product is still within the warranty period, its durability is determined by its operation cycles and other factors. Contact your nearest KOGANEI sales office or the KOGANEI overseas group for details.
- (2) KOGANEI shall not be held responsible for any losses or for any damage to other machinery caused by breakdown, loss of function, or loss of performance of KOGANEI products.
- (3) KOGANEI shall not be held responsible for any losses due to use or storage of the product in a way that is outside of the product specifications prescribed in KOGANEI catalogs and the instruction manual, and/or due to actions that violate the mounting, installation, adjustment, maintenance and other safety precautions.
- (4) KOGANEI shall not be held responsible for any losses caused by breakdown of the product due to factors outside the responsibility of KOGANEI, including but not limited to fire, natural disaster, the actions of third parties, and intentional actions or errors by you.



General Precautions

1. Before performing piping work, thoroughly flush the inside of the pipes with compressed air.

Machining chips, sealing tape, rust and other debris getting entered in during piping work may result in lowered performance and functionality or function stoppage.

- 2. This product cannot be used when the medium or ambient atmosphere includes any of the following substances: Organic solvents, phosphate ester type hydraulic oil, sulfur dioxide, chlorine gas, fluorine gas, ozone, acids, or other corrosive gasses.
- The bowl material is polycarbonate. This product cannot be used in environments with the above gasses and fluids, nor threadlocking adhesive, leak detection fluid, hot water or where it may be exposed to them. This product cannot be used in direct ultra-violet light. See page 3 for details.
- Cover the unit or take other measures when using it in locations where it might be subject to excessive dust, dripping water, dripping oil, etc.
- 5. Do not exceed the specified volume of water for the product. The water droplets may splash into the secondary side. See page ⁽¹⁾ for information about separation characteristics.
- 6. If mist or condensation forms in the product, it may splash into the secondary side.

Operating environment and medium

- Usable medium
- 1. Use cleaned air (filtered to below 40 μ m) for the medium. If you are considering using something other than cleaned air, contact the nearest Koganei sales office or overseas department.
- 2. Air that is mixed with oil or solids cannot be used.



Using air that contains oil or solids may cause the product to stop functioning, may lower performance, or shorten the service life.



Mounting and Piping





1. Install in a location where the air supply and the ambient temperature is under 60 °C [140 °F].

as close as to the using pneumatic equipment.

- Install vertically so the piping connection portion is up and the drain outlet is down.
- **3.** Allow enough space to easily do maintenance tasks, such as turning the guard button and attaching and removing the bowl.
- Tighten the mounting ring to less than 3.0 N·m when installing the bracket.
- Connect the piping so the air flows in the direction of the arrow (flow mark) on the product. The water removal function will be ineffective if the flow is reversed.



6. Do not place any weight of the product's piping or apply excessive torque on the product. When tightening the piping, hold the main unit and tighten it to the torque recommended in the diagram below.

Recommended	tightening	torque

	9			
Connecting thread	1/8	1/4	3/8	1/2
Torque	7~9 [5.2~6.6]	12~14 [8.9~10.3]	22~24 [16.2~17.7]	28~30 [20.7~22.1]
				· ·

N+m [ft+lbf]

Large moment and vibration are easily transmitted from steel or nonflexible piping, place a flexible hose between the product and the piping to prevent this from affecting the product.

Periodic maintenance

Bowl

- Do periodic inspections to look for cracks, scratches, or other deterioration in the bowl (clear plastic part).
- **3.** Replace the bowl with a new one if it becomes dirty or the transparency is reduced. To wash the bowl, use diluted household neutral detergent to wash it and then rinse it off with water.
- Remove and replace the bowl as shown in the diagram below (release all pressure from inside the product before starting work).



Drain cock

- If the volume of water is greater than that shown in the left side diagram below, the water removal function is greatly reduced. Be sure to drain before the water volume reaches the level shown in the left side diagram below. Turn the drain cock with your hand in the case.
- **2.** A tube with an inner diameter of $\phi 4$ [0.157 in] can be attached to the drain cock. Make sure the drain cock is closed (locked) before attaching the tube. Do not allow tubing to become severely bent or twisted in the vicinity of the fitting. Lateral force may damage the fitting. Do not point the pipe upward and use a pipe that is under 5 m [16.4 ft].
- 3. If you are using the auto-drain type, the water that collects on the primary side is flushed all at once. If collected water exceeds the maximum level in the right of the diagram below, it could lead to a malfunction. Be careful that it does not exceed the maximum level.



rotate it firmly until it clicks

and locks.

the fitting straight across, and insert completely and securely as shown in the diagram. Also, after installing it, lightly pull it to confirm that it does not come out.

Whirling air components

- 1. Dust collecting in the whirling air components reduces the separation function. If this happens, disassemble and wash the product to remove the dust as shown in the diagram below (release all pressure from inside the product before starting work).
- Use a Seal Kit to replace the o-rings when reassembling the whirling air components. See page (9) for information about ordering Seal Kits.



Assembly method

Reassemble according to the following procedure.

- ① Insert the fins into the conical tube and press them in with your hand.
- 2 Attach a new o-ring (small) to the pass tube.
- 3 Fit the pass tube to the fins (fit it so it touches the seating of the fins).
- ④ Replace the two o-rings (large) and connect the conical tube to the main unit.



Explanation of operation of auto drain system



•About the chemical resistance of polycarbonate

The chemicals in the following table degrade polycarbonate. They may damage the bowl and cause an accident. Do not allow the following chemicals into the compressed air or the environment around the product, do not allow them to contact the product. This does not mean that polycarbonate is chemically resistant to all chemicals not listed below.

Туре	Classification	Chemical name	Application example
	Acid	Hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, fluorine, phosphoric acid, chromic acid	Coating processing, acid degreasing, and pickling of metals
Inorganic compound Alkali		Caustic soda, caustic potash, hydrated lime, aqueous ammonia, sodium carbonate	Alkaline degreasing of metals
	Inorganic salt	Sodium sulfide, potassium nitrate, potassium dichromate, sodium nitrate	Dyes, rust inhibitor
	Aromatic hydrocarbons	Benzene, toluene, xylene, ethylbenzene, styrene	Paint thinner (benzene, toluene, xylene)
	Chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbonsMethyl chloride, ethylene chloride, methylene chloride, acetylene chloride, chloroform, trichlene, tetrachloroethylene, carbon tetrachloride		Organic solvents for metal cleaning (trichlene, tetrachloroethylene, carbon tetrachloride)
	Chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons Chlorobenzene, dichlorobenzene, benzene hexachloride (BHC)		Agricultural chemicals
	Petroleum components Solvent, naphtha, gasoline		Fuel
Alcohol		Methyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol, cyclohexanol, benzyl alcohol	Anti-freezing agents
Phenol		Carbolic acid, cresol, naphthol	Antiseptic solutions
Organic compounds	Organic compounds Ether Methyl ether, methylethyl ether, ethyl ether		Brake fluid additive, detergent
	Ketones	Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, cyclohexane, acetophenone	Cleaning solutions
	Carboxylic acid	Formic acid, acetic acid, butyl acid, acrylic acid, oxalic acid, phthalic acid	Dyes, aluminum processing solution (oxalic acid), paint base (phthalic acid)
	Phthalic acid ester	Dimethyl phthalate (DMP), diethyl phthalate (DEP), dibutyl phthalate (DBP), dioctyl phthalate (DOP)	Lubricants, synthetic hydraulic fluids, rust inhibitor additives, synthetic resin plasticizer
Oxyacid		Glycolic acid, lactic acid, malic acid, citric acid, tartaric acid	Food preservatives, acidifiers
	Nitro compounds	Nitromethane, nitroethene, nitro ethylene, nitrobenzene	Paint medium, explosives
	Amine	Methylamine, dioctylamine, ethylamine, aniline, acetanilide	Brake fluid additive
	Nitrile	Acetonitrile, acrylonitrile, benzonitrile	Nitrile rubber materials

iB-Cyclone

IBCY30, IBCY40, IBCY50

Symbol



Auto drain type



Specifications

Item	Model	IBCY30	IBCY40	IBCY50
Medium			Air (Air containing no oil or solids)	
Port size	Rc	1/8, 1/4	1/8, 1/4, 3/8	1/4, 3/8, 1/2
Maximum operating pres	sure MPa [psi]		1.0 [145]	
Proof pressure	MPa [psi]		1.5 [218]	
Operating temperature range	(ambient and medium) °C [°F]	0~60 [32~140]		
Water separation rate Note	1 %	99 or more		
Water collection volume	(for -N) mℓ	13 16 27		
Maximum flow rate Note 2	ℓ /min [ft³/min] (ANR)	850 [30.0] 1500 [53.0] 2800 [98.8]		
Materials used in major Bowl		Die cast aluminum alloy		
		Polycarbonate		
parts	Bracket	Steel plate (electroless nickel plated)		
Mass (standard product, r	naximum port size) kg [oz]] 0.15 [5.3] 0.20 [7.1] 0.30 [10.6]		
Options		Bracket		

Note 1: According to Koganei measurement conditions.

2: Maximum flow rate in an environment with 0.5 MPa [73 psi] and 0.1 MPa [14.5 psi] pressure drop (maximum port size piping). Check the graphs of characteristics on each 🛈 page when making a decision.

Order Codes



Body size
30 — for IBCY30
40 — for IBCY40
50 — for IBCY50



Note: The maximum amount of water removed from a volume of air in a process depends on the conditions of usage (this graph is not a guarantee). Use it as a guideline for your selection.

Pressure drop

0 1

1 m ℓ /min = 3.53 x 10⁻⁵ ft³/min, 1 & /min = 0.0353 ft³/min

Flow rate characteristics











1000

Flow rate

2000 ℓ/min (ANR)

IBCY50-02 MPa 0.15 0.5MPa 0.3MPa Maximum 0.7MPa flow rate Pressure drop 0.1 0.1MPa 0.05 0 1000 2000 3000 ℓ/min (ANR)

Flow rate

IBCY50-03







1 MPa = 145 psi $1 \ \ell$ /min = 0.0353 ft³/min





8Z-CBK

Bracket



Mounting ring



Limited Warranty

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Warranty Period	The warranty period is 180 days from the date of delivery.
Koganei Responsibility	If a defect in material or workmanship is found during the warranty period, KOGANEI CORP. will replace any part proved defective under normal use free of charge and will provide the service necessary to replace such a part.
Limitations	• This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, and is limited to the original cost of the product and shall not include any transportation fee, the cost of installation or any liability for direct, indirect or consequential damage or delay resulting from the defects.

- KOGANEI CORP. shall in no way be liable or responsible for injuries or damage to persons or property arising out of the use or operation of the manufacturer's product.
- This warranty shall be void if the engineered safety devices are removed, made inoperative or not periodically checked for proper functioning.
- Any operation beyond the rated capacity, any improper use or application, or any improper installation of the product, or any substitution upon it with parts not furnished or approved by KOGANEI CORP., shall void this warranty.
- This warranty covers only such items supplied by KOGANEI CORP. The products of other manufacturers are covered only by such warranties made by those original manufacturers, even though such items may have been included as the components.

The specifications are subject to change without notice.

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Solenoid Valves F Series Easy Assembly Type Easy Assembly Type Easy Assembly Type Manifold

A new connector type manifold has been added to the F10/F15 series solenoid values.

This allows for easy addition, removal, and assembly, as the internal wiring is connected simply by linking the manifold bases.

Direction conversion is possible without connector disassembly. A knob can be turned 90 degrees to change the direction of the wiring.

Negative common specifications type can also be selected.



Internal wiring connector
 Connecting rod

The degree of freedom has been increased for supply/exhaust ports. With one-side piping, the position of fitting blocks can be switched between left and right.

Base piping and direct piping changes are also possible, as before.

An optional stop valve can be selected for the non-plug-in type.

Connector wiring

For both single wiring and double wiring, simply connecting a valve base assembly enables the valve signals on the wiring side to be assigned in order. No wiring work is required at all.

Internal wiring example



(with single wiring and double wiring mixed)

Internal wiring connectors



Internal wiring connector

Method for adding and removing manifolds (see page 36 and page 37 for details)

 Remove the connecting screw from the right end block. (If there is a DIN rail, loosen the DIN rail fixing screw.)



③ Remove the valve from the connecting rod.



②Disassemble the manifold into two sides while pushing the lever on the DIN bracket. (only when there is a DIN bracket)



- When adding:Install the connecting rod included with the valve to add, and insert the valve to add.
- (5) When removing: Remove the valve, and switch the connecting rod to the new length.
- (6) Return the right end block to its original position and tighten the connecting screw. Then, tighten the DIN rail fixing screw.

Two installation methods available

Select either DIN rail mounting or direct mounting (using the four main unit mounting holes).





The intermediate piping block can now be selected when ordering.



- •Reduce risk of flow rate shortage.
- •Three different air pressures can be supplied by using port isolators.

Easy Assembly Type Manifold Non-Plug-in Type (F10/F15)

Enables easy addition or removal of manifold blocks. Direct mounting (mounting without DIN rail) is selectable.



Easy Assembly Type Manifold Plug-in Type (F10/F15)

Manifold conforms to reducing wiring work, and enables easy addition or removal of manifold blocks. Direct mounting (mounting without DIN rail) is selectable.

Combination use of five wiring specifications offers more effective wiring savings.



Wiring Specifications(F10/F15)



Flat cable connectortop surface (vertical) wiring type Note



Photograph shows D-sub connector.



Flat cable connector side surface (horizontal) wiring type Note

For the flat cable connector and D-sub connector, the no power supply terminal type is also available.



D-sub connector top surface (vertical) wiring type Note



D-sub connector side surface (horizontal) wiring type Note



Terminal block

Note: You can easily change the connector direction. Patent pending



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Easy Assembly Type Manifold Serial Transmission Type (F10/F15)

Contraction of the	111
and in	

For CC-Link
For CompoNet
For DeviceNet
For EtherCAT
For EtherNet/IP

*For details, see p. 42-44.



For EtherCAT For EtherNet/IP

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4. Crimping of lead wire and contact

To crimp lead wires into contacts, strip off 4 mm [0.16 in.] of the insulation from the end of the lead wire, insert it into the contact, and crimp it. Be sure to avoid catching the insulation on the exposed wire crimping section.



Cautions: 1. Do not pull hard on the lead wire.

For crimping of lead wire and contact, always use a dedicated tool.

Contact: Model 706312-2MK Manufactured by Sumiko Tech, Inc. Crimping tool: Model F1 (for 706312-2MK) Manufactured by Sumiko Tech, Inc.

5. Common connector assembly

Using a common connector assembly for solenoid valves for a manifold provides common wiring for all the solenoid valves and greatly reduces wiring work.

The common connector assembly types are determined by looking at them from the lead wire side; the right end one is A type, the left end one is C type, and all the others are B type (see the illustration below).

For positive common



For negative common

You can order the separately sold common connector assembly for use with negative common specification.

Note: Cannot be used with the conventional series (black coil).

Single solenoid valve Double solenoid valve A type A type Common wire (-) (Black) Common wire (-) (Black) Common wire (-) (Black) Figure 6

If ordering the common connector assembly, order from the common connector assemblies listed below.



Caution: Exercise caution that this is not dust-proof and drip-proof specification.

Connector

Cap



3-port valves

While the F series is a 5-port valve (excluding tandem 3-port valve), it can be used as a normally closed (NC) or normally open (NO) 3-port valve by plugging one of either outlet port 4(A) or 2(B). In this case, leave the exhaust ports 3(R2) and 5(R1) open for use. It can also be used as a double solenoid type 3-port valve.

When using a single use fitting block or female thread block for 3-port

In the F10 and F15 series, a single use fitting block and female thread block for 3-port with one plugged port can be selected at the time of order. (Note: Not available for F18 series.)



When using a plug

The F10, F15, and F18 series can be used as either a normally closed (NC) or normally open (NO) 3-port valve by plugging either outlet port of 4(A) or 2(B).





Attaching and removing valves

To remove the valve body from the sub-base or manifold, loosen the valve mounting screws (2 places), and lift it up in the direction of the arrow (see the illustration at right). To install it, reverse the above procedure. The recommended tightening torques for the valve mounting screws are as shown below.



* Illustration shows the F10 series (split manifold).

※ Illustration shows the F10 series (sp	blit manifold). N·cm [in·lbf]
Series	Recommended tightening torque
F10	17.6 [1.6]
F15	49.0 [4.3]
F18	49.0 [4.3]

Precautions for using manifold

Observe the following precautions when using the split type, split type serial transmission type, easy assembly type and easy assembly type serial transmission type (except for the monoblock manifold and PC board manifold).

• When using the direct piping type manifold

Avoid using valves at an operating frequency exceeding 2 Hz, as such use can result in heat-related breakdowns.

When using the base piping type manifold

When plugs have been attached on the 4(A) and/or 2(B) ports, avoid using valves at an operating frequency exceeding 2 Hz, as such use can result in heat-related breakdowns.

Stop valve usage procedure (F10, F15 series)

Mount a stop valve on a manifold to stop the air supply to valves on the individual station. For the operation procedure, use a small screwdriver or the hand to press down and rotate the stop valve manual knob clockwise 90 degrees to lock in place, shutting off the air supply. In the locked position, rotate the stop valve manual knob counterclockwise 90 degrees, and air pressure returns the stop valve manual knob to its original position, releasing the lock. Note that use of the stop valve reduces the flow rate volume by about 30%.

Stop valve manual knob





Stop valve manual knob is locked, and air supply shut off.

1. Do not disassemble the stop valve. Cautions:

- 2. When using a stop valve to remove the valve, be careful of residual pressure in the affected station.
- 3. When using a stop valve to remove the valve, be aware that exhaust from other stations can be exhausted through the stop valve's exhaust hole. If this will cause a problem during use, when ordering the manifold, select the back pressure prevention valve (-E1).
- 4. To use a stop valve in combination with a back pressure prevention valve, select the combination when ordering the manifold. The back pressure prevention valve (F1 2-E1) in additional parts cannot be installed after purchase
- 5. Do not release the locked stop valve manual knob when valves have been removed by using the stop valve.

Port isolator

In the split manifold and the easy assembly type, installing port isolators to the 1(P), 3(R2) and 5(R1) ports between each station isolates the air path between stations equipped with port isolators and stations with smaller station numbers. However, a piping block must be placed on both ends.

Port isola (Model:	tor for the 1 (P) port — Split manifold Easy assembly type	F□Z-SP F□ZX-XSP)	- Can supply two different pressures
Port isola (Model:	tors for the 3 (R2), 5 (R1 Split manifold Easy assembly type) ports F_Z-SR F_ZX-XSR)	Can isolate exhaust air (prevents exhaust inter- ference)
 Port isola (Model: * denote 	tors for the 1 (P), 3 (R2), Split manifold Easy assembly type as valve size.	5 (R1) ports F Z-SA F ZX-XSA)	Can supply two different pressures, and can isolate exhaust air (prevents exhaust interfer- ence)





SR: Port isolators for the 3 (R2), 5 (R1) ports

Split manifold [F18 series]





Caution: Installing port isolators requires the disassembly and re-assembly of manifolds. See the disassembly illustration, unit adding procedure, and cautions on p.30-37.

However, since the F18 series serial transmission compatible manifold cannot be disassembled, port isolators cannot be installed on it after purchase.

Precautions for the use of individual air supply and exhaust spacers

By mounting an individual air supply or exhaust spacer on the manifold, the air supply or exhaust can be operated individually on the unit. It is also effective in preventing erratic operation due to back pressure. Caution should be exercised when spacers are used, as the effective area is reduced by about 30%. If mounting additional spacers to an existing unit, observe the following items:

Spacer mounting procedure (F10 split manifold, F10 and F15 easy assembly type)

- Loosen the valve mounting screws where the individual air supply or exhaust spacer will be installed, and remove the valve.
- ② Install the gaskets and exhaust valve provided with the individual air supply or exhaust spacer, and use the mounting screws provided to secure the valve on the manifold (see Fig. 7).
- Remark: When attaching fittings to the F10 spacer, use the recommended fittings shown below: TSH4-M5M, TSH4-M5, TSH6-M5M, TS4-M50, TS4-M5M

Spacer mounting procedure (F15 and F18 split manifold)

- ① Loosen the valve mounting screws where the individual air supply or exhaust spacer will be installed, and remove the valve.
- (2) Open the cover of the manifold, and pull out the plug-in connector in the near side direction (for the plug-in type) (see Fig. 8).
- ③ Insert the plug-in connector firmly into the connector attaching section of the individual air supply or exhaust spacer, and then close the cover, while watching to ensure that the lead wires are not caught by the cover (for the plug-in type) (see Fig. 9).
- ④ Attach the gasket and exhaust valve provided with the individual air supply or exhaust spacer, and use the mounting screws provided to mount the valve on the manifold.

Cautions: Locations where the spacers are mounted make the valve height higher by the height of the spacer (see the dimensions below).

Muffler for the individual exhaust spacer

A muffler for the individual exhaust spacer is available. For dimensions, see p.129, 225, and 263.



• Dimensions Unit: mm [in.]

F10Z-N (For F10 series) Mass 7 g [0.25 oz.] **F10ZX-XN** (For F10 easy assembly type)



 F15Z-N
 (For F15 series) Mass 26 g [0.92 oz.]

 F15ZX-XN
 (For F15 easy assembly type)



F18Z-N (For F18 series) Mass 41 g [1.45 oz.] 94[0.370](\$\$) Fitting(\$\$,\$\$\$010] 175[0.689](\$10] 103.5 [4.075]





F10Z-P (For F10 series) Mass 9 g [0.32 oz.] **F10ZX-XP** (For F10 easy assembly type)



F15Z-P (For F15 series) Mass 29 g [1.02 oz.]







F18Z-P (For F18 series) Mass 44 g [1.55 oz.]



F10 and F15 Series Disassembly Diagram of Easy Assembly Type Manifold Non-Plug-in Type



Manifold Unit Adding Procedure (F10 and F15 Series Easy Assembly Type)

Adding a valve base unit (use the same procedure for adding an intermediate piping block) <When using a DIN rail>

- ① Loosen the DIN rail fixing screws (4 locations) on both sides of the piping block in advance, to a degree which enables the manifold to slide on the DIN rail. (see Fig.1)
- (2) Loosen the connecting screws (two locations) on the right side of the piping block. (see Fig.2)
- ③ Divide the manifold in the location where the valve base unit will be added, and remove it from the connecting rod.
- ④ Install the connecting rod included with the valve base assembly to add to the connecting rod of the manifold.
- (5) Install the valve base assembly to add in the required location through the connecting rod, and enclose the valve base assembly on both sides.
- (6) Tighten the connecting screws (two locations) on the right side of the piping block. Tightening torque: F10 58.8 N · cm [5.2 in · lbf] F15 147 N · cm [13.0 in · lbf]
- ⑦ Confirm that the hook of the DIN rail mounting bracket is securely caught, and tighten the DIN rail fixing screws (4 locations). (see Fig.4) Tightening torque: 147 N cm [13.0 in lbf]

Note: Always follow the steps shown in Fig.3 when tightening the DIN rail fixing screws.

<For direct mounting>

- ① Loosen the connecting screws (2 locations) on the right side of the piping block. (see Fig.2)
- (2) Divide the manifold in the location where the valve base unit will be added, and remove it from the connecting rod.
- ③ Install the connecting rod included with the valve base assembly to add to the connecting rod of the manifold.
- 4 Install the valve base assembly to add in the required location through the connecting rod, and enclose
- the valve base assembly on both sides.(5) Tighten the connecting screws (two locations) on the right side of the piping block.
- Tightening torque: F10 58.8 N · cm [5.2 in · lbf] F15 147 N · cm [13.0 in · lbf]
- (6) Tighten the fixing screws (provided by the customer). Tightening torque: 74.5 N · cm [6.6 in · lbf] (for both the F10 and F15)

[Caution]

Before supplying air to the manifold, always confirm that the tightening of the connecting screws. Insufficient tightening is dangerous because it may cause air leaks or accidents.







**To remove the piping block assembly from the DIN rail, loosen the DIN rail fixing screws, and push in the L-shaped fixture.



F10 and F15 Series Disassembly Diagram of Easy Assembly Type Manifold Plug-in Type



Manifold Unit Adding Procedure (F10 and F15 Series Easy Assembly Type)

Adding a valve base unit (use the same procedure for adding an intermediate piping block)

<When using a DIN rail>

- ① Loosen the DIN rail fixing screws (4 locations) on both sides of the piping block in advance, to a degree which enables the manifold to slide on the DIN rail. (see Fig.1)
- (2) Loosen the connecting screws (two locations) on the right side of the piping block. (see Fig.2)
- ③ Divide the manifold in the location where the valve base unit will be added, and remove it from the connecting rod.
- 4 Install the connecting rod included with the valve base assembly to add to the connecting rod of the manifold.
- (5) Install the valve base assembly to add in the required location through the connecting rod, and enclose the valve base assembly on both sides.
- ⑥ Tighten the connecting screws (two locations) on the right side of the piping block. Tightening torque: F10 58.8 N ⋅ cm [5.2 in ⋅ lbf] F15 147 N ⋅ cm [13.0 in ⋅ lbf]
- ⑦ Confirm that the hook of the DIN rail mounting bracket is securely caught, and tighten the DIN rail fixing screws (4 locations). (see Fig.4) Tightening torque: 147 N · cm [13.0 in · lbf]

Note: Always follow the steps shown in Fig.3 when tightening the DIN rail fixing screws.

- <For direct mounting>
- ① Loosen the connecting screws (2 locations) on the right side of the piping block. (see Fig.2)
- ② Divide the manifold in the location where the valve base unit will be added, and remove it from the connecting rod.
- ③ Install the connecting rod included with the valve base assembly to add to the connecting rod of the manifold.
- ④ Install the valve base assembly to add in the required location through the connecting rod, and enclose the valve base assembly on both sides.
 ⑤ Tichton the connecting corrue (two locations) on the right side of the sining block
- ⑤ Tighten the connecting screws (two locations) on the right side of the piping block. Tightening torque: F10 58.8 N ⋅ cm [5.2 in ⋅ lbf] F15 147 N ⋅ cm [13.0 in ⋅ lbf]
- (6) Always follow the steps shown in Fig.3 when tightening the fixing screws.

[Caution]

- Before supplying air to the manifold, always confirm that the tightening of the connecting screws. Insufficient tightening is dangerous because it may cause air leaks or accidents.
- When adding a valve base unit, be aware that the pin locations will change if it is not inserted in the final station.

The pin locations are the same for an intermediate piping block, regardless of the station.







Piping block assembly

Use hooks on both sides to

secure the DIN rail in place

DIN rail fixing screw

F10 SERIES Specifications

Specifications

Basic Models and Valve Functions

Basic model	F10□T0	F10□T1 F10□T2	F10□T3 F10□T4 F10□T5	F10□TA F10□TB F10□TC
Number of positions	2 pos	sitions	3 positions	4 positions
Number of ports		5		Tandem 3-port
Valve function	Single solenoid only	Both single and double solenoid use	Closed center, Exhaust center, Pressure center	NC/NC, NO/NO, NC/NO

Remark: For the optional specifications and order codes, see p.44-71.

Specifications

Item		Basic model	F10□T0 F10□T1 F10□T2	F10□T3 F10□T4 F10□T5	F10⊡TA F10⊡TB F10⊡TC	F10□T0G F10□T1G F10□T2G	F10□T3G F10□T4G F10□T5G	F10□T0V F10□T1V F10□T2V	F10□T3V
Media						Air			
Operatio	n type		I	nternal pilot type	•	External pilot type (for	or positive pressure)	External pilot ty	pe (for vacuum)
Flow rate	Sonic conduct	ance C dm ³ /(s · bar) Note1	0.97	0.93	0.75	0.97	0.93	0.97	0.93
characteristics	Effective area	Note2 mm ² (Cv)	4.8 (0.27)	4.6 (0.25)	3.7 (0.21)	4.8 (0.27)	4.6 [0.25]	4.8 (0.27)	4.6 (0.25)
Port size	Note3			M5×0.8,	10-32UNF, dual	use fitting for ϕ	4 and ϕ 6, Rc1/8	3, NPT1/8	
Lubrication				Not required					
Operatin	g pressure	Main valve	0.2~0.7 MPa [29~102 psi.] 0~0.7 MPa [0~102 psi.] Note4			-100 kPa~0.15 MPa [-29.53 in.Hg~22 psi.]		
range		External pilot	0.2~0.7 MPa [29~102 psi.] Note4 0.2~0.7 MPa [29~102 psi.]						
Proof pre	essure	MPa [psi.]				1.05 [152]			
Respons	e time Note5	12VDC, 24VDC	15/15(20) or below	15/20 (25) or below	15/20 (25) or below	15/15 (20) or below	15/20 (25) or below	15/15 (20) or below	15/20 (25) or below
ON/OFF	- ms	100VAC	15/15 or below	15/20 or below		15/15 or below	15/20 or below	15/15 or below	15/20 or below
Maximur	m operating f	frequency Hz				5			
Minimum ti	me to energize f	or self holding Note6 ms	50			50		50	
Operating te	mperature range (a	atmosphere and media) $^{\circ}C$ [$^{\circ}F$]			ł	5~50 [41~122]			
Shock re	esistance	m/s ² [G]				294.2 [30]			
Mountin	g direction					Any			

Notes: 1. For details, see the flow rate characteristics on p.108. 2. The effective area is a calculated value, and not a measured value. 3. For details, see the port size on p.107.

4. When the main valve pressure is 0.2~0.7 MPa [29~102 psi.], set the external pilot pressure to the main valve pressure or higher, and 0.7 MPa [102 psi.] or less.

Remark: Specification values are based on Koganei test standards.

Notes: 5. Values when air pressure is 0.5 MPa [73 psi.]. For switching phase timing in the AC specification, add a maximum of 5 ms to the response time. The values for 2-position valves are those when used as a single solenoid, and the values for 3-position valves are those when switching from the neutral position of closed center. Values in parentheses () are for low-current type. 6. When used as a double solenoid valve. Excludes **TO**.

Solenoid Specifications

~								
Item	Rated voltage	12VDC	24VDC (Standard type)	24VDC (Low-current type)	100	VAC	120	VAC
Voltage range	۷	10.8~13.2 (12±10%)	21.6~26.4 (24±10%)	21.6~26.4 (24±10%)	90~ (100±	110 10%)	108~ (120±	~132 :10%)
Rated frequency	Hz	_	—	—	50	60	50	60
ि Current (when rated voltage is app	lied) mA (r.m.s)	33	17	—	8	}	8.	3
Power consumption	W	0.4	0.4	_	0.8	VA	1 \	/A
은 Current	Starting mA			17				
(when rated voltage is applied	ed) Holding mA	—	—	4.2			—	
Power consumption	Starting W			0.4				
	Holding W	—	—	0.1	1 —		_	
Starting time (standard	i) ms	—	—	70	_	-	_	-
Allowable leakage curren	t mA	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.	0	1.	0
Type of insulation		Туре В						
Insulation resistance Note1	lation resistance Note1 MQ Over 100							
Color of LED indicator Note2				SA) : Red, 12(SB) : Gre	een			
Surge suppression (as stand	lard)	Surge absorp	tion transistor	Flywheel diode		Bridge	diode	

Notes: 1. Value at 500VDC megger.

2. The color of the TO indicator is red only.

Remark: Specification values are based on Koganei test standards.

How to obtain cylinder speed Maximum operating speed MPa 0.7 mm/s 1200 Cylinder stroke 1000 0.5 Maximum operating speed Valve outlet pressure 0.4 800 0.3 ¢20 [0.787 in.] ¢25 [0.984 in.] ¢32 [1.260 in.] ¢40 [1.575 in.] 600 0.2 400 t1 t2 t3 Time 0.1 φ50 [1.969 in.] 200 Cylinder stops 0 Solenoid valve Cylinder starts Cushion impact energized С 10 20 30 30 40 50 Load ratio 60 70 1 mm/s = 0.0394 in./sec. Measuring conditions Delay time ●Air pressure : 0.5 MPa [73 psi.] s 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.5 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 ● Piping (outer diameter × inner diameter × length) : $\phi 6 \times \phi 4 \times 1000$ mm [39 in.] ●Fitting: Quick fitting TS6-01 Delay time Load ●Load ratio= Cylinder theoretical thrust ●Cylinder stroke : 150 mm [5.91 in.] (%) φ50 [1.969 in.] φ32 [1.260 in.] ,φ40 [1.575 in.] φ25 [0.984 in.] φ20 [0.787 in.] Load 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 0.5 MPa [73 psi.]



1 MPa = 145 psi., 1 ℓ /min = 0.0353 ft.³/min.

How to read the graph

Flow Rate

When the supply pressure is 0.5 MPa [73 psi.] and flow rate is 240R/min [8.47 ft.3/min.] (ANR), the valve outlet pressure becomes 0.4 MPa [58 psi.].

Piping connection diameter

	Description/Piping specification	PR	X (P2)	4 (A), 2 (B)	1(P), 3(R2), 5(R1), 3, 5(R)
	With sub-base	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	Rc1/8, NPT1/8	Rc1/8, NPT1/8
Θ	With female thread block	—	—	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF
ingl unit	With dual use fitting block	_	_	Dual use fitting for $\phi 4$ and $\phi 6$	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF
S _	With single use fitting block	_	_	φ4 or φ6	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF
	Monoblock type with female thread block, and PC board type with female thread block	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	Rc1/8, NPT1/8
	Monoblock type with fitting block, and PC board type with fitting block	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	Dual use fitting for $\phi 4$ and $\phi 6$	Rc1/8, NPT1/8
	Monoblock type with single use fitting block, and PC board type with single use fitting block	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	φ4 or φ6	Rc1/8, NPT1/8
plo	Split type with female thread block, and serial transmission type with female thread block	_	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	Rc1/4, NPT1/4
anifo	Split type with fitting block, and serial transmission type with fitting block	_	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	Dual use fitting for $\phi 4$ and $\phi 6$	Dual use fitting for $\phi 8$ and $\phi 10$
Ň	Split type with single use fitting block, and serial transmission type with single use fitting block	—	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	φ4 or φ6	Single use fitting for $\phi 8$ or $\phi 10$
	Easy assembly type with female thread block, and serial transmission type with female thread block	_	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	Rc1/8, NPT1/8
	Easy assembly type with fitting block, and serial transmission type with fitting block	_	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	Dual use fitting for $\phi 4$ and $\phi 6$	Dual use fitting for $\phi 6$ and $\phi 8$
	Easy assembly type with single use fitting block, and serial transmission type with single use fitting block	_	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	φ4 or φ6	Single use fitting for $\phi 6$ or $\phi 8$



When used as a single unit

	1 (P)→2(B)	/1(P)→4(A)	2(B)→3(R2)/4(A)→5(R1)		
Basic model	Sonic conductance C	Critical pressure ratio	Sonic conductance C	Critical pressure ratio	
	dm³/(s•bar)	b	dm³/(s•bar)	b	
F10 T0-A2					
F10 T1-A2	0.85	0.14	0.85	0.26	
F10 T2-A2					
F10 T3-A2					
F10_T4-A2	0.82	0.13	0.82	0.29	
F10					
F10_TA-A2					
	0.68	0.30	0.69	0.30	
	0.70	0.00	0.50		
	0.73	0.29	0.58	0.47	
F10 T2-F3					
F10 T4-F3	0.69	0.26	0.57	0.46	
F10 T5-F3	0.09	0.20	0.57	0.40	
F10 TA-F3					
F10 TB-F3	0.61	0.28	0.54	0.44	
F10 TC-F3					
F10 T0-F4					
F10 T1-F4	0.54	0.39	0.53	0.37	
F10 T2-F4					
F10 T3-F4					
F10 T4-F4	0.53	0.43	0.51	0.34	
F10 T5-F4					
F10 TA-F4					
F10 TB-F4	0.50	0.32	0.50	0.30	
F10 TC-F4					

	1 (P)→2(B)	/1(P)→4(A)	2(B)→3(R2)	$2(B) \rightarrow 3(R2)/4(A) \rightarrow 5(R1)$		
Basic model	Sonic conductance C dm ³ /(s•bar)	Critical pressure ratio b	Sonic conductance C dm ³ /(s•bar)	Critical pressure ratio b		
F10 T0-F5						
F10 T1-F5	0.57	0.39	0.54	0.38		
F10 T2-F5						
F10 T3-F5						
F10 T4-F5	0.57	0.41	0.54	0.40		
F10 T5-F5						
F10 TA-F5						
F10 TB-F5	0.53	0.33	0.51	0.31		
F10 TC-F5						
F10 T0-F6						
F10 T1-F6	0.64	0.47	0.56	0.42		
F10 T2-F6						
F10 T3-F6						
F10 T4-F6	0.61	0.42	0.56	0.40		
F10 T5-F6						
F10 TA-F6						
F10 TB-F6	0.57	0.34	0.52	0.40		
F10 TC-F6						

Note: For **-F4**, value assumes **TS6-M5M** is mounted on the piping port.

• When mounted on a manifold

Mai	nifold model	Monoblock ma F10M	anifold F type] F (FP)	Monoblock m F10M	anifold A type] A (AP)	Split m F10M □	anifold N (P) (S)	Easy assembly F10M	v type manifold (N (P) (S)
		$1~(P) \rightarrow 2~(B)/1~(P) \rightarrow 4~(A)$	$2~(\text{B}) \rightarrow 3~(\text{R2})/4~(\text{A}) \rightarrow 5~(\text{R1})$	$1~(P) \rightarrow 2~(B)/1~(P) \rightarrow 4~(A)$	$2~(\text{B}) \rightarrow 3~(\text{R2})/4~(\text{A}) \rightarrow 5~(\text{R1})$	$1~(P) \rightarrow 2~(B)/1~(P) \rightarrow 4~(A)$	$2~(\text{B}) \rightarrow 3~(\text{R2})/4~(\text{A}) \rightarrow 5~(\text{R1})$	$1~(P) \rightarrow 2~(B)/1~(P) \rightarrow 4~(A)$	$2~(B) \rightarrow 3~(R2)/4~(A) \rightarrow 5~(R1)$
Valve type		Sonic conductance	C dm ³ /(s/bar)	Sonic conductance	C dm ³ /(s/bar)	Sonic conductance	C dm ³ /(s/bar)	Sonic conductance	C dm ³ /(s/bar)
F10 T0									
F10 T1		0.84	0.82	0.75	0.76	0.97	0.93	1.06	1.00
F10 T2	Outlet port								
F10 T3	fitting for ϕ								
F10 T4	4 and $\phi 6$	0.83	0.78	0.73	0.72	0.93	0.89	0.99	0.95
F10	the cases								
F10_TA_	of <i>φ</i> 6.								
F10_TB_		0.70	0.70	0.64	0.66	0.75	0.73	0.82	0.84
		0.00	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.70	0.70	0.04	0.70
		0.66	0.72	0.63	0.69	0.72	0.79	0.84	0.79
	Output port	0.65	0.70	0.60	0.67	0.70	0.77	0.92	0.80
	φ4 fitting	0.05	0.70	0.02	0.07	0.70	0.77	0.02	0.80
		0.60	0.64	0.56	0.62	0.63	0.67	0.73	0.74
		0.00	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.07	0.70	0.7 1
F10									
F10□T1□		0.72	0.81	0.67	0.73	0.80	0.83	0.88	0.86
F10 T2									
F10 T3									
F10 T4		0.71	0.73	0.66	0.69	0.78	0.80	0.84	0.85
F10 T5	φ6 fitting								
F10 TA									
F10 TB		0.64	0.66	0.58	0.63	0.68	0.69	0.72	0.75
F10 TC									

Notes: 1. When the individual air supply spacer or the individual air exhaust spacer, the back pressure prevention valve, or the stop valve is used, sonic conductance decreases by about 30%.

2. For the flow rate characteristics of other outlet ports, consult us.

Remark: Specification values are based on Koganei test standards.

Single Valve Unit Mass

Single Valve Unit Mass g [oz.								
F10_T	F10□T□□-A1	F10□T□□-A2	F10□T□□-FJ	F10_TFJ5	F10_TFJ6			
Outlet portion	Outlet portion	Outlet portion	Outlet portion With dual use	Outlet portion	Outlet portion			
None	With plate	With plate	fitting block	With $\phi 4$ fitting block	With $\phi 6$ fitting block			
Inlet portion	Inlet portion	Inlet portion	Inlet portion	Inlet portion	Inlet portion			
None	None	With A type sub-base	None	None	None			
44 [1.55]	47 [1.66]	116 [4.09]	55 [1.94]	57 [2.01]	60 [2.12]			

				g [oz.]
F10 T FM	F10_TF3	F10□T□□-F4	F10□T□□-F5	F10□T□□-F6
Outlet portion	Outlet portion	Outlet portion	Outlet portion	Outlet portion
With female thread block	fitting block	With female thread block	With $\phi 4$ fitting block	With $\phi 6$ fitting block
Inlet portion	Inlet portion	Inlet portion	Inlet portion	Inlet portion
None	With female thread block	With female thread block	With female thread block	With female thread block
51 [1.80]	62 [2.19]	58 [2.05]	64 [2.26]	67 [2.36]

Basic Type F10 T0 is 10 g [0.35 oz.] less than the mass shown above.

Monoblock Manifold Mass (single valve unit included)

		Mass calculation of each unit						
Monoblock manifold		4(A), 2(B) ports outlet specifications						
	Female	thread block	Dual use	e fitting block	φ4 fi	tting block	φ6 fi	tting block
A type	(97×n)+79	[(3.42×n)+2.79]	(101×n)+79	[(3.56×n)+2.79]	(103×n)+79	[(3.63×n)+2.79]	(106×n)+79	[(3.74×n)+2.79]
F type	F type (71×n)+57 [(2.50×n)+2.01] (75×n)+57 [(2.65×n)+2.01] (77×n)+57 [(2.72×n)+2.01] (80×n)+57							[(2.82×n)+2.01]

Additional mass (wire-saving type) Monoblock manifold Wiring specification -F100N, -F101N -F200N, -F201N, -F260N -D250N, -D251N A type 164+4n [5.78+0.14n] 166+4n [5.86+0.14n] 170+4n [6.00+0.14n] F type 112+4n [3.95+0.14n] 114+4n [4.02+0.14n] 118+4n [4.16+0.14n]

Calculation example : F10M8AM

stn.1~stn.8 F10T1-A1-PS DC24V

(97×8)+79 = 855 g [30.16 oz.]

When mounting the block-off plate, subtract 50 g [1.76 oz] per unit from the above calculation result.

When mounting the F10 T0 specification valve, subtract 10 g [0.35 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

PC Board Manifold Mass (single valve unit included)

	Mass calculation of each unit					
PC board manifold		Circuit board and				
	Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	$\phi 4$ fitting block $\phi 6$ fitting block		connector portion	
A type	(97×n)+79 [(3.42×n)+2.7	9] (101×n)+79 [(3.56×n)+2.79]	(103×n)+79 [(3.63×n)+2.79]	(106×n)+79 [(3.74×n)+2.79]	$(0, \forall n) \mid 00 [(0, 07, \forall n) \mid 1, 00]$	
F type	(76×n)+83 [(2.68×n)+2.9	3] (80×n)+83 [(2.82×n)+2.93]	(82×n)+83 [(2.89×n)+2.93]	(85×n)+83 [(3.00×n)+2.93]	[(2×11)+29 [(0.07×11)+1.02]	

Calculation example : F10M8APM-F201-W

stn.1~stn.8 F10T1-A1-PP DC24V

 $(97 \times 8) + 79 + (2 \times 8) + 29 = 900 \text{ g} [31.75 \text{ oz.}]$

When mounting the block-off plate, subtract 50 g [1.76 oz] per unit from the above calculation result.

When mounting the F10_T0 specification valve, subtract 10 g [0.35 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

Optional Parts Mass

Stop valve (-STP): 29 g [023 oz.]

g [oz.]

g [oz.]

g [oz.]

Mass of Split Manifold and Serial Transmission Type

Because the valve and manifold have the same output specifications, their mass is the same. The mass can only be changed by choosing a different type of inlet/outlet block.

Mass of Split Manifold Non-Plug-in Type (single valve unit included) g [oz.]								
	Mass calculation of each unit							
Non-plug-in type	4(A), 2(B) ports outlet specifications							
	Female	thread block	Dual use fitting block		φ6 fit	ting block		
	(75×n)+120	[(2.65×n)+4.23]	(79×n)+120	[(2.79×n)+4.23]	(81×n)+120	[(2.86×n)+4.23]	(84×n)+120	[(2.96×n)+4.23]

			=	
Additional mass				
Piping block specification				
Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	ϕ 8 fitting block	ϕ 10 fitting block	
111 [3.92]	125 [4.41]	149 [5.26]	159 [5.61]	

Calculation example : F10M8N-MR

stn.1~stn.8 F10T1-A1-PS DC24V

(75×8)+120+111=831 g [29.31 oz.]

When mounting the block-off plate, subtract 50 g [1.76 oz] per unit from the above calculation result.

When mounting the F10 T0 specification valve, subtract 10 g [0.35 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

Mass of Split Manifold Plug-in Type/Serial Transmission Type (single valve unit included)

Diver in twee	Mass calculation of each unit				
Plug-in type	4(A), 2(B) ports outlet specifications				
Serial transmission	Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	φ4 fitting block	φ6 fitting block	
compatible manifold	(79×n)+120 [(2.79×n)+4.23]	(83×n)+120 [(2.93×n)+4.23]	(85×n)+120 [(3.00×n)+4.23]	(88×n)+120 [(3.10×n)+4.23]	

			g [oz.]	
Additional mass				
Piping block specification				
Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	ϕ 8 fitting block	ϕ 10 fitting block	
111 [3.92]	125 [4.41]	149 [5.26]	159 [5.61]	

g [oz.]

g [oz.]

g [oz.]

Additional mass				
Wiring block specification				
-F100 , -F101	-F200 , -F201 , -F260	-D250 , -D251	-T200	
32 [1.13]	34 [1.20]	39 [1.38]	110 [3.88]	

			g [oz.]	
Additional mass				
Serial transmission block specification				
Stand-alone type	Integrated type	Integrated type (For EtherCAT)	Integrated type (For EtherNet/IP)	
231 [8.15]	138 [4.87]	100 [3.53]	110 [3.88]	

Calculation example : F10M8PM-MR-F201 DC24V

_

stn.1~stn.8 F10T1-A1 DC24V

(79×8)+120+111+34=897 g [31.64 oz.]

When mounting the block-off plate, subtract 50 g [1.76 oz] per unit from the above calculation result.

When mounting the F10 T0 specification valve, subtract 10 g [0.35 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

Mass of Easy Assembly Type Manifold and Serial Transmission Type Manifold

Mass of Easy Assembly Type Manifold Non-Plug-in Type (single valve unit included)

	Mass calculation of each unit			
Mounting type	Outlet port specifications			
	Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	φ4 fitting block	$\phi 6$ fitting block
No code	(83 x n) + 229 [(2.93 × n) + 8.078]	(87 x n) + 229 [(3.069 × n) + 8.078]	(89 x n) + 229 [(3.139×n) + 8.078]	(92 x n) + 229 [(3.245 × n) + 8.078]
-DN	(83 x n) + 290 [(2.93 × n) + 10.229]	(87 x n) + 290 [(3.069 × n) + 10.229]	(89 x n) + 290 [(3.139 × n) + 10.229]	(92 x n) + 290 [(3.245 × n) + 10.229]
-DR	(85 x n) + 308 [(3.00 × n) + 10.864]	(89 x n) + 308 [(3.139 × n) + 10.864]	(91 x n) + 308 [(3.210 × n) + 10.864]	(94 x n) + 308 [(3.316 × n) + 10.864]

g [oz.]

g [oz.]

	Additional mass				
Fitting specifications	Intake/exhaust outlet				
	Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	ϕ 6 fitting block	φ8 fitting block	
J M	22 [0.776]	32 [1.129]	43 [1.517]	48 [1.693]	
J_D_MD_	26 [0.917]	46 [1.623]	68 [2.399]	78 [2.751]	
J T MT	33 [1.164]	63 [2.222]	96 [3.386]	111 [3.92]	

Calculation example: F10M8XNJ-JR-DR DC24V

stn.1 \sim 8 F10T1-A1-PS DC24V

(89 x 8) + 308 + 32 = 1052 g [37.11 oz.]

When mounting the block-off plate, subtract 50 g [1.76 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

When mounting the F10 T0 specification valve, subtract 10 g [0.35 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

Mass of Easy Assembly Type Manifold Plug-in Type/Serial Transmission Type Manifold (single valve unit included) g [oz.]

	Mass calculation of each unit				
Mounting type	Outlet port specifications				
	Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	φ4 fitting block	ϕ 6 fitting block	
No code	(86 x n) + 227 [(3.034 × n) + 8.007]	(90 x n) + 227 [(3.175 × n) + 8.007]	(92 x n) + 227 [(3.245 × n) + 8.007]	(95 x n) + 227 [(3.351 × n) + 8.007]	
-DN	(86 x n) + 288 [(3.034×n) + 10.159]]	(90 x n) + 288 [(3.175 × n) + 10.159]	(92 x n) + 288 [(3.245 × n) + 10.159]	(95 x n) + 288 [(3.351 × n) + 10.159]	
-DR	(88 x n) + 310 [(3.104 × n) + 10.935]	(92 x n) + 310 [(3.245 × n) + 10.935]	(94 x n) + 310 [(3.316 × n) + 10.935]	(97 x n) + 310 [(3.422 × n) + 10.935]	

				g [oz.]	
		Addition	nal mass		
Fitting specifications	Intake/exhaust outlet				
	Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	$\phi 6$ fitting block	φ8 fitting block	
J M	22 [0.776]	32 [1.129]	43 [1.517]	48 [1.693]	
J_D MD_	26 [0.917]	46 [1.623]	68 [2.399]	78 [2.751]	
J_T_MT_	31 [1.093]	61 [2.152]	94 [3.316]	109 [3.845]	

			g [oz.	
Wiring block specifications				
-F100, -F101	-F200 , -F201 , -F260	-D250 , -D251	-T200	
36 [1.270]	38 [1.340]	43 [1.517]	116 [4.092]	
		g [oz.]		
	Additional mass			

Additional mass						
Serial transmission block specifications (Monoblock)						
For CC-Link, DeviceNet, and CompoNet For EtherCAT For EtherNet/IP						
138 [4.87]	100 [3.53]	110 [3.88]				

Calculation example: F10M8XPJ-JR-F201-DR DC24V

stn.1 \sim 8 F10T1-A1 DC24V

(98 x 8) + 310 + 32 + 38 = 1116 g [39.37 oz.]

When mounting the block-off plate, subtract 50 g [1.76 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

When mounting the F10 T0 specification valve, subtract 10 g [0.35 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

F10 Series Easy Assembly Type Manifold Non-Plug-in Type Order Codes



Notes:1.Up to 20 valves, with one intermediate piping block.

2.Valve mounting location is from the left, with the solenoid on top, and the 4(A), 2(B) ports side in front.

3. When the valve specification is T1 or T2, the manual override lever is placed only on the A side.

4. When selecting J, M, or L (base piping type) for the manifold outlet specification, always enter -A1 (with plate) for the valve outlet type. 5. Port isolators can be installed only when piping blocks are mounted on both sides. In addition, only 1 port isolator can be mounted in 1 manifold for -XSA, or 1 each port isolator for -XSP and -XSR for a total of 2 locations. When shipping, the designated port isolators are mounted between the designated station and the station to its immediate left (the next smaller stn. No.).



^{7.}Cannot be mounted on the internal pilot manifold.

9.Not available with the individual exhaust spacer.

10.Not available in low-current type.

- 11.Not available in low-current type and tandem 3-port valves.
- 13. The IP65 protective structure around an electrical device that prevents the infiltration of solid foreign material and water from outside
- 14. The 3-port specifications are only available in the valve specification T0. T1. and T2.
- 15. Can be selected only when the manifold type is XNH.

F10 ORDER CODES

Not available in external pilot type.

Intermediate piping block

(When mounting an intermediate piping block to the manifold, complete the following type and specify the station specified on page 99.)



Manifold piping specifications	Intermediate piping block
JT	PJ
J5T	PJ5
J6T	PJ6
MT	PM
MTH	PMH

F10 Series Easy Assembly Type Manifold Non-Plug-in Type Additional Parts Order Codes



Notes:1.The fitting of the piping block is included. One set of two connecting rods is also included for a LN and TN type manifold. 2.Port isolator selection only available when the piping block name is TN. 3.Only when the manifold type is LN or RN.

F10 ORDER CODES

Muffler



Fitting size

6: Outer diameter ϕ 6 (for piping block) 8: Outer diameter ϕ 8 (for piping block) (Sales unit: Set of 10 mufflers)

Connecting rod (1 set of 2)

F 10 ZX - 🗔 - 🖸 Valve size 10: 10 mm [0.394 in.] width

Specification

RV : For valve base RH: For left piping block RC: For intermediate piping block

Number of units

 $\mathbf{01}\sim\mathbf{20}$: When type for valve base (RV) is selected

01 : When type for left side piping block (RH) is selected

01 : When type for intermediate piping block (RC) is selected

DIN rail



Rail length

125: 125mm [4.921 in.] : (25 mm [0.984 in.] pitch) 525: 525mm [20.669 in.]

Connector-related order codes

<u>JAZ - F</u>	(for double use only)
Valve	Connector specification
specification For T2 ,T3,	CP : Positive common, connector, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.] (black, red, white, for total of 3 lead wires) CP3 : Positive common, connector, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.] (black, red, white, for total of 3 lead wires)
T4, T5, TA, TB or TC	PA : Positive common A type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* PA3 : Positive common A type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]*
12, 01 10	PB : Positive common B type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* PB3 : Positive common B type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]*
IP Specification	PC : Positive common C type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]*
	CM : Negative common c type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]*
	MA : Negative common, connector, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]*
	MA3: Negative common A type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* MB : Negative common B type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]*
	MB3: Negative common B type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* MC : Negative common C type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]*
	MC3: Negative common C type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* %A common connector assembly.

JAZ0 - P - 🛄 (for single use only)

Valve specification For TO, or T1

IP Specification

Connector specification

CP : Positive common, connector, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.] (black, red, for total of 2 lead wires) CP3 : Positive common, connector, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.] (black, red, for total of 2 lead wires) PA : Positive common A type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* PA3 : Positive common A type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* PB : Positive common B type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* PB3 : Positive common B type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* PC : Positive common C type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* PC3 : Positive common C type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* CM : Negative common, connector, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* CM3: Negative common, connector, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* MA : Negative common A type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* MA3: Negative common A type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* MB : Negative common B type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* MB3: Negative common B type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* MC : Negative common C type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* MC3: Negative common C type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* *A common connector assembly.

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Connector-related order codes *For details, see p. 23.



Valve specification Connector type Blank: For T1, T2 CP : Positive common, connector, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.] CP3 : Positive common, connector, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.] .T3. T4. CPN : Positive common, connector, no lead wire (with shorting bar and contact) T5. TA. PA : Positive common A type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* TB, or TC PA3 : Positive common A type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* 0: For T0 PB : Positive common B type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* PB3 : Positive common B type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* PC : Positive common C type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* PC3 : Positive common C type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* CMN : Negative common, connector, no lead wire (with shorting bar and contact) CM : Negative common, connector, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* CM3 : Negative common, connector, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* MA : Negative common A type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* MA3 : Negative common A type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* MB : Negative common B type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* MB3 : Negative common B type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]* MC : Negative common C type, lead wire length 300 mm [11.8 in.]* MC3 : Negative common C type, lead wire length 3000 mm [118 in.]*

Common connector assembly

A type: JAZ-PA 🗆 *

	Red Black	common wire (+) A side (-)
	White	B side (-) (Insert when using as double solenoid) ^{Note}
B type: JAZ-PB 🗌 🛪		
	Red	common wire (+)
	Black	A side (-)
	White	B side (-) (Insert when using as double solenoid) ^{Note}
C type: JAZ-PC 🛛 🗮	Red	common wire (+)
	Black	A side (-)
	White	B side (-) (Insert when using as double solenoid) ^{Note}
	Red	common wire (+)
※ Lead wire length Blank: 300 m	nm [11.8	in.] Note: White lead wire is not
3 : 3000	mm [118	Bin.] available for JAZ0-P

Black common wire (-)

A side (+)

Black common wire (-)

Black common wire (-)

Black common wire (-)

Red A side (+)

Red A side (+)

White B side (+) (Insert when using as double solenoid)

White B side (+) (Insert when using as double solenoid)

White B side (+) (Insert when using as double solenoid)

% Lead wire length Blank: 300 mm [11.8 in.]

3: 3000 mm [118 in.]

Red

For negative common



B type: JAZ-MB





Single negative common plug connector unit

Type: JAZ-CM *

FZ -

Connector specification

Valve specification For **T1, T2** ,T3, T4, T5,

CC1.5: Cabtyre cable, length 1500 mm [59 in.]* CC3 : Cabtyre cable, length 3000 mm [118 in.]*

TA, TB, or TC

- Notes: 1. When the valve specification is **T1**, select the **JAZ0-P-** isingle dedicated type.
 - 2. When switching between the single and double type (T1/T2), purchase and use a dedicated connector for single or double use , the number of seal holes in the lead wire differs for the single and double type).
 - 3. There is no white lead wire for the **JAZO-P-**
 - 4. It is necessary to disassemble the connector to add a common connector assembly. Contact your nearest KOGANEI sales office.
 - For information on use in locations/atmospheres subject to 5
 - substances other than water, such as organic solvents, cutting oil, or reagents, contact your nearest KOGANEI sales office. 6. For information on replacing the waterproof seal, contact your nearest KOGANEI sales office.





Precautions for Order Codes

Orders for valves only

Place orders from "Single Valve Unit Order Codes" on p. 64.

However, Blank, A2, F3, F4, F5, F6, F4A, F4B, F5A, F5B, F6A, and F6B cannot be selected for the valve outlet type. And for the wiring specification, Blank, PL, and PL3 cannot be selected. In addition, for common terminal wiring connections, separately order the common connector assemblies listed on the left.

F10 Series Easy Assembly Type Manifold Plug-in Type Order Codes



Notes: 1. For the maximum number of units, see the table for maximum number of valve units by wiring specification, on p. 108.

2. Not available in low-current type.

3. Valve mounting location is from the left, with the solenoid on top, and the 4(A), 2(B) ports side in front.

4. When selecting J, M, or L (base piping type) for the manifold outlet specification, always enter -A1 (with plate) for the valve outlet type.



6. When the valve specification is T1 or T2, the manual override lever is placed only on the A side.

7. Port isolators can be installed only when piping blocks are mounted on both sides. In addition, only 1 port isolator can be mounted in 1 manifold for -XSA, or 1 each port isolator for -XSP and -XSR for a total of 2 locations. When shipping, the designated port isolators are mounted between the designated station and the station to its immediate left (the next smaller stn. No.).

8. Cannot be mounted on the external pilot manifold.

- 10. Not available in external pilot type.
- 11. Not available with the individual exhaust spacer.
- 12. The 3-port specifications are only available in the valve specification T0, T1, and T2.
- 13. Only L or Blank is available in the inch female thread specification and the manifold
- outlet specification.

14. Can be selected only when the manifold type is XP 15. Can be selected only when the manifold type is XPH.

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F10 ORDER CODES

Intermediate piping block

(When mounting an intermediate piping block to the manifold, complete the following type and specify the station specified on page 105.)



Note:See the following table for combinations of intermediate piping block port specifications and manifold piping block specifications.

Manifold piping specifications	Intermediate piping block
JT	PJ
J5T	PJ5
J6T	PJ6
MT	PM
MTH	PMH

F10 Series Easy Assembly Type Manifold Plug-in Type Additional Parts Order Codes



- 3. Only when the manifold type is LK or RN.

F10 ORDER CODES



% The above flat cable connectors and D-sub connectors can be switched between the top and side type.



$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Manifold Order Code Example} \\ (12 \mbox{ units of F10 Series}) \\ \mbox{F10M12XPL-J6T-F201-DR DC24V} \\ \mbox{ stn.1} \sim 8 & \mbox{F10T1-A1-J5 DC24V} \\ \mbox{ stn.9} & \mbox{F10ZX-PJ6-TK} \\ \mbox{ stn.10} \sim 12 \mbox{ F10T1-A1-J5 DC24V} \end{array}$

Note: This order code example has no relationship to the illustration above.

Precautions for Order Codes

Orders for valves only

Place orders from "Single Valve Unit Order Codes" on p. 64.

However, Blank, A2, F3, F4, F5, F6, F4A, F5B, F6A, F5B, F6A, or F6B cannot be selected for the valve outlet type. For the wiring specification, Blank is the only selection.

Wiring connection specification

Blank (packed wiring): Wiring is made in accordance with the mounted valve specifications.

-W (double wiring): Wiring is always for the double solenoid, regardless of the specifications of the mounted valve.

Caution

Single or double can also be selected as the block-off plate wiring specification separately from the manifold (valve) wiring specification.

F10 Series Easy Assembly Type Manifold Serial Transmission Type Order Codes



Notes 1. To determine the maximum number of units, see the table for maximum number of valve units by transmission block specification, on p. 114. 2. Complies with the CE marking regulation.



- 4. When selecting J, M, or L (base piping type) for the manifold outlet specifications, always enter -A1 (with plate) for the valve outlet type.
- 5. Single or double can also be selected as the block-off plate wiring specification separately from the manifold (valve) wiring specification.
- 6. When the valve specification is T1 or T2, the manual override lever is placed only on the A side. 7. Port isolators can be installed only when piping blocks are mounted on both sides. In addition, only 1 port
- isolator can be mounted in 1 manifold for -XSA, or 1 each port isolator for -XSP and -XSR for a total of 2 locations. When shipping, the designated port isolators are mounted between the designated station and the station to its immediate left (the next smaller stn. No.).
- 10. Not available in external pilot type.
- 11. Not available with the individual exhaust spacer. 12. The 3-port specifications are only available in the valve specification
- T0, T1, and T2.
- 13. Can be selected only when the manifold type is XSH.

Intermediate piping block

(When mounting an intermediate piping block to the manifold, complete the following type and specify the station specified on page 111.)



Note:See the following table for combinations of intermediate piping block port specifications and manifold piping block specifications.

Manifold piping specifications	Intermediate piping block
JT	PJ
J5T	PJ5
J6T	PJ6
MT	PM
MTH	PMH

F10 Series Easy Assembly Type Manifold Serial Transmission Type Additional Parts Order Codes



Serial transmission block (single unit)



Transmission block specification B1: For CC-Link (16 outputs) B3: For CC-Link (32 outputs) D1: For DeviceNet (16 outputs) D3: For DeviceNet (32 outputs) H1: For CompoNet (16 outputs)



Transmission block specification K1: For EtherCAT (16 outputs) K3: For EtherCAT (32 outputs) M1: For EtherNet/IP (16 outputs)

M3: For EtherNet/IP (32 outputs)

Table for maximum number of valve units by transmission block specification

	Maximum number of units		
	Wiring connection s	specification	
Transmission block specifications	Max. outputs	Packed wiring (Blank)	Double wiring (-W)
B1: For CC-Link (16 outputs) 16		Varies depending on the	8 units
-B3: For CC-Link (32 outputs)	32	number of mounted single solenoids, double solenoids, and block-off plates. 16 units The number of controlled solenoids should be designated as the maximum number of putputs a loop 8 units	16 units
-D1: For DeviceNet (16 outputs)	16		8 units
-D3: For DeviceNet (32 outputs)	32		16 units
-H1: For CompoNet (16 outputs)	16		8 units
-K1: For EtherCAT (16 outputs)	16		8 units
-K3: For EtherCAT (32 outputs)	32		16 units
-M1: For EtherNet/IP (16 outputs)	16	-B3, -D3, -K3, and -M3 are	8 units
-M3: For EtherNet/IP (32 outputs)	32	a maximum of 20 units.	16 units





Precautions for Order Codes

Orders for valves only

Place orders from "Single Valve Unit Order Codes" on p. 64.

However, Blank, A2, F3, F4, F5, F6, F4A, F5B, F6A, F5B, F6A, or F6B cannot be selected for the valve outlet type. For the wiring specification, Blank is the only selection.

Wiring connection specification

Blank (packed wiring): Wiring is made in accordance with the mounted valve specifications.

-W (double wiring): Wiring is always for the double solenoid, regardless of the specifications of the mounted valve.

Caution

Single or double can also be selected as the block-off plate wiring specification separately from the manifold (valve) wiring specification.

Dimensions of F10 series monoblock manifold A type, F type wire saving type mm [in]



F10M Number of valves **F** (Direct piping type)

Monoblock manifold F type, wire saving type

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block

These dimensions show flat cable connector 20-pin specifications







of units	L	Р
2	59.5 [2.343]	51.5 [2.028]
3	70.0 [2.756]	62.0 [2.441]
4	80.5 [3.169]	72.5 [2.854]
5	91.0 [3.583]	83.0 [3.268]
6	101.5 [3.996]	93.5 [3.681]
7	112.0 [4.409]	104.0 [4.094]
8	122.5 [4.823]	114.5 [4.508]
9	133.0 [5.236]	125.0 [4.921]
10	143.5 [5.650]	135.5 [5.335]
11	154.0 [6.063]	146.0 [5.748]
12	164.5 [6.476]	156.5 [6.161]
13	175.0 [6.890]	167.0 [6.575]
14	185.5 [7.303]	177.5 [6.988]
15	196.0 [7.717]	188.0 [7.402]
16	206.5 [8.130]	198.5 [7.815]
17	217.0 [8.543]	209.0 [8.228]
18	227.5 [8.957]	219.5 [8.642]
19	238.0 [9.370]	230.0 [9.055]
20	248.5 [9.783]	240.5

Unit dimensions

Number of units	L	Ρ
2	69.5 [2.736]	51.5 [2.028]
3	80.0 [3.150]	62.0 [2.441]
4	90.5 [3.563]	72.5 [2.854]
5	101.0 [3.976]	83.0 [3.268]
6	111.5 [4.390]	93.5 [3.681]
7	122.0 [4.803]	104.0 [4.094]
8	132.5 [5.217]	114.5 [4.508]
9	143.0 [5.630]	125.0 [4.921]
10	153.5 [6.043]	135.5 [5.335]
11	164.0 [6.457]	146.0 [5.748]
12	174.5 [6.870]	156.5 [6.161]
13	185.0 [7.283]	167.0 [6.575]
14	195.5 [7.697]	177.5 [6.988]
15	206.0 [8.110]	188.0 [7.402]
16	216.5 [8.524]	198.5 [7.815]
17	227.0 [8.937]	209.0 [8.228]
18	237.5 [9.350]	219.5 [8.642]
19	248.0 [9.764]	230.0 [9.055]
20	258.5 [10.177]	240.5 [9.469]

KOGANEI 123



With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block S type plug connector



Unit dimensions

Number	L1	P1	Length of	L2	P2	Length of
or units	07.0.010.010	74 5 10 01 51		ivote	INOTE	DIN I dil Note
2	97.0 [3.819]	/1.5 [2.815]	150 [5.906]	-	-	-
3	107.5 [4.232]	82.0 [3.228]	150 [5.906]	126.5 [4.980]	101.0 [3.976]	175 [6.890]
4	118.0 [4.646]	92.5 [3.642]	175 [6.890]	137.0 [5.394]	111.5 [4.390]	175 [6.890]
5	128.5 [5.059]	103.0 [4.055]	175 [6.890]	147.5 [5.807]	122.0 [4.803]	175 [6.890]
6	139.0 [5.472]	113.5 [4.469]	175 [6.890]	158.0 [6.220]	132.5 [5.217]	200 [7.874]
7	149.5 [5.886]	124.0 [4.882]	200 [7.874]	168.5 [6.634]	143.0 [5.630]	200 [7.874]
8	160.0 [6.299]	134.5 [5.295]	200 [7.874]	179.0 [7.047]	153.5 [6.043]	225 [8.858]
9	170.5 [6.713]	145.0 [5.709]	225 [8.858]	189.5 [7.461]	164.0 [6.457]	225 [8.858]
10	181.0 [7.126]	155.5 [6.122]	225 [8.858]	200.0 [7.874]	174.5 [6.870]	225 [8.858]
11	191.5 [7.539]	166.0 [6.535]	250 [9.843]	210.5 [8.287]	185.0 [7.283]	250 [9.843]
12	202.0 [7.953]	176.5 [6.949]	250 [9.843]	221.0 [8.701]	195.5 [7.697]	250 [9.843]
13	212.5 [8.366]	187.0 [7.362]	250 [9.843]	231.5 [9.114]	206.0 [8.110]	275 [10.827]
14	223.0 [8.780]	197.5 [7.776]	275 [10.827]	242.0 [9.528]	216.5 [8.524]	275 [10.827]
15	233.5 [9.193]	208.0 [8.189]	275 [10.827]	252.5 [9.941]	227.0 [8.937]	300 [11.811]
16	244.0 [9.606]	218.5 [8.602]	300 [11.811]	263.0 [10.354]	237.5 [9.350]	300 [11.811]
17	254.5 [10.020]	229.0 [9.016]	300 [11.811]	273.5 [10.768]	248.0 [9.764]	300 [11.811]
18	265.0 [10.433]	239.5 [9.429]	325 [12.795]	284.0 [11.181]	258.5 [10.177]	325 [12.795]
19	275.5 [10.846]	250.0 [9.843]	325 [12.795]	294.5 [11.594]	269.0 [10.591]	325 [12.795]
20	286.0 [11.260]	260.5 [10.256]	325 [12.795]	305.0 [12.008]	279.5 [11.004]	350 [13.780]
21	-	-	-	315.5 [12.421]	290.0 [11.417]	350 [13.780]

Note:When the J T or MT piping block specification is selected.

F10M Number of units XN Pilot specifications - Piping block specification (Direct piping type)

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block S type plug connector



Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2 Note	P2 Note	Length of DIN rail Note
2	97.0 [3.819]	71.5 [2.815]	150 [5.906]	-	-	-
3	107.5 [4.232]	82.0 [3.228]	150 [5.906]	126.5 [4.980]	101.0 [3.976]	175 [6.890]
4	118.0 [4.646]	92.5 [3.642]	175 [6.890]	137.0 [5.394]	111.5 [4.390]	175 [6.890]
5	128.5 [5.059]	103.0 [4.055]	175 [6.890]	147.5 [5.807]	122.0 [4.803]	175 [6.890]
6	139.0 [5.472]	113.5 [4.469]	175 [6.890]	158.0 [6.220]	132.5 [5.217]	200 [7.874]
7	149.5 [5.886]	124.0 [4.882]	200 [7.874]	168.5 [6.634]	143.0 [5.630]	200 [7.874]
8	160.0 [6.299]	134.5 [5.295]	200 [7.874]	179.0 [7.047]	153.5 [6.043]	225 [8.858]
9	170.5 [6.713]	145.0 [5.709]	225 [8.858]	189.5 [7.461]	164.0 [6.457]	225 [8.858]
10	181.0 [7.126]	155.5 [6.122]	225 [8.858]	200.0 [7.874]	174.5 [6.870]	225 [8.858]
11	191.5 [7.539]	166.0 [6.535]	250 [9.843]	210.5 [8.287]	185.0 [7.283]	250 [9.843]
12	202.0 [7.953]	176.5 [6.949]	250 [9.843]	221.0 [8.701]	195.5 [7.697]	250 [9.843]
13	212.5 [8.366]	187.0 [7.362]	250 [9.843]	231.5 [9.114]	206.0 [8.110]	275 [10.827]
14	223.0 [8.780]	197.5 [7.776]	275 [10.827]	242.0 [9.528]	216.5 [8.524]	275 [10.827]
15	233.5 [9.193]	208.0 [8.189]	275 [10.827]	252.5 [9.941]	227.0 [8.937]	300 [11.811]
16	244.0 [9.606]	218.5 [8.602]	300 [11.811]	263.0 [10.354]	237.5 [9.350]	300 [11.811]
17	254.5 [10.020]	229.0 [9.016]	300 [11.811]	273.5 [10.768]	248.0 [9.764]	300 [11.811]
18	265.0 [10.433]	239.5 [9.429]	325 [12.795]	284.0 [11.181]	258.5 [10.177]	325 [12.795]
19	275.5 [10.846]	250.0 [9.843]	325 [12.795]	294.5 [11.594]	269.0 [10.591]	325 [12.795]
20	286.0 [11.260]	260.5 [10.256]	325 [12.795]	305.0 [12.008]	279.5 [11.004]	350 [13.780]
21	-	-	-	315.5 [12.421]	290.0 [11.417]	350 [13.780]

Note:When the $\mathsf{J}\Box\mathsf{T}$ or MT piping block specification is selected.

F10M Number of units XP M Pilot specifications (Base piping type)

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block Flat cable connector 10-pin specifications



F10M Number of units XP M Pilot specifications (Base piping type)

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block Flat cable connector 20-pin specifications



Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2 Note	P2 Note	Length of DIN rail Note
2	110.0 [4.331]	71.5 [2.815]	150 [5.906]	-	-	-
3	120.5 [4.744]	82.0 [3.228]	175 [6.890]	139.5 [5.492]	101.0 [3.976]	175 [6.890]
4	131.0 [5.157]	92.5 [3.642]	175 [6.890]	150.0 [5.906]	111.5 [4.390]	175 [6.890]
5	141.5 [5.571]	103.0 [4.055]	200 [7.874]	160.5 [6.319]	122.0 [4.803]	200 [7.874]
6	152.0 [5.984]	113.5 [4.469]	200 [7.874]	171.0 [6.732]	132.5 [5.217]	200 [7.874]
7	162.5 [6.398]	124.0 [4.882]	200 [7.874]	181.5 [7.146]	143.0 [5.630]	225 [8.858]
8	173.0 [6.811]	134.5 [5.295]	225 [8.858]	192.0 [7.559]	153.5 [6.043]	225 [8.858]
9	183.5 [7.224]	145.0 [5.709]	225 [8.858]	202.5 [7.972]	164.0 [6.457]	250 [9.843]
10	194.0 [7.638]	155.5 [6.122]	250 [9.843]	213.0 [8.386]	174.5 [6.870]	250 [9.843]
11	204.5 [8.051]	166.0 [6.535]	250 [9.843]	223.5 [8.799]	185.0 [7.283]	250 [9.843]
12	215.0 [8.465]	176.5 [6.949]	275 [10.827]	234.0 [9.213]	195.5 [7.697]	275 [10.827]
13	225.5 [8.878]	187.0 [7.362]	275 [10.827]	244.5 [9.626]	206.0 [8.110]	275 [10.827]
14	236.0 [9.291]	197.5 [7.776]	275 [10.827]	255.0 [10.039]	216.5 [8.524]	300 [11.811]
15	246.5 [9.705]	208.0 [8.189]	300 [11.811]	265.5 [10.453]	227.0 [8.937]	300 [11.811]
16	257.0 [10.118]	218.5 [8.602]	300 [11.811]	276.0 [10.866]	237.5 [9.350]	325 [12.795]
17	-	-	-	286.5 [11.280]	248.0 [9.764]	325 [12,795]

Note:When the J \Box T or MT piping block specification is selected.

F10M Number of units XP R Pilot specifications (Base piping type)

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block Flat cable connector 26-pin specifications



Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2 Note	P2 Note	Length of DIN rail Note
2	110.0 [4.331]	71.5 [2.815]	150 [5.906]	-	-	-
3	120.5 [4.744]	82.0 [3.228]	175 [6.890]	139.5 [5.492]	101.0 [3.976]	175 [6.890]
4	131.0 [5.157]	92.5 [3.642]	175 [6.890]	150.0 [5.906]	111.5 [4.390]	175 [6.890]
5	141.5 [5.571]	103.0 [4.055]	200 [7.874]	160.5 [6.319]	122.0 [4.803]	200 [7.874]
6	152.0 [5.984]	113.5 [4.469]	200 [7.874]	171.0 [6.732]	132.5 [5.217]	200 [7.874]
7	162.5 [6.398]	124.0 [4.882]	200 [7.874]	181.5 [7.146]	143.0 [5.630]	225 [8.858]
8	173.0 [6.811]	134.5 [5.295]	225 [8.858]	192.0 [7.559]	153.5 [6.043]	225 [8.858]
9	183.5 [7.224]	145.0 [5.709]	225 [8.858]	202.5 [7.972]	164.0 [6.457]	250 [9.843]
10	194.0 [7.638]	155.5 [6.122]	250 [9.843]	213.0 [8.386]	174.5 [6.870]	250 [9.843]
11	204.5 [8.051]	166.0 [6.535]	250 [9.843]	223.5 [8.799]	185.0 [7.283]	250 [9.843]
12	215.0 [8.465]	176.5 [6.949]	275 [10.827]	234.0 [9.213]	195.5 [7.697]	275 [10.827]
13	225.5 [8.878]	187.0 [7.362]	275 [10.827]	244.5 [9.626]	206.0 [8.110]	275 [10.827]
14	236.0 [9.291]	197.5 [7.776]	275 [10.827]	255.0 [10.039]	216.5 [8.524]	300 [11.811]
15	246.5 [9.705]	208.0 [8.189]	300 [11.811]	265.5 [10.453]	227.0 [8.937]	300 [11.811]
16	257.0 [10.118]	218.5 [8.602]	300 [11.811]	276.0 [10.866]	237.5 [9.350]	325 [12.795]
17	267.5 [10.531]	229.0 [9.016]	325 [12.795]	286.5 [11.280]	248.0 [9.764]	325 [12.795]
18	278.0 [10.945]	239.5 [9.429]	325 [12.795]	297.0 [11.693]	258.5 [10.177]	325 [12.795]
19	288.5 [11.358]	250.0 [9.843]	325 [12.795]	307.5 [12.106]	269.0 [10.591]	350 [13.780]
20	299.0 [11.772]	260.5 [10.256]	350 [13.780]	318.0 [12.520]	279.5 [11.004]	350 [13.780]
21	-	-	-	328.5 [12.933]	290.0 [11.417]	375 [14.764]

Note:When the $\mathsf{J}\Box\mathsf{T}$ or MT piping block specification is selected.
F10M Number of units XP n Pilot specifications (Base piping type)

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block D-sub connector 25-pin specifications



Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2 Note	P2 Note	Length of DIN rail Note
2	110.0 [4.331]	71.5 [2.815]	150 [5.906]	-	-	-
3	120.5 [4.744]	82.0 [3.228]	175 [6.890]	139.5 [5.492]	101.0 [3.976]	175 [6.890]
4	131.0 [5.157]	92.5 [3.642]	175 [6.890]	150.0 [5.906]	111.5 [4.390]	175 [6.890]
5	141.5 [5.571]	103.0 [4.055]	200 [7.874]	160.5 [6.319]	122.0 [4.803]	200 [7.874]
6	152.0 [5.984]	113.5 [4.469]	200 [7.874]	171.0 [6.732]	132.5 [5.217]	200 [7.874]
7	162.5 [6.398]	124.0 [4.882]	200 [7.874]	181.5 [7.146]	143.0 [5.630]	225 [8.858]
8	173.0 [6.811]	134.5 [5.295]	225 [8.858]	192.0 [7.559]	153.5 [6.043]	225 [8.858]
9	183.5 [7.224]	145.0 [5.709]	225 [8.858]	202.5 [7.972]	164.0 [6.457]	250 [9.843]
10	194.0 [7.638]	155.5 [6.122]	250 [9.843]	213.0 [8.386]	174.5 [6.870]	250 [9.843]
11	204.5 [8.051]	166.0 [6.535]	250 [9.843]	223.5 [8.799]	185.0 [7.283]	250 [9.843]
12	215.0 [8.465]	176.5 [6.949]	275 [10.827]	234.0 [9.213]	195.5 [7.697]	275 [10.827]
13	225.5 [8.878]	187.0 [7.362]	275 [10.827]	244.5 [9.626]	206.0 [8.110]	275 [10.827]
14	236.0 [9.291]	197.5 [7.776]	275 [10.827]	255.0 [10.039]	216.5 [8.524]	300 [11.811]
15	246.5 [9.705]	208.0 [8.189]	300 [11.811]	265.5 [10.453]	227.0 [8.937]	300 [11.811]
16	257.0 [10.118]	218.5 [8.602]	300 [11.811]	276.0 [10.866]	237.5 [9.350]	325 [12.795]
17	267.5 [10.531]	229.0 [9.016]	325 [12.795]	286.5 [11.280]	248.0 [9.764]	325 [12.795]
18	278.0 [10.945]	239.5 [9.429]	325 [12.795]	297.0 [11.693]	258.5 [10.177]	325 [12.795]
19	288.5 [11.358]	250.0 [9.843]	325 [12.795]	307.5 [12.106]	269.0 [10.591]	350 [13.780]
20	299.0 [11.772]	260.5 [10.256]	350 [13.780]	318.0 [12.520]	279.5 [11.004]	350 [13.780]
21	-	-	-	328.5 [12.933]	290.0 [11.417]	375 [14.764]

Note:When the J \Box T or MT piping block specification is selected.

F10M Number of units XP n Pilot specifications (Base piping type)

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block Terminal block type



Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2 Note	P2 Note	Length of DIN rail Note
2	141.0 [5.551]	71.5 [2.815]	200 [7.874]	-	-	-
3	151.5 [5.965]	82.0 [3.228]	200 [7.874]	170.5 [6.713]	101.0 [3.976]	200 [7.874]
4	162.0 [6.378]	92.5 [3.642]	200 [7.874]	181.0 [7.126]	111.5 [4.390]	225 [8.858]
5	172.5 [6.791]	103.0 [4.055]	225 [8.858]	191.5 [7.539]	122.0 [4.803]	225 [8.858]
6	183.0 [7.205]	113.5 [4.469]	225 [8.858]	202.0 [7.953]	132.5 [5.217]	250 [9.843]
7	193.5 [7.618]	124.0 [4.882]	250 [9.843]	212.5 [8.366]	143.0 [5.630]	250 [9.843]
8	204.0 [8.032]	134.5 [5.295]	250 [9.843]	223.0 [8.780]	153.5 [6.043]	250 [9.843]
9	214.5 [8.445]	145.0 [5.709]	250 [9.843]	233.5 [9.193]	164.0 [6.457]	275 [10.827]
10	225.0 [8.858]	155.5 [6.122]	275 [10.827]	244.0 [9.606]	174.5 [6.870]	275 [10.827]
11	235.5 [9.272]	166.0 [6.535]	275 [10.827]	254.5 [10.020]	185.0 [7.283]	300 [11.811]
12	246.0 [9.685]	176.5 [6.949]	300 [11.811]	265.5 [10.453]	195.5 [7.697]	300 [11.811]
13	256.5 [10.098]	187.0 [7.362]	300 [11.811]	275.5 [10.846]	206.0 [8.110]	325 [12.795]
14	267.0 [10.512]	197.5 [7.776]	325 [12.795]	286.0 [11.260]	216.5 [8.524]	325 [12.795]
15	277.5 [10.925]	208.0 [8.189]	325 [12.795]	296.5 [11.673]	227.0 [8.937]	325 [12.795]
16	288.0 [11.339]	218.5 [8.602]	325 [12.795]	307.0 [12.087]	237.5 [9.350]	350 [13.780]
17	298.5 [11.752]	229.0 [9.016]	350 [13.780]	317.5 [12.500]	248.0 [9.764]	350 [13.780]
18	309.0 [12.165]	239.5 [9.429]	350 [13.780]	328.0 [12.913]	258.5 [10.177]	375 [14.764]
19	-	-	-	338.5 [13.327]	269.0 [10.591]	375 [14.764]

Note:When the $J \square T$ or MT piping block specification is selected.

F10M Number of units XS Pilot specifications (Base piping type)

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block

(Stand alone serial transmission block compatible manifold) *The figure shows CC-Link.



Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2 Note	P2 Note	Length of DIN rail Note
2	144.0 [5.669]	71.5 [2.815]	200 [7.874]	-	-	-
3	154.5 [6.083]	82.0 [3.228]	200 [7.874]	173.5 [6.831]	101.0 [3.976]	200 [7.874]
4	165.0 [6.496]	92.5 [3.642]	225 [8.858]	184.0 [7.244]	111.5 [4.390]	225 [8.858]
5	175.5 [6.909]	103.5 [4.075]	225 [8.858]	194.5 [7.657]	122.0 [4.803]	225 [8.858]
6	186.0 [7.323]	113.5 [4.469]	225 [8.858]	205.0 [8.071]	132.5 [5.217]	250 [9.843]
7	196.5 [7.736]	124.0 [4.882]	250 [9.843]	215.5 [8.484]	143.0 [5.630]	250 [9.843]
8	207.0 [8.150]	134.5 [5.295]	250 [9.843]	226.0 [8.898]	153.5 [6.043]	275 [10.827]
9	217.5 [8.563]	145.0 [5.709]	275 [10.827]	236.5 [9.311]	164.0 [6.457]	275 [10.827]
10	228.0 [8.976]	155.5 [6.122]	275 [10.827]	247.0 [9.724]	174.5 [6.870]	275 [10.827]
11	238.5 [9.390]	166.0 [6.535]	275 [10.827]	257.5 [10.138]	185.0 [7.283]	300 [11.811]
12	249.0 [9.803]	176.5 [6.949]	300 [11.811]	268.0 [10.551]	195.5 [7.697]	300 [11.811]
13	259.5 [10.217]	187.0 [7.362]	300 [11.811]	278.5 [10.965]	206.0 [8.110]	325 [12.795]
14	270.0 [10.630]	197.5 [7.776]	325 [12.795]	289.0 [11.378]	216.5 [8.524]	325 [12.795]
15	280.5 [11.043]	208.0 [8.189]	325 [12.795]	299.5 [11.791]	227.0 [8.937]	325 [12.795]
16	291.0 [11.457]	218.5 [8.602]	350 [13.780]	310.0 [12.205]	237.5 [9.350]	350 [13.780]
17	301.5 [11.870]	229.0 [9.016]	350 [13.780]	320.5 [12.618]	248.0 [9.764]	350 [13.780]
18	312.0 [12.283]	239.5 [9.429]	350 [13.780]	331.0 [13.031]	258.5 [10.177]	375 [14.764]
19	322.5 [12.697]	250.0 [9.843]	375 [14.764]	341.5 [13.445]	269.0 [10.591]	375 [14.764]
20	333.0 [13.110]	260.5 [10.256]	375 [14.764]	352.0 [13.858]	279.5 [11.004]	400 [15.748]
21	-	-	-	362.5 [14.272]	290.0 [11.417]	400 [15.748]

Note:When the J \Box T or MT piping block specification is selected.

F10M Number of units XS M Pilot specifications (Base piping type)

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block (EtherCAT/EtherNet/IP) *The figure shows EtherCAT.



Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2 Note	P2 Note	Length of DIN rail Note
2	120.6 [4.748]	71.5 [2.815]	175 [6.890]	-	-	-
3	131.1 [5.161]	82.0 [3.228]	175 [6.890]	150.1 [5.909]	101.0 [3.976]	200 [7.874]
4	141.6 [5.575]	92.5 [3.642]	200 [7.874]	160.6 [6.323]	111.5 [4.390]	200 [7.874]
5	152.1 [5.988]	103.0 [4.055]	200 [7.874]	171.1 [6.736]	122.0 [4.803]	200 [7.874]
6	162.6 [6.402]	113.5 [4.469]	200 [7.874]	181.6 [7.150]	132.5 [5.217]	225 [8.858]
7	173.1 [6.815]	124.0 [4.882]	225 [8.858]	192.1 [7.563]	143.0 [5.630]	225 [8.858]
8	183.6 [7.228]	134.5 [5.295]	225 [8.858]	202.6 [7.976]	153.5 [6.043]	250 [9.843]
9	194.1 [7.642]	145.0 [5.709]	250 [9.843]	213.1 [8.390]	164.0 [6.457]	250 [9.843]
10	204.6 [8.055]	155.5 [6.122]	250 [9.843]	223.6 [8.803]	174.5 [6.870]	250 [9.843]
11	215.1 [8.469]	166.0 [6.535]	275 [10.827]	234.1 [9.217]	185.0 [7.283]	275 [10.827]
12	225.6 [8.882]	176.5 [6.949]	275 [10.827]	244.6 [9.630]	195.5 [7.697]	275 [10.827]
13	236.1 [9.295]	187.0 [7.362]	275 [10.827]	255.1 [10.043]	206.0 [8.110]	300 [11.811]
14	246.6 [9.709]	197.5 [7.776]	300 [11.811]	265.6 [10.457]	216.5 [8.524]	300 [11.811]
15	257.1 [10.122]	208.0 [8.189]	300 [11.811]	276.1 [10.870]	227.0 [8.937]	325 [12.795]
16	267.6 [10.535]	218.5 [8.602]	325 [12.795]	286.6 [11.283]	237.5 [9.350]	325 [12.795]
17	278.1 [10.949]	229.0 [9.016]	325 [12.795]	297.1 [11.697]	248.0 [9.764]	325 [12.795]
18	288.6 [11.362]	239.5 [9.429]	325 [12.795]	307.6 [12.110]	258.5 [10.177]	350 [13.780]
19	299.1 [11.776]	250.0 [9.843]	350 [13.780]	318.1 [12.524]	269.0 [10.591]	350 [13.780]
20	309.6 [12.189]	260.5 [10.256]	350 [13.780]	328.6 [12.937]	279.5 [11.004]	375 [14.764]
21	-	-	-	339.1 [13.350]	290.0 [11.417]	375 [14.764]

Note:When the J \Box T or MT piping block specification is selected.

Additional Parts (available separately)

•Muffler: KM-J8 [for both plug-in and non-plug-in]



•Muffler: KM-J6





F15 SERIES Specifications

Specifications

Basic Models and Valve Functions

Basic model	F15T0	F15□T1 F15□T2	F15_T3 F15_T4 F15_T5	F15⊡TA F15⊡TB F15⊡TC
Number of positions	2 pos	sitions	3 positions	4 positions
Number of ports		Tandem 3-port		
Valve function	Single solenoid only	Both single and double solenoid use	Closed center, Exhaust center, Pressure center	NC/NC, NO/NO, NC/NO

Remark: For the optional specifications and order codes, see p.44-71.

Specifications

Item		Basic model	F15□T0 F15□T1 F15□T2	F15□T3 F15□T4 F15□T5	F15□TA F15□TB F15□TC	F15□T0G F15□T1G F15□T2G	F15□T3G F15□T4G F15□T5G	F15□T0V F15□T1V F15□T2V	F15□T3V
Media						Air			
Operation	type			nternal pilot type	•	External pilot type (for positive pressure)	External pilot ty	pe (for vacuum)
Flow rate Se	Sonic conductan	ce C dm ³ /(s \cdot bar) Note1	2.05	2.05	1.60	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.05
characteristics E	Effective area Note2 mm ² (Cv)		10.3 [0.57]	10.3 (0.57)	8 (0.44)	10.3 (0.57)	10.3 (0.57)	10.3 (0.57)	10.3 (0.57)
Port size Note3			Dual use fitting	for $\phi 6$ and $\phi 8$,	Rc1/8, NPT1/8	M5×0.8,10-32U	NF, dual use fittin	g for $\phi 6$ and $\phi 8$,	Rc1/8, NTP1/8
Lubrication			Not required						
Operating	pressure	Main valve	0.15~0.7 MPa [22~102 psi.]			0~0.7 MPa [0	~102 psi.] Note4	— 100 kPa~0.15 MPa [- 29.53 in.Hg~22 psi.]
range		External pilot				0.2~0.7 MPa [29~102 psi.] Note4		0.2~0.7 MPa [29~102 psi.]	
Proof press	sure	MPa [psi.]	1.05 [152]						
Response	time Note5	12VDC, 24VDC	20/25 (30) or below	15/45 (50) or below	20/30 (35) or below	20/25 (30) or below	15/45 (50) or below	20/25 (30) or below	15/45 (50) or below
ON/OFF	ms	100VAC	20/25 or below	15/45 or below		20/25 or below	15/45 or below	20/25 or below	15/45 or below
Maximum o	operating fr	equency Hz				5			
Minimum time	e to energize for	self holding Note6 ms	50			50		50	
Operating temperature range (atmosphere and media) ° C [° F]			5~50 [41~122]						
Shock resi	istance	m/s² [G]	294.2 [30] (245 [25]) Figure in parentheses is for when mounted on the split manifold.						
Mounting o	direction					Any			

Notes: 1. For details, see the flow rate characteristics on p.141.

2. The effective area is a calculated value, and not a measured value.

3. For details, see the port size on p.140. 4. When the main valve pressure is $0.2 \sim 0.7$ MPa [29 \sim 102 psi.], set the external pilot pressure to the main valve pressure or higher, and to 0.7 MPa [102 psi.] or less.

Remark: Specification values are based on Koganei test standards.

Notes: 5. Values when air pressure is 0.5 MPa [73 psi.]. For switching phase timing in the AC specification, add a maximum of 5 ms to the response time. The values for 2-position valves are those when used as a single solenoid, and the values for 3-position valves are those when switching from the neutral position of closed center. Values in parentheses () are for low-current type.

6. When used as a double solenoid valve. Excludes T0.

Solenoid Specifications

_									
Rated voltage		12VDC	24VDC (Standard type)	24VDC (Low-current type)	100'	VAC	120	VAC	
Voltage range V		V	10.8~13.2 (12±10%)	21.6~26.4 (24±10%)	21.6~26.4 (24±10%)	90~110 (100±10%)		108~132 (120±10%)	
Ra	ated frequency	Hz	—	_	—	50	60	50	60
dard	Current (when rated voltage is applie	ed)mA (r.m.s)	33	17	—	8	}	8.	3
Stan	Power consumption	W	0.4	0.4	_	0.8	VA	1 \	VA
ЭС	Current	Starting mA			17			_	
nt typ	(when rated voltage is applied)	Holding mA	—		4.2				
urrer	Dowor concurrention	Starting W		_	0.4			-	
W-CI	Power consumption	Holding W	—		0.1				
2	Starting time (standard)	ms	—	—	70	-	-	_	_
AI	lowable leakage current	mA	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.	0	1.	0
Ту	pe of insulation				Type B				
Ins	sulation resistance Note 1	MΩ			Over 100				
Сс	olor of LED indicator Note2		14(SA) : Red, 12(SB) : Green						
Su	irge suppression (as standard	d)	Surge absorp	tion transistor	Flywheel diode		Bridge	diode	

Notes: 1. Value at 500VDC megger. 2. The color of the T0 indicator is red only. Remark: Specification values are based on Koganei test standards.

How to obtain cylinder speed



Measuring conditions

- Air pressure: 0.5 MPa [73 psi.]
- Piping (outer diameter x inner diameter x length): φ8 x φ6 x 1000 mm [39 in.]
- Fitting: Quick fitting TS8-01

Port Size

- •Load ratio = $\frac{\text{Load}}{\text{Cylinder theoretical thrust}}$ (%) Load
- Cylinder stroke: 150 mm [5.91 in.]





Load ratio

30 40 50

Load ratio Note: Delay time may vary according

to the cylinder stroke.

60 70

φ63 [2.480 in.] ф 80 [3.150 in.]

ф 80 [3.150 in.]

φ63 [2.480 in.]

Maximum operating speed

20 30 40 50 60 70

400

200

0

Delay time

s 1.0 0.9

0.9 0.8 0.7 0.6

С

10 20

Delay time 0.5 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1

MPa 0.7

Flow rate



How to read the graph When the supply pressure is 0.5 MPa [73 psi.] and flow rate is 500R/min [17.7 ft.3/min.] (ANR), the valve outlet pressure becomes 0.4 MPa [58 psi.].

1 mm/s = 0.0394 in./sec.

1 MPa = 145 psi.

1 l/min = 0.0353 ft.³/min.

	Description/Piping specification	PR	X (P2)	4(A), 2(B)	1 (P), 3 (R2), 5 (R1), 3, 5 (R)
	With sub-base	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	Rc1/8, NPT1/8	Rc1/8, NPT1/8
Φ	With female thread block	-	-	Rc1/8, NPT1/8	Rc1/8, NPT1/8
ingl	With dual use fitting block	-	-	Dual use fitting for $\phi 6$ and $\phi 8$	Rc1/8, NPT1/8
ທ [_]	With single use fitting block	-	-	φ6 or φ8	Rc1/8, NPT1/8
	Monoblock type with female thread block, and PC board type with female thread block	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	Rc1/8, NPT1/8	Rc1/4, NPT1/4
	Monoblock type with fitting block, and PC board type with fitting block	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	Dual use fitting for $\phi 6$ and $\phi 8$	Rc1/4, NPT1/4
	Monoblock type with single use fitting block, and PC board type with single use fitting block	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	φ6 or φ8	Rc1/4, NPT1/4
plo	Split type with female thread block, and serial transmission type with female thread block	-	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	Rc1/8, NPT1/8	Rc1/4, NPT1/4
anifo	Split type with fitting block, and serial transmission type with fitting block	-	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	Dual use fitting for $\phi 6$ and $\phi 8$	Dual use fitting for ϕ 8 and ϕ 10
Ň	Split type with single use fitting block, and serial transmission type with single use fitting block	_	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	φ6 or φ8	Single use fitting for ϕ 8 or ϕ 10
	Easy assembly type with female thread block, and serial transmission type with female thread block	-	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	Rc1/8, NPT1/8	Rc1/4, NPT1/4
	Easy assembly type with fitting block, and serial transmission type with fitting block	-	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	Dual use fitting for $\phi 6$ and $\phi 8$	Dual use fitting for ϕ 8 and ϕ 10
	Easy assembly type with single use fitting block, and serial transmission type with single use fitting block	_	M5×0.8, 10-32UNF	φ6 or φ8	Single use fitting for ϕ 8 or ϕ 10

Specifications for DIN Connector (-39) Type

Specifications Remark: Specification values are the same as the Standard type, excluding the response time. See page 142.

Basic model	F15T0 F15T2	F15T3 F15T4 F15T5	F15T0G F15T2G	F15T3G F15T4G F15T5G	F15T0V F15T2V	F15T3V
Response time Note ON/OFF ms	20/30 or below	15/50 or below	20/30 or below	15/50 or below	20/30 or below	15/50 or below

Note: Values when air pressure is 0.5 MPa [73 psi.]. For switching phase timing in the AC specification, add a maximum of 5 ms to the response time. The values for 2-position valves are those when used as a single solenoid, and the values for 3-position valves are those when switching from the neutral position of closed

Solenoid Specifications for DIN Connector (-39) Type

Rated voltage		12VDC	24VDC	120VAC		240VAC		
Voltage ra	nge	V	10.8~13.2 (12±10%)	21.6~26.4 (24±10%)	90~132		180~264	
	Frequency	Hz	—	—	50	60	50	60
Current	Starting	mA (r.m.s)	—	—	43	38	22	19
	Holding	mA (r.m.s)	140 (1.7W)	75 (1.8W)	29	24	14	12
Allowable leakage current mA			8	8 4		ŀ	2	
Insulation resistance ^{Note} MΩ			Over 100					
Surge supp	pression (as standard	(b	Surge absorp	tion transistor	Varistor		Varistor	

F15 SERIES

Note: Value at 500VDC megger.

Remark: Specification values are based on Koganei test standards.

Flow Rate Characteristics

• When used as a single unit

	1 (P)→2(B)	/1(P)→4(A)	2(B)→3(R2)	/4(A)→5(R1)
Basic model	Sonic conductance C	Critical pressure ratio	Sonic conductance C	Critical pressure ratio
	dm ³ /(s•bar)	b	dm ³ /(s•bar)	b
F15 T0-A2				
F15 T1-A2	1.76	0.25	1.72	0.26
F15 T2-A2				
F15 T3-A2				
F15 T4-A2	1.78	0.25	1.72	0.24
F15_T5-A2				
F15 TA-A2				
F15_TB-A2	1.53	0.26	1.61	0.23
F15_TC-A2				
F15_T0-F3				
F15_T1-F3	1.80	0.25	1.71	0.29
F15_T2-F3				
F15_T3-F3				
F15_T4-F3	1.81	0.23	1.61	0.27
F15_T5-F3				
	1.57	0.28	1.57	0.24
	1.02	0.20	1.60	0.22
F15 T2-F4	1.03	0.30	1.02	0.33
F15 T3-F4				
F15 T4-F4	1 57	0.36	1 5 1	0.25
F15 T5-F4	1.07	0.00	1.01	0.20
F15 TA-F4				<u> </u>
F15 TB-F4	1.54	0.31	1.55	0.27
F15 TC-F4	-			

	1 (P)→2(B)	/1(P)→4(A)	2(B)→3(R2)	/4(A)→5(R1)
Basic model	Sonic conductance C	Critical pressure ratio	Sonic conductance C	Critical pressure ratio
	dm ³ /(s•bar)	d	dm ³ /(s•bar)	b
F15 T0-F5				
F15 T1-F5	1.62	0.38	1.56	0.28
F15 T2-F5				
F15 T3-F5				
F15 T4-F5	1.57	0.36	1.51	0.25
F15_T5-F5				
F15 TA-F5				
F15_TB-F5	1.44	0.34	1.46	0.24
F15_TC-F5				
F15 T0-F6				
F15 T1-F6	1.86	0.30	1.70	0.30
F15 T2-F6				
F15 T3-F6				
F15_T4-F6	1.84	0.29	1.64	0.29
F15 T5-F6				
F15 TA-F6				
F15 TB-F6	1.58	0.31	1.57	0.31
F15 TC-F6				

• When mounted on a manifold

Ma	nifold model	Monoblock m F15M	anifold F type F (FP)	Monoblock m F15M	anifold A type A (AP)	Split m F15M	anifold N (P) (S)	Easy assembly F15M	type manifold (N (P) (S)
		1 (P) \rightarrow 2 (B)/1 (P) \rightarrow 4 (A)	2 (B) \rightarrow 3 (R2)/4 (A) \rightarrow 5 (R1)	1 (P) \rightarrow 2 (B)/1 (P) \rightarrow 4 (A)	2 (B) \rightarrow 3 (R2)/4 (A) \rightarrow 5 (R1)	1 (P) \rightarrow 2 (B)/1 (P) \rightarrow 4 (A)	$2~(B) \to 3~(R2)/4~(A) \to 5~(R1)$	1 (P) \rightarrow 2 (B)/1 (P) \rightarrow 4 (A)	$2~(\text{B}) \rightarrow 3~(\text{R2})\!/4~(\text{A}) \rightarrow 5~(\text{R1})$
Valve mode		Sonic conductance	C dm ³ /(s/bar)	Sonic conductance	C dm ³ /(s/bar)	Sonic conductance	C dm ³ /(s/bar)	Sonic conductance	C dm ³ /(s/bar)
F15 T0 F15 T1 F15 T2	Outlet port dual use	1.72	1.56	1.56	1.46	2.01	1.84	2.00	1.90
F15 T3 F15 T4 F15 T5	6 and φ8 %These	1.72	1.53	1.57	1.43	2.02	1.78	2.14	1.79
F15 TA F15 TB F15 TC	cases of φ8.	1.48	1.47	1.38	1.34	1.57	1.61	1.46	1.56
F15 T0 F15 T1 F15 T2		1.50	1.46	1.38	1.39	1.67	1.70	1.77	1.71
F15 T3 F15 T4 F15 T5	Outlet port $\phi 6$ fitting	1.52	1.46	1.39	1.37	1.67	1.66	1.77	1.69
F15 TA F15 TB F15 TC		1.37	1.39	1.28	1.30	1.41	1.50	1.39	1.44
F15_T0_ F15_T1_ F15_T2_		1.73	1.56	1.60	1.47	2.05	1.83	1.98	1.92
F15_T3_ F15_T4_ F15_T5_	Outlet port $\phi 8$ fitting	1.72	1.54	1.60	1.45	2.05	1.78	2.11	1.68
F15 TA F15 TB F15 TC		1.49	1.48	1.39	1.36	1.58	1.60	1.47	1.55

Notes: 1. When the individual air supply spacer or the individual air exhaust spacer, the back pressure prevention valve, or the stop valve is used, sonic conductance decreases by about 30%.2: For the flow rate characteristics of other outlet ports, consult us.

Remark: Specification values are based on Koganei test standards.

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Single Valve Unit Mass

F15 T	F15_TA1	F15_TA2	F15 T -FJ	F15_TFJ5	F15_TFJ6		
Outlet portion	Outlet portion	Outlet portion	Outlet portion	Outlet portion	Outlet portion		
None	With plate	With plate	With dual use fitting block	With $\phi 6$ fitting block	With $\phi 8$ fitting block		
Inlet portion	Inlet portion	Inlet portion	Inlet portion	Inlet portion	Inlet portion		
None	None	With A type sub-base	None	None	None		
82 [2.89]	101 [3.56]	210 [7.41]	114 [4.02]	125 [4.41]	130 [4.59]		

				g [oz.]
F15_TFM	F15_TF3	F15_TF4	F15_TF5	F15_TF6
Outlet portion	Outlet portion	Outlet portion	Outlet portion	Outlet portion
With female thread block	With dual use fitting block	With female thread block	With $\phi 6$ fitting block	With $\phi 8$ fitting block
Inlet portion	Inlet portion	Inlet portion	Inlet portion	Inlet portion
None	With female thread block	With female thread block	With female thread block	With female thread block
104 [3.67]	127 [4.48]	117 [4.13]	138 [4.87]	143 [5.04]

Basic Type F15T0 is 13 g [0.46 oz.] less than the mass shown above.

Monoblock Manifold Mass (single valve unit included)

	Mass calculation of each unit							
Monoblock manifold	4(A), 2(B) ports outlet specifications							
	Female t	hread block	Dual use	fitting block	φ6 fitt	ing block	φ8 fitt	ing block
A type	(230×n)+128	[(8.11×n)+4.51]	(240×n)+128	[(8.47×n)+4.51]	(251×n)+128	[(8.85×n)+4.51]	(256×n)+128	[(9.03×n)+4.51]
F type	(156×n)+116	[(5.50×n)+4.09]	(166×n)+116	[(5.86×n)+4.09]	(177×n)+116	[(6.24×n)+4.09]	(182×n)+116	[(6.42×n)+4.09]

	Additional mass (wire-saving type)					
Monoblock manifold	Wiring specification					
	-F100N, -F101N	-F200N, -F201N, -F260N	-D250N, -D251N			
A type	340+4n [11.99+0.14n]	342+4n [12.06+0.14n]	346+4n [12.20+0.14n]			
F type	192+4n [6.77+0.14n]	194+4n [6.84+0.14n]	198+4n [6.98+0.14n]			

Calculation example : F15M8AM

stn.1~stn.8 F15T1-A1-PS DC24V

(230×8)+128=1968 g [69.42 oz.]

When mounting the block-off plate, subtract 100 g [3.53 oz] per unit from the above calculation result.

When mounting the F15 T0 specification valve, subtract 13 g [0.46 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

PC Board Manifold Mass (single valve unit included)

	Mass calculation of each unit						
PC board manifold		Circuit board and					
	Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	ϕ 6 fitting block	φ8 fitting block	connector portion		
A type	(230×n)+128 [(8.11×n)+4	51] (240×n)+128 [(8.47×n)+4.5	1] (251×n)+128 [(8.85×n)+4.51]	(256×n)+128 [(9.03×n)+4.51]	(2×n)+29		
F type	(162×n)+121 [(5.71×n)+4	27] (172×n)+121 [(6.07×n)+4.2]	7] (183×n)+121 [(6.46×n)+4.27]	(188×n)+121 [(6.63×n)+4.27]	[(0.07×n)+1.02]		

Calculation example : F15M8APM-F201-W

stn.1~stn.8 F15T1-A1-PP DC24V

(230×8)+128+(2×8)+29=2013 g [71.01 oz.]

When mounting the block-off plate, subtract 100 g [3.53 oz] per unit from the above calculation result.

When mounting the F15 T0 specification valve, subtract 13 g [0.46 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

Optional Parts Mass

Stop valve (-STP): 50g [1.76 oz.]

- [--]

g [oz.]

g [oz.]

g [oz.]

Mass of Split Manifold and Serial Transmission Compatible Manifold

Because the valve and manifold have the same output specifications, their mass is the same. The mass can only be changed by choosing a different type of inlet/outlet block.

Mass of Split Manifold Non-Plug-in Type (single valve unit included)

mass of Split Manif	g [oz.]				
Non-plug-in type	Mass calculation of each unit				
	4(A), 2(B) ports outlet specifications				
	Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	ϕ 6 fitting block	$\phi 8$ fitting block	
	(173×n)+249 [(6.10×n)+8.78] (183×n)+249 [(6.46×n)+8.78]	(194×n)+249 [(6.84×n)+8.78]	(199×n)+249 [(7.02×n)+8.78]	

g [oz.]

g [oz.]

Additional mass						
Piping block specification						
Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	ϕ 8 fitting block	ϕ 10 fitting block			
153 [5.40]	167 [5.89]	191 [6.74]	201 [7.09]			

Calculation example : F15M8N-MR

stn.1~stn.8 F15T1-A1-PS DC24V

(173×8)+249+153=1786 g [63.00 oz.]

When mounting the block-off plate, subtract 100 g [3.53 oz] per unit from the above calculation result.

When mounting the F15 T0 specification valve, subtract 13 g [0.46 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

Mass of Split Manifold Plug-in Type/ Serial Transmission Type (single valve unit included)

	Mass calculation of each unit					
Plug-in type	4(A), 2(B) ports outlet specifications					
Serial transmission	Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	$\phi 6$ fitting block	ϕ 8 fitting block		
compatible mannoid	(177×n)+249 [(6.24×n)+8.78]	(187×n)+249 [(6.60×n)+8.78]	(198×n)+249 [(6.98×n)+8.78]	(203×n)+249 [(7.16×n)+8.78]		

			g [oz.]			
Additional mass						
Piping block specification						
Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	ϕ 8 fitting block	ϕ 10 fitting block			
153 [5.40]	167 [5.89]	191 [6.74]	201 [7.09]			

				g [oz.]	
Additional mass					
Wiring block specification					
-F100, -F101	-F200 , -F201 , -F260	-D250, -D251	-D370NU	-T200	
32 [1.13]	34 [1.20]	39 [1.38]	72 [2.54]	158 [5.57]	

g [oz.]

Additional mass					
Serial transmission block specification					
Stand-alone type	Integrated type	Integrated type (For EtherCAT)	Integrated type (For EtherNet/IP)		
231 [8.15]	138 [4.87]	100 [3.53]	110 [3.88]		

Calculation example : F15M8PM-MR-F201 DC24V

stn.1~stn.8 F15T1-A1 DC24V

(177×8)+249+153+34=1852 g [65.33 oz.]

When mounting the block-off plate, subtract 100 g [3.53 oz] per unit from the above calculation result.

When mounting the F15 T0 specification valve, subtract 13 g [0.46 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

Mass of Easy Assembly Type Manifold and Serial Transmission Type Manifold

Mass of Easy Assembly Type Manifold Non-Plug-in Type (single valve unit included)

Mounting type	Mass calculation of each unit						
	Outlet port specifications						
	Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	φ6 fitting block	φ8 fitting block			
No code	(186 x n) + 309 [(6.56×n) + 10.90]	(196 x n) + 309 [(6.91×n) + 10.90]	(207 x n) + 309 [(7.30×n) + 10.90]	(212 x n) + 309 [(7.48×n) + 10.90]			
-DN	(186 x n) + 371 [(6.56×n) + 13.09]	(196 x n) + 371 [(6.91×n) + 13.09]	(207 x n) + 371 [(7.30×n) + 13.09]	(212 x n) + 371 [(7.48×n) + 13.09]			
-DR	(189 x n) + 387 [(6.67×n) + 13.65]	(199 x n) + 387 [(7.02×n) + 13.65]	(210 x n) + 387 [(7.41×n) + 13.65]	(215 x n) + 387 [(7.58×n) + 13.65]			

g [oz.]

g [oz.]

g [oz.]

Fitting specifications	Additional mass						
	Intake/exhaust outlet						
	Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	ϕ 8 fitting block	φ10 fitting block			
J M	34 [1.20]	48 [1.70]	72 [2.54]	82 [2.90]			
JD MD	44 [1.55]	72 [2.54]	120 [4.23]	140 [4.94]			
J_T_MT_	-25 [-0.88]	17 [0.60]	89 [3.14]	119 [4.20]			

Calculation example: F15M8XNJ-JR-DR DC24V

stn.1 \sim 8 F15T1-A1-PS DC24V

(199 x 8) + 387 + 48 = 2027 g [71.50 oz.]

When mounting the block-off plate, subtract 100 g [3.53 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

When mounting the $F15\squareT0$ specification valve, subtract 13g [0.46 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

Mass of Easy Assembly Type Manifold Plug-in Type/Serial Transmission Type (single valve unit included)

	Mass calculation of each unit						
Mounting type	Outlet port specifications						
	Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	ϕ 6 fitting block	ϕ 8 fitting block			
No code	(189 x n) + 306 [(6.67×n) + 10.80]	(199 x n) + 306 [(7.02×n) + 10.80]	(210 x n) + 306 [(7.41×n) + 10.80]	(215 x n) + 306 [(7.58×n) + 10.80]			
-DN	(189 x n) + 369 [(6.67×n) + 13.01]	(199 x n) + 369 [(7.02×n) + 13.01]	(210 x n) + 369 [(7.41×n) + 13.01]	(215 x n) + 369 [(7.58×n) + 13.01]			
-DR	(192 x n) + 391 [(6.77×n) + 13.79]	(201 x n) + 391 [(7.09×n) + 13.79]	(213 x n) + 391 [(7.51×n) + 13.79]	(218 x n) + 391 [(7.69×n) + 13.79]			

				g [oz.]
Fitting specifications				
	Female thread block	Dual use fitting block	φ8 fitting block	φ10 fitting block
J M	34 [1.20]	48 [1.70]	72 [2.54]	82 [2.90]
J_D_MD_	44 [1.55]	72 [2.54]	120 [4.23]	140 [4.94]
J T MT	-27 [-0.95]	15 [0.53]	87 [3.07]	117 [4.13]

				g [oz.			
Additional mass							
	Wiring block	specifications					
00,	-F201, -F260	-D250	□, -D251□□	-T200			
	38 [1.34]	4	3 [1.52]	116 [4.09]			
Ad	ditional mass		g [oz.]				
ssion b	lock specifications (N	/lonoblock)					
-			The survey of th				
F	or EtherCAI	For E	therNet/IP	_			
	100 [3.53]	11	0 [3.88]	•			

Calculation example: F15M8XPJ-JR-F201-DR DC24V

stn.1 \sim 8 F15T1-A1 DC24V

(201 x 8) + 391 + 48 + 38 = 2085 g [73.55 oz.]

When mounting the block-off plate, subtract 100g [3.53 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

When mounting the F10 T0 specification valve, subtract 13g [0.46 oz.] per unit from the above calculation result.

F15 Series Easy Assembly Type Manifold Non-Plug-in Type Order Codes



Notes:1.Up to 20 valves, with one intermediate piping block.

2. Valve mounting location is from the left, with the solenoid on top, and the 4(A), 2(B) ports side in front.

3. When the valve specification is T1 or T2, the manual override lever is placed only on the A side.

4. When selecting J, M, or L (base piping type) for the manifold outlet specification, always enter -A1 (with plate) for the valve outlet type.



In addition, only 1 port isolator can be mounted in 1 manifold for -XSA, or 1 ex port isolator for -XSP and -XSR for a total of 2 locations. When shipping, the designated port isolators are mounted between the designated station and the station to its immediate left (the next smaller stn. No.).

- Cannot be mounted on the external pilot manifold. Only direct mounting is available.
- 7.Cannot be mounted on the internal pilot manifold.
- 8.Not available in external pilot type.
- 9.Not available with the individual exhaust spacer.

- 12. Wiring specifications of -P and -CP, the -M and -CM, positive common and negative common cannot be mounted together.
- 13. The IP65 protective structure around an electrical device that prevents the infiltration of solid foreign material and water from outside.
- 14. The 3-port specifications are only available in the valve specification **T0**, **T1**, and **T2**.
- 15. Can be selected only when the manifold type is XNH. KOGRNEI 187

Intermediate piping block

(When mounting an intermediate piping block to the manifold, complete the following type and specify the station specified on page 99.)



Manifold piping specifications	Intermediate piping block
JT	PJ
J5T	PJ5
J6T	PJ6
MT	PM
MTH	РМН



Pilot specification Blank: Internal pilot G: External pilot Manifold type
LN : Left side piping block (for non-plug-in type) without circuit board (with end lid)
RN : Right piping block, without circuit board
TN : Intermediate piping block (for non-plug-in type) without circuit board

Piping block Specification^{Note1} PJ : With dual use fitting ϕ 8, ϕ 10 PJ5: With single use fitting ϕ 8 PJ6: With single use fitting ϕ 10 PM : With female thread Rc 1/4 PMH: With female thread NPT 1/4 PP : Plate (without fitting)

Notes:1.The fitting of the piping block is included. One set of two connecting rods is also included for a LN and TN type manifold. 2.Port isolator selection only available when the piping block name is TN. 3.Only when the manifold type is LN or RN. F15 ORDER CODES







Precautions for Order Codes

Orders for valves only

Place orders from "Single Valve Unit Order Codes" on p. 64.

However, Blank, A2, F3, F4, F5, F6, F4A, F5B, F5A, F5B, F6A, and F6B cannot be selected for the valve outlet type. And for the wiring specification, Blank, PL, and PL3 cannot be selected. In addition, for common terminal wiring connections, separately order the common connector assemblies listed on the left.

F15 Series Easy Assembly Type Manifold Plug-in Type Order Codes



Notes: 1. For the maximum number of units, see the table for maximum number of valve units by wiring specification, on p. 108.

2. Not available in low-current type.

4. When selecting J, M, or L (base piping type) for the manifold outlet specification, always enter -A1 (with plate) for the valve outlet type.

^{3.} Valve mounting location is from the left, with the solenoid on top, and the 4(A), 2(B) ports side in front.



6. When the valve specification is T1 or T2, the manual override lever is placed only on the A side.

7. Port isolators can be installed only when piping blocks are mounted on both sides. In addition, only 1 port isolator can be mounted in 1 manifold for -XSA, or 1 each port isolator for -XSP and -XSR for a total of 2 locations. When shipping, the designated port isolators are mounted between the designated station and the station to its immediate left (the next smaller stn. No.).

8. Cannot be mounted on the external pilot manifold.

- 10. Not available in external pilot type.
- 11. Not available with the individual exhaust spacer.
- 12. The 3-port specifications are only available in the valve specification T0, T1, and T2.
- 13. Only L or Blank is available in the inch female thread specification and the manifold
- outlet specification.
- 14. Can be selected only when the manifold type is XP.
- 15. Can be selected only when the manifold type is XPH.

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Intermediate piping block

(When mounting an intermediate piping block to the manifold, complete the following type and specify the station specified on page 105.)



Manifold piping specifications	Intermediate piping block
JT	PJ
J5T	PJ5
J6T	PJ6
MT	PM
MTH	PMH



Notes: 1. The fitting of the piping block is included. One set of two connecting rods is also included for a LN and TN type manifold.

2. Port isolator selection only available when the piping block name is TK.

3. Only when the manifold type is LK or RN.



T200 : Terminal block, for left-side mounting

% The above flat cable connectors and D-sub connectors can be switched between the top and side type.



Manifold Order Code Example (12 units of F15 Series) F15M12XPL-J6T-F201-DR DC24V stn.9 F15T1-A1-J5 DC24V stn.9 F15ZX-PJ6-TK stn.10 ~ 12 F15T1-A1-J5 DC24V Note:This order code example has no relationship to the illustration above.

Precautions for Order Codes

Orders for valves only

Place orders from "Single Valve Unit Order Codes" on p. 64.

However, Blank, A2, F3, F4, F5, F6, F4A, F5B, F6A, F5B, F6A, or F6B cannot be selected for the valve outlet type. For the wiring specification, Blank is the only selection.

Wiring connection specification

Blank (packed wiring): Wiring is made in accordance with the mounted valve specifications.

-W (double wiring): Wiring is always for the double solenoid, regardless of the specifications of the mounted valve.

Caution

Single or double can also be selected as the block-off plate wiring specification separately from the manifold (valve) wiring specification.

Manifold out	tlet specifi	cation	Pilot spe	ecification		Transmissi	ion block specificati	on 🔳 W	iring connecti	on specificatio	n
With dual use fitting	blocks With	selectable fittings	Blank			※ All transmiss	sion blocks are left-side m		Blank		
(base piping typ	ce) (bas	e piping type)	Internal pi	lot manifold		specification	ns compatible with each s	/stem. Pac	cked wiring: Speci	fication of the valve bas	e is
(base piping type) (base piping type) J J J J J J J J	ing Outle selec with speci blocks With ce) (dire	Elank	Blank Internal pi External p Fipin Fittir -JR: -JL: -JD: -JD: Fitti Fem -ML: -MD Fem Sing -JSR -JSL -JSD Fitti Inter -JSL -JST	lot manifold ilot manifold g block specification g block specification Female thread, I Female thread, I Female thread, I H: Female thread, I Single use fitting g ize (1(P), 3, 5 Single use fitting size (1(P), 3, 5 mediate piping : Single use fitting : Single use fitt	a (air supply and exha ight-side mounting poth-side mounting poth-side mounting ft-side mounting poth-side mounting poth-side mounting ft-side mounting poth-side mourning, left-side mourning, le	* These are the specification	e right photo is the case of al. see p. 41-44. ce RON CompoBus/S (16 c Link (16 outputs)Note2 Link (32 outputs)Note2 Link (32 outputs)Note2 Link (32 outputs) iceNet (16 outputs) iceNet (16 outputs) orCAT (16 outputs) orCAT (16 outputs) rrCAT (16 outputs) rrCAT (16 outputs) rrNet/IP (16 outputs)Note erNet/IP (32 outputs)Note	vstem. Pac pof B7A utputs)	 cked wiring: Special alway mounding wiring: Valve wiring: Valve wiring special valve. Mounting Blank Direct mou Direct mou Uith DIN b Caution: Final straight for the straight	fication of the valve bass s in accordance with the ted valve specifications base is always double regardless of the ications of the mounte specification nting racket (no rail) racket, with rail or information on ills assembled an ipped, see page 37 and 138. e size 5 Standard t	e is d d
F15M	15 mm [0. width	.591 in.]	- 16T	mounting, inte block ϕ 8	ermediate piping				F1:	5L Low-curre	nt type
			-101	mounting, inter block \u00f610	ermediate piping						
			-MT	: Female thread intermediate p	l, both-side moun piping block Rc1/4	ing,					
			-MI	 Female thread intermediate p NPT1/4^{Note13} 	i, both-side mount piping block	ing,					
	•] []	Mara ifa lal			•	Transmiss	,	•	↓ Maruntin n	
	Valve size	Valve units	Manifold type	Manifold outlet specification	Pilot specification	Piping block speci	ification Transmiss specifi	ion block cation	Wiring connection specification	Mounting	
						Manifold type					
Base piping type			XS (**Rc)	J	Blank G	-JR -J5R -JL -J5L -JD -J5D -MR -J6R -ML -J6L -MD -J6D	-JT -J5T -J6T -MT -B3 ^{Note2} -H -B3 ^{Note2} -K -D1 -K	3 -M1 Note2 1 -M3 Note2 1 3	Blank -W	Blank -DN -DR	
Base piping type selectable fitting	F15M	2 : Note1	XS (%Rc) XSH (%NPT) Only L or Blank is available in	L	Blank G	-JR -MLHNote13 - -JL -MDHNote13 - -JD -J5R - -MR -J5L - -ML -J5D - -MD -J6R - -MRHNote13 -J6L	-J6D -JT -J5T -J6T -MT -MT -MTHNde13	3 -M1 ^{Note2} 1 -M3 ^{Note2} 1 3	Blank -W	Blank -DN -DR	
Direct piping type			the inch female thread specification and the manifold outlet specification.	Blank	Blank G	-JR -MLHNote13 -JL -MDHNote13 -JD -J5R -MR -J5L -ML -J5D -MD -J6R - -MRHNote13 -J6L	-J6D -JT -J5T -B1 ^{Note2} -H -B3 ^{Note2} -K -MT -D1 -K	3 -M1 ^{Note2} 1 -M3 ^{Note2} 1 3	Blank -W	Blank -DN -DR	

Notes 1. To determine the maximum number of units, see the table for maximum number of valve units by transmission block specification, on p. 114. 2. Complies with the CE marking regulation.



- 4. When selecting J, M, or L (base piping type) for the manifold outlet specifications, always enter -A1 (with plate) for the valve outlet type.
- 5. Single or double can also be selected as the block-off plate wiring specification separately from the manifold (valve) wiring specification.
- 6. When the valve specification is T1 or T2, the manual override lever is placed only on the A side. 7. Port isolators can be installed only when piping blocks are mounted on both sides. In addition, only 1 port
- isolator can be mounted in 1 manifold for -XSA, or 1 each port isolator for -XSP and -XSR for a total of 2 locations. When shipping, the designated port isolators are mounted between the designated station and the station to its immediate left (the next smaller stn. No.).
- 10. Not available in external pilot type.
- 11. Not available with the individual exhaust spacer. 12. The 3-port specifications are only available in the valve specification
- T0, T1, and T2. 13. Can be selected only when the manifold type is XSH.

Intermediate piping block

(When mounting an intermediate piping block to the manifold, complete the following type and specify the station specified on page 111.)



Note:See the following table for combinations of intermediate piping block port specifications and manifold piping block specifications.

Manifold piping specifications	Intermediate piping block
JT	PJ
J5T	PJ5
J6T	PJ6
MT	PM
MTH	PMH



Notes: 1. The fitting of the piping block is included. One set of two connecting rods is also included for a LN and TN type manifold.

- 2. Port isolator selection only available when the piping block name is TK.
- 3. Only when the manifold type is LK or RN.

F15 ORDER CODES

Serial transmission block (single unit)



Transmission block specification B1: For CC-Link (16 outputs) B3: For CC-Link (32 outputs) D1: For DeviceNet (16 outputs) D3: For DeviceNet (32 outputs) H1: For CompoNet (16 outputs)



Transmission block specification K1: For EtherCAT (16 outputs) K3: For EtherCAT (32 outputs) M1: For EtherNet/IP (16 outputs) M3: For EtherNet/IP (32 outputs)

Table for maximum number of valve units by transmission block specification

	Maximum number of units Wiring connection specification			
Transmission block specifications	Max. outputs	Packed wiring (Blank)	Double wiring (-W)	
-B1: For CC-Link (16 outputs)	16	Varies depending on the	8 units	
-B3: For CC-Link (32 outputs)	32	number of mounted single	16 units	
-D1: For DeviceNet (16 outputs)	16	solenoids, and block-off	8 units	
-D3: For DeviceNet (32 outputs)	32	plates.	16 units	
-H1: For CompoNet (16 outputs)	16	The number of controlled	8 units	
-K1: For EtherCAT (16 outputs)	16	designated as the	8 units	
-K3: For EtherCAT (32 outputs)	32	maximum number of	16 units	
-M1: For EtherNet/IP (16 outputs)	16	-B3, -D3, -K3, and -M3 are	8 units	
-M3: For EtherNet/IP (32 outputs)	32	a maximum of 20 units.	16 units	





Precautions for Order Codes

Orders for valves only

Place orders from "Single Valve Unit Order Codes" on p. 64.

However, Blank, A2, F3, F4, F5, F6, F4A, F5B, F6A, F5B, F6A, or F6B cannot be selected for the valve outlet type. For the wiring specification, Blank is the only selection.

Wiring connection specification

Blank (packed wiring): Wiring is made in accordance with the mounted valve specifications.

-W (double wiring): Wiring is always for the double solenoid, regardless of the specifications of the mounted valve.

Caution

Single or double can also be selected as the block-off plate wiring specification separately from the manifold (valve) wiring specification.

F15M Number of units XN M Pilot specifications - Piping block specifications (Base piping type)

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block S type plug connector



-JT: Intermediate piping block dimensions

Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2*	P2∗	Length of DIN rail Note
2	113 [4.449]	87 [3.425]	175 [6.890]	-	-	-
3	129 [5.079]	103 [4.055]	175 [6.890]	148 [5.827]	122 [4.803]	175 [6.890]
4	145 [5.709]	119 [4.685]	200 [7.874]	164 [6.457]	138 [5.433]	200 [7.874]
5	161 [6.339]	135 [5.315]	225 [8.858]	180 [7.087]	154 [6.063]	225 [8.858]
6	177 [6.969]	151 [5.945]	225 [8.858]	196 [7.717]	170 [6.693]	225 [8.858]
7	193 [7.598]	167 [6.575]	250 [9.843]	212 [8.346]	186 [7.323]	250 [9.843]
8	209 [8.228]	183 [7.205]	250 [9.843]	228 [8.976]	202 [7.953]	275 [10.827]
9	225 [8.858]	199 [7.835]	275 [10.827]	244 [9.606]	218 [8.583]	275 [10.827]
10	241 [9.488]	215 [8.465]	300 [11.811]	260 [10.236]	234 [9.213]	300 [11.811]
11	257 [10.118]	231 [9.094]	300 [11.811]	276 [10.866]	250 [9.843]	325 [12.795]
12	273 [10.748]	247 [9.724]	325 [12.795]	292 [11.496]	266 [10.472]	325 [12.795]
13	289 [11.378]	263 [10.354]	350 [13.780]	308 [12.126]	282 [11.102]	350 [13.780]
14	305 [12.008]	279 [10.984]	350 [13.780]	324 [12.756]	298 [11.732]	350 [13.780]
15	321 [12.638]	295 [11.614]	375 [14.764]	340 [13.386]	314 [12.362]	375 [14.764]
16	337 [13.268]	311 [12.244]	400 [15.748]	356 [14.016]	330 [12.992]	400 [15.748]
17	353 [13.898]	327 [12.874]	400 [15.748]	372 [14.646]	346 [13.622]	400 [15.748]
18	369 [14.528]	343 [13.504]	425 [16.732]	388 [15.276]	362 [14.252]	425 [16.732]
19	385 [15.157]	359 [14.134]	450 [17.717]	404 [15.906]	378 [14.882]	450 [17.717]
20	401 [15.787]	375 [14.764]	450 [17.717]	420 [16.535]	394 [15.512]	450 [17.717]
21	-	-	-	436 [17.165]	410 [16.142]	475 [18.701]

Note: When the $J \square T$ or MT piping block specifications is selected.

F15M Number of units XN Pilot specifications - Piping block specifications (Direct piping type)

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block S type plug connector



Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2∗	P2⁺	Length of DIN rail Note
2	113 [4.449]	87 [3.425]	175 [6.890]	-	-	-
3	129 [5.079]	103 [4.055]	175 [6.890]	148 [5.827]	122 [4.803]	175 [6.890]
4	145 [5.709]	119 [4.685]	200 [7.874]	164 [6.457]	138 [5.433]	200 [7.874]
5	161 [6.339]	135 [5.315]	225 [8.858]	180 [7.087]	154 [6.063]	225 [8.858]
6	177 [6.969]	151 [5.945]	225 [8.858]	196 [7.717]	170 [6.693]	225 [8.858]
7	193 [7.598]	167 [6.575]	250 [9.843]	212 [8.346]	186 [7.323]	250 [9.843]
8	209 [8.228]	183 [7.205]	250 [9.843]	228 [8.976]	202 [7.953]	275 [10.827]
9	225 [8.858]	199 [7.835]	275 [10.827]	244 [9.606]	218 [8.583]	275 [10.827]
10	241 [9.488]	215 [8.465]	300 [11.811]	260 [10.236]	234 [9.213]	300 [11.811]
11	257 [10.118]	231 [9.094]	300 [11.811]	276 [10.866]	250 [9.843]	325 [12.795]
12	273 [10.748]	247 [9.724]	325 [12.795]	292 [11.496]	266 [10.472]	325 [12.795]
13	289 [11.378]	263 [10.354]	350 [13.780]	308 [12.126]	282 [11.102]	350 [13.780]
14	305 [12.008]	279 [10.984]	350 [13.780]	324 [12.756]	298 [11.732]	350 [13.780]
15	321 [12.638]	295 [11.614]	375 [14.764]	340 [13.386]	314 [12.362]	375 [14.764]
16	337 [13.268]	311 [12.244]	400 [15.748]	356 [14.016]	330 [12.992]	400 [15.748]
17	353 [13.898]	327 [12.874]	400 [15.748]	372 [14.646]	346 [13.622]	400 [15.748]
18	369 [14.528]	343 [13.504]	425 [16.732]	388 [15.276]	362 [14.252]	425 [16.732]
19	385 [15.157]	359 [14.134]	450 [17.717]	404 [15.906]	378 [14.882]	450 [17.717]
20	401 [15.787]	375 [14.764]	450 [17.717]	420 [16.535]	394 [15.512]	450 [17.717]
21	-	-	-	436 [17.165]	410 [16.142]	475 [18.701]

Note: When the $J \square T$ or MT piping block specifications is selected.

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block Flat cable connector 10-pin specifications



With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block Flat cable connector 20-pin specifications



Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2∗	P2⁺	Length of DIN rail Note
2	126 [4.961]	87 [3.425]	175 [6.890]	-	-	-
3	142 [5.591]	103 [4.055]	200 [7.874]	161 [6.339]	122 [4.803]	200 [7.874]
4	158 [6.220]	119 [4.685]	200 [7.874]	177 [6.969]	138 [5.433]	225 [8.858]
5	174 [6.850]	135 [5.315]	225 [8.858]	193 [7.598]	154 [6.063]	225 [8.858]
6	190 [7.480]	151 [5.945]	250 [9.843]	209 [8.228]	170 [6.693]	250 [9.843]
7	206 [8.110]	167 [6.575]	250 [9.843]	225 [8.858]	186 [7.323]	250 [9.843]
8	222 [8.740]	183 [7.205]	275 [10.827]	241 [9.488]	202 [7.953]	275 [10.827]
9	238 [9.370]	199 [7.835]	300 [11.811]	257 [10.118]	218 [8.583]	300 [11.811]
10	254 [10.000]	215 [8.465]	300 [11.811]	273 [10.748]	234 [9.213]	300 [11.811]
11	270 [10.630]	231 [9.094]	325 [12.795]	289 [11.378]	250 [9.843]	325 [12.795]
12	286 [11.260]	247 [9.724]	350 [13.780]	305 [12.008]	266 [10.472]	350 [13.780]
13	302 [11.890]	263 [10.354]	350 [13.780]	321 [12.638]	282 [11.102]	350 [13.780]
14	318 [12.520]	279 [10.984]	375 [14.764]	337 [13.268]	298 [11.732]	375 [14.764]
15	334 [13.150]	295 [11.614]	375 [14.764]	353 [13.898]	314 [12.362]	400 [15.748]
16	350 [13.780]	311 [12.244]	400 [15.748]	369 [14.528]	330 [12.992]	400 [15.748]
17	-	-	-	385 [15.157]	346 [13.622]	425 [16.732]

Note: When the $J \square T$ or MT piping block specifications is selected.

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block Flat cable connector 26-pin specifications



Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2*	P2⁺	Length of DIN rail Note
2	126 [4.961]	87 [3.425]	175 [6.890]	-	-	-
3	142 [5.591]	103 [4.055]	200 [7.874]	161 [6.339]	122 [4.803]	200 [7.874]
4	158 [6.220]	119 [4.685]	200 [7.874]	177 [6.969]	138 [5.433]	225 [8.858]
5	174 [6.850]	135 [5.315]	225 [8.858]	193 [7.598]	154 [6.063]	225 [8.858]
6	190 [7.480]	151 [5.945]	250 [9.843]	209 [8.228]	170 [6.693]	250 [9.843]
7	206 [8.110]	167 [6.575]	250 [9.843]	225 [8.858]	186 [7.323]	250 [9.843]
8	222 [8.740]	183 [7.205]	275 [10.827]	241 [9.488]	202 [7.953]	275 [10.827]
9	238 [9.370]	199 [7.835]	300 [11.811]	257 [10.118]	218 [8.583]	300 [11.811]
10	254 [10.000]	215 [8.465]	300 [11.811]	273 [10.748]	234 [9.213]	300 [11.811]
11	270 [10.630]	231 [9.094]	325 [12.795]	289 [11.378]	250 [9.843]	325 [12.795]
12	286 [11.260]	247 [9.724]	350 [13.780]	305 [12.008]	266 [10.472]	350 [13.780]
13	302 [11.890]	263 [10.354]	350 [13.780]	321 [12.638]	282 [11.102]	350 [13.780]
14	318 [12.520]	279 [10.984]	375 [14.764]	337 [13.268]	298 [11.732]	375 [14.764]
15	334 [13.150]	295 [11.614]	375 [14.764]	353 [13.898]	314 [12.362]	400 [15.748]
16	350 [13.780]	311 [12.244]	400 [15.748]	369 [14.528]	330 [12.992]	400 [15.748]
17	366 [14.409]	327 [12.874]	425 [16.732]	385 [15.157]	346 [13.622]	425 [16.732]
18	382 [15.039]	343 [13.504]	425 [16.732]	401 [15.787]	362 [14.252]	450 [17.717]
19	398 [15.669]	359 [14.134]	450 [17.717]	417 [16.417]	378 [14.882]	450 [17.717]
20	414 [16.299]	375 [14.764]	475 [18.701]	433 [17.047]	394 [15.512]	475 [18.701]
21	-	-	-	449 [17.677]	410 [16.142]	475 [18.701]

Note: When the $J \square T$ or MT piping block specifications is selected.

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block Flat cable connector 26-pin specifications



Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2∗	P2⁺	Length of DIN rail Note
2	126 [4.961]	87 [3.425]	175 [6.890]	-	-	-
3	142 [5.591]	103 [4.055]	200 [7.874]	161 [6.339]	122 [4.803]	200 [7.874]
4	158 [6.220]	119 [4.685]	200 [7.874]	177 [6.969]	138 [5.433]	225 [8.858]
5	174 [6.850]	135 [5.315]	225 [8.858]	193 [7.598]	154 [6.063]	225 [8.858]
6	190 [7.480]	151 [5.945]	250 [9.843]	209 [8.228]	170 [6.693]	250 [9.843]
7	206 [8.110]	167 [6.575]	250 [9.843]	225 [8.858]	186 [7.323]	250 [9.843]
8	222 [8.740]	183 [7.205]	275 [10.827]	241 [9.488]	202 [7.953]	275 [10.827]
9	238 [9.370]	199 [7.835]	300 [11.811]	257 [10.118]	218 [8.583]	300 [11.811]
10	254 [10.000]	215 [8.465]	300 [11.811]	273 [10.748]	234 [9.213]	300 [11.811]
11	270 [10.630]	231 [9.094]	325 [12.795]	289 [11.378]	250 [9.843]	325 [12.795]
12	286 [11.260]	247 [9.724]	350 [13.780]	305 [12.008]	266 [10.472]	350 [13.780]
13	302 [11.890]	263 [10.354]	350 [13.780]	321 [12.638]	282 [11.102]	350 [13.780]
14	318 [12.520]	279 [10.984]	375 [14.764]	337 [13.268]	298 [11.732]	375 [14.764]
15	334 [13.150]	295 [11.614]	375 [14.764]	353 [13.898]	314 [12.362]	400 [15.748]
16	350 [13.780]	311 [12.244]	400 [15.748]	369 [14.528]	330 [12.992]	400 [15.748]
17	366 [14.409]	327 [12.874]	425 [16.732]	385 [15.157]	346 [13.622]	425 [16.732]
18	382 [15.039]	343 [13.504]	425 [16.732]	401 [15.787]	362 [14.252]	450 [17.717]
19	398 [15.669]	359 [14.134]	450 [17.717]	417 [16.417]	378 [14.882]	450 [17.717]
20	414 [16.299]	375 [14.764]	475 [18.701]	433 [17.047]	394 [15.512]	475 [18.701]
21	-	-	-	449 [17.677]	410 [16.142]	475 [18.701]

Note: When the $\mathsf{J}\Box\mathsf{T}$ or MT piping block specifications is selected.

F15M Number of units XP $\tilde{\mathbf{M}}_{L}$ Pilot specifications (Base piping specifications)

. 1

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting blocks Terminal block type



Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2*	P2⁺	Length of DIN rail Note
2	157 [6.181]	87 [3.425]	200 [7.874]	-	-	-
3	173 [6.811]	103 [4.055]	225 [8.858]	192 [7.559]	122 [4.803]	225 [8.858]
4	189 [7.441]	119 [4.685]	250 [9.843]	208 [8.189]	138 [5.433]	250 [9.843]
5	205 [8.071]	135 [5.315]	250 [9.843]	224 [8.819]	154 [6.063]	250 [9.843]
6	221 [8.701]	151 [5.945]	275 [10.827]	240 [9.449]	170 [6.693]	275 [10.827]
7	237 [9.331]	167 [6.575]	300 [11.811]	256 [10.079]	186 [7.323]	300 [11.811]
8	253 [9.961]	183 [7.205]	300 [11.811]	272 [10.709]	202 [7.953]	300 [11.811]
9	269 [10.591]	199 [7.835]	325 [12.795]	288 [11.339]	218 [8.583]	325 [12.795]
10	285 [11.220]	215 [8.465]	350 [13.780]	304 [11.969]	234 [9.213]	350 [13.780]
11	301 [11.850]	231 [9.094]	350 [13.780]	320 [12.598]	250 [9.843]	350 [13.780]
12	317 [12.480]	247 [9.724]	375 [14.764]	336 [13.228]	266 [10.472]	375 [14.764]
13	333 [13.110]	263 [10.354]	375 [14.764]	352 [13.858]	282 [11.102]	400 [15.748]
14	349 [13.740]	279 [10.984]	400 [15.748]	368 [14.488]	298 [11.732]	400 [15.748]
15	365 [14.370]	295 [11.614]	425 [16.732]	384 [15.118]	314 [12.362]	425 [16.732]
16	381 [15.000]	311 [12.244]	425 [16.732]	400 [15.748]	330 [12.992]	425 [16.732]
17	397 [15.630]	327 [12.874]	450 [17.717]	416 [16.378]	346 [13.622]	450 [17.717]
18	413 [16.260]	343 [13.504]	475 [18.701]	432 [17.008]	362 [14.252]	475 [18.701]
19	-	-	-	448 [17.638]	378 [14.882]	475 [18.701]

Note: When the $J \square T$ or MT piping block specifications is selected.
F15M Number of units XS M Pilot specifications (Base piping specifications)

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block

(Stand alone serial transmission block compatible minifold) *The figure shows CC-Link.

.



Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2⁺	P2⁺	Length of DIN rail Note
2	160 [6.299]	87 [3.425]	225 [8.858]	-	-	-
3	176 [6.929]	103 [4.055]	225 [8.858]	195 [7.677]	122 [4.803]	225 [8.858]
4	192 [7.559]	119 [4.685]	250 [9.843]	211 [8.307]	138 [5.433]	250 [9.843]
5	208 [8.189]	135 [5.315]	250 [9.843]	227 [8.937]	154 [6.063]	275 [10.827]
6	224 [8.819]	151 [5.945]	275 [10.827]	243 [9.567]	170 [6.693]	275 [10.827]
7	240 [9.449]	167 [6.575]	300 [11.811]	259 [10.197]	186 [7.323]	300 [11.811]
8	256 [10.079]	183 [7.205]	300 [11.811]	275 [10.827]	202 [7.953]	300 [11.811]
9	272 [10.709]	199 [7.835]	325 [12.795]	291 [11.457]	218 [8.583]	325 [12.795]
10	288 [11.339]	215 [8.465]	350 [13.780]	307 [12.087]	234 [9.213]	350 [13.780]
11	304 [11.969]	231 [9.094]	350 [13.780]	323 [12.717]	250 [9.843]	350 [13.780]
12	320 [12.598]	247 [9.724]	375 [14.764]	339 [13.346]	266 [10.472]	375 [14.764]
13	336 [13.228]	263 [10.354]	400 [15.748]	355 [13.976]	282 [11.102]	400 [15.748]
14	352 [13.858]	279 [10.984]	400 [15.748]	371 [14.606]	298 [11.732]	400 [15.748]
15	368 [14.488]	295 [11.614]	425 [16.732]	387 [15.236]	314 [12.362]	425 [16.732]
16	384 [15.118]	311 [12.244]	425 [16.732]	403 [15.866]	330 [12.992]	450 [17.717]
17	400 [15.748]	327 [12.874]	450 [17.717]	419 [16.496]	346 [13.622]	450 [17.717]
18	416 [16.378]	343 [13.504]	475 [18.701]	435 [17.126]	362 [14.252]	475 [18.701]
19	432 [17.008]	359 [14.134]	475 [18.701]	451 [17.756]	378 [14.882]	500 [19.685]
20	448 [17.638]	375 [14.764]	500 [19.685]	467 [18.386]	394 [15.512]	500 [19.685]
21	-	-	-	483 [19.016]	410 [16.142]	525 [20.669]

Note: When the $J \square T$ or MT piping block specifications is selected.

F15M Number of units XS M Pilot specifications (Base piping specifications)

With manifold outlet port dual use fitting block <EtherCAT/EtherNet/IP>*The figure shows EtherCat.



Unit dimensions

Number of units	L1	P1	Length of DIN rail	L2⁺	P2∗	Length of DIN rail Note
2	136.6 [5.378]	87 [3.425]	200 [7.874]	-	-	-
3	152.6 [6.008]	103 [4.055]	200 [7.874]	171.6 [6.756]	122 [4.803]	200 [7.874]
4	168.6 [6.638]	119 [4.685]	225 [8.858]	187.6 [7.386]	138 [5.433]	225 [8.858]
5	184.6 [7.268]	135 [5.315]	250 [9.843]	203.6 [8.016]	154 [6.063]	250 [9.843]
6	200.6 [7.898]	151 [5.945]	250 [9.843]	219.6 [8.646]	170 [6.693]	250 [9.843]
7	216.6 [8.528]	167 [6.575]	275 [10.827]	235.6 [9.276]	186 [7.323]	275 [10.827]
8	232.6 [9.157]	183 [7.205]	275 [10.827]	251.6 [9.906]	202 [7.953]	300 [11.811]
9	248.6 [9.787]	199 [7.835]	300 [11.811]	267.6 [10.535]	218 [8.583]	300 [11.811]
10	264.6 [10.417]	215 [8.465]	325 [12.795]	283.6 [11.165]	234 [9.213]	325 [12.795]
11	280.6 [11.047]	231 [9.094]	325 [12.795]	299.6 [11.795]	250 [9.843]	325 [12.795]
12	296.6 [11.677]	247 [9.724]	350 [13.780]	315.6 [12.425]	266 [10.472]	350 [13.780]
13	312.6 [12.307]	263 [10.354]	375 [14.764]	331.6 [13.055]	282 [11.102]	375 [14.764]
14	328.6 [12.937]	279 [10.984]	375 [14.764]	347.6 [13.685]	298 [11.732]	375 [14.764]
15	344.6 [13.567]	295 [11.614]	400 [15.748]	363.6 [14.315]	314 [12.362]	400 [15.748]
16	360.6 [14.197]	311 [12.244]	425 [16.732]	379.6 [14.945]	330 [12.992]	425 [16.732]
17	376.6 [14.827]	327 [12.874]	425 [16.732]	395.6 [15.575]	346 [13.622]	425 [16.732]
18	392.6 [15.457]	343 [13.504]	450 [17.717]	411.6 [16.205]	362 [14.252]	450 [17.717]
19	408.6 [16.087]	359 [14.134]	450 [17.717]	427.6 [16.835]	378 [14.882]	475 [18.701]
20	424.6 [16.717]	375 [14.764]	475 [18.701]	443.6 [17.465]	394 [15.512]	475 [18.701]
21	-	-	-	459.6 [18.094]	410 [16.142]	500 [19.685]

Note: When the $\mathsf{J}\Box\mathsf{T}$ or MT piping block specifications is selected.

Additional parts (available separately)

•Muffler: KM-J10 [for both plug-in and non-plug-in]



Muffler: KM-J8





KOGANEI

Catalog No. BK-A0006



http://www.koganei.co.jp



iB-Flow main unit

All products are RoHS compliant

Constantly monitors and corrects cylinder takt time automatically!

Takt Time Controller New release!

Koganei Brand

- Air cylinders can operate continuously at set takt time (operation time).
- Avoid equipment stoppage and eliminate adjustments due to variations in takt time.
- Monitoring errors helps predictive maintenance and quality stabilization.



Takt Time Controller



Connects up to 16 units! <Daisy chain connection>





CAUTION Read the safety precautions on page 🕜 before using this product.



Takt Time Controller is used to control the cylinder takt time (operation time) automatically

In the past	
	 Variations in pressure and cylinder's sliding resistance cause fluctuations in cylinder takt time that may stop equipment. Considering variations in cylinder takt time cannot improve the overall takt time of the equipment. Cylinder speed varies so an expensive electric robot had to be used. There was a lot of maintenance work because of the fluctuations in takt time.
Using the Takt Time Controll	er
A CON	Equipment operates smoothly because takt time is corrected automatically even if takt time varies due to variations of pressure and cylinder's sliding resistance.
	It is also possible to replace electric robots with air cylinders, depending on conditions, through monitoring and correcting takt time.
	 It is possible to acquire information such as cylinder operating life, and other conditions by monitoring the takt time. It is possible to improve the overall takt time by stabilizing cylinder takt time.
	It is possible to reduce the number of equipment stops and greatly reduce maintenance by stabilizing takt time. It is possible to monitor takt time and error output on PLCs or computers by connecting multiple Takt Time.
	Controllers (up to 16 units).

Theory of the Takt Time Controller's automatic correction

<Setting example> X In the following example, the operating time settings are in the push-side stroke, however, the same settings can be done in the pull-side stroke.





- The ON/OFF signals of the two sensor switches at either stroke end of the cylinder are sent via the iB-Flow main unit to the Takt Time Controller. The cylinder operating time is measured and monitoring is done constantly. If the operating time leaves the correction standby zone, the opening (throttling) of the iB-Flow main unit is adjusted a little at a time and continues correcting automatically until it returns to the correction standby zone.
- •The operating time is measured at each stroke while correction is performed, if it is running fast, the iB-Flow main unit closes a little, or opens a little if it is slow. The number of corrections needed to return to correction standby mode depends on the operating conditions.
- Correction is not done while the operation time is within the correction point range (correction standby zone).
- Error output delivered when operation time exceeds error point, error output is cancelled when it returns to the OK zone.



⁽only connect when doing settings)



Auto adjustment of double acting cylinder operation time (cycle time) Auto Set Mode



Workpiece

Auto adjustment of double acting cylinder operation time

To adjust the cylinder speed, each numeric target operation time (takt time) for extending and retracting side is input into the setting device, and the speed is adjusted automatically.

Takt time management of a device is simple, which greatly reduces adjustment work.

Speed adjustment is performed by measuring actual operation time, so differences between individual cylinders, piping

distances, and other issues are not factors.

* For details, see the application example on page §



Target time setting

Setting range: 0.05 to 30 seconds

(when using setting device)

Digital setting of adjusting flow rate (throttling)

The needle rotation for flow rate setting of previous models can be easily configured with the setting device by entering a value representing 0 to 100% opening ratio.

This greatly reduces adjustment work and the chance of adjustment error.

It also provides a high degree of repeatability, for optimum flow rate precision adjustment.

※ For details, see the application example on page 6.



Opening setting 0 to 100%

(when using setting device)

Cylinder operation time measurement

Connecting the setting device to the iB-Flow main unit enables measurement of the cylinder operation time. This ability comes in handy when performing cylinder maintenance or when checking the device takt time.



Operating time display

Operating time measurement is performed in accordance with the ON/ OFF signals of two sensor switches at either stroke end of the cylinder.

(when using setting device)

Safe lock mechanism

Even when the setting device is not connected to the iB-Flow main unit, the needle opening (throttling ratio) is mechanically stored internally by the iB-Flow main unit for worry-free operation. There is no chance of inadvertent speed change (by flow rate) when the lock nut is tightened or of speed change by loosening nut as with previous models.



Once the needle opening is set, it is locked in place by an internal planetary gear. Power supply is not required after setting.

The setting device is required only for adjustment and operation time measurement. It does not normally need to be connected.

Setting device copy function for reduced work

The copy function of the setting device makes it possible to adjust an iB-Flow main unit mounted on another machine by transferring the numeric opening value from another unit.

Index labels, connector cover



Connector cover protects connectors.

Battery unit

Mounting a setting device onto a battery unit allows use even when a power supply is not available.



Battery unit

※ A setting device can be used without a battery unit. In that case, use of an AC adapter is required.

* Charging of the battery unit is required. Use the AC adapter for charging.

Support software for Takt Time Controller

Takt Time Controller parameters settings and operation time settings are done using the support software (free). % Download the support software from our home page.

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Paramet	er set	tings		Automati	c adjustme	ent of takt	time
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Opening adjustment

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Supported OS: Windows XP SP3, Windows Vista SP1 and later, and Windows 7

- Hardware: CPU Pentium 1 GHz or better, RAM 512 MB or better, monitor resolution SVGA (800 x 600) or better
- Required software: Microsoft .NET Framework 4
- Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft in the USA.

Before selecting and using the products, please read all the Safety Precautions carefully to ensure proper product use. The Safety Precautions described below are to help you use the product safely and correctly, and to prevent injury or damage to you, other people, and assets.

Always be sure to comply with the following safety regulations: ISO4414 (Pneumatic fluid power - General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components) and JIS B 8370 (General rules relating to systems).

The directions are ranked according to degree of potential danger or damage: "DANGER", "WARNING", "CAUTION", and "ATTENTION".

Indicates situations that can be clearly predicted as dangerous. Death or serious injury may result if the situation is not avoided. It could also result in damage or destruction of assets.
Indicates situations that, while not immediately dangerous, could become dangerous. Death or serious injury may result if the situation is not avoided. It could also result in damage or destruction of assets.
Indicates situations that, while not immediately dangerous, could become dangerous. Failure to avoid the situation creates the risk of minor or semi-serious injury. It could also result in damage or destruction of assets.
While there is little chance of injury, this content refers to points that should be observed for appropriate use of the product.

This product was designed and manufactured for use in general industrial machinery.

When selecting and handling equipment, the system designer or another person with sufficient knowledge and experience should always read the Safety Precautions, catalog, instruction manual, and other literature before commencing operation. Improper handling is dangerous.

- After reading the instruction manual, catalog, and other documentation, always store them in a location that allows easy availability for reference to users of this product.
- Whenever transferring or lending the product to another person, always attach the catalog, instruction manual, and other information to the product where they are easily visible in order to ensure that the new user can use the product safely and properly.
- The danger, warning and caution items listed under these Safety Precautions do not cover all possible contingencies. Read the catalog and instruction manual carefully, and always keep safety first.

1 DANGER

- Do not use the product for the purposes listed below:
 Medical equipment related to maintenance or management of human lives or bodies.
- Machines or equipment designed for the purpose of moving or transporting people.
- 3. Critical safety components in mechanical devices.

This product has not been planned or designed for purposes that require high levels of safety. Using the product in any of the ways described above creates the risk of loss of human life.

- Do not use the product in locations with or near dangerous substances such as flammable or ignitable substances. This product is not explosion-proof. Doing so creates the risk of ignition and fire.
- When mounting the product and workpiece, always make sure they are firmly supported and secured in place. Falling, dropping, or abnormal operation of the product creates the risk of personal injury.
- Persons using a pacemaker or other similar medical devices should maintain a distance of at least one meter [3.28 ft] away from the product. Getting too close to the product creates the risk of malfunction of a pacemaker due to the strong magnet built into the product.
- Never attempt to modify the product in any way. Doing so creates the risk of injury, electric shock, fire, etc.
- Never attempt inappropriate disassembly, assembly, or repair of the product relating to basic construction, or to its performance or functions. Doing so creates the risk of injury, electric shock, fire, etc.
- Do not allow water to splash on the product. Water spraying on the product, washing the product, or using the product under water creates the risk of malfunction, leading to injury, electric shock, fire, etc.
- While the product is in operation, avoid touching it with your hands or otherwise approaching too close. Also, do not attempt to make any adjustments to internal or attached mechanism, or to perform any type of adjustment (disconnecting tubes or sealed plugs, adjustment of the product's mounting position, etc.) while the product is in operation.

Falling, dropping, or abnormal operation of the product creates the risk of personal injury.

- Because KOGANEI products are designed for use under a wide variety of conditions, decisions concerning conformance with a particular system should be made upon the careful evaluation of person in charge of system design. Assurances concerning expected system performance and safety are the responsibility of the designer who decides system conformity. Be sure to use the latest catalogs and technical materials to study and evaluate specification details, to consider the possibility of machine breakdown, and to configure a system that ensures fail-safe safety and reliability.
- Do not use the product in excess of its specification ranges. Doing so creates the risk of product breakdown, loss of function, or damage. It could also drastically reduce the product's operating life.
- product's operating life.
 Be sure to fully implement shielding measures whenever using the product in the locations described below.
 Failure to do so creates the risk of abnormal operation, damage to machinery, or personal injury.
 - 1. Locations subject to large electric currents or strong magnetic fields
 - 2. Locations where static electricity and other noise are generated
 - 3. Locations that may be subject to radiation from radioactive emissions
- Before supplying air or electricity to the device and before starting operation, always conduct a safety check of the area where the machine is operating. Unintentional supply of air or electricity creates the risk of injury due to contact with moving parts.
- Do not touch terminals while power is turned on. Doing so creates the risk of electric shock and abnormal operation.
- Do not allow the product to be thrown into fire. Doing so creates the risk of explosion, resulting in the release of toxic gasses.
- Do not sit on the product, place your foot on it, or place other objects on it. Doing so creates the risk of injury due to tripping or the product tipping over, or dropping, resulting in product damage and abnormal, erratic or runaway operation.
- Before conducting maintenance, inspection, repair, replacement, or any other similar procedure, always completely cut off all air connections and confirm that residual pressure inside the product or in piping connected to the product is atmospheric pressure. In particular, be aware that

residual air will still be in the compressor or storage tank. The actuator may move abruptly if residual air pressure remains inside the piping, causing injury

- Use safety circuits or design a system that prevents damage to machinery and personal injury when the machine is shut down due to an emergency stop or electrical power failure.
- Before performing any kind of wiring work, be sure to turn off power. Failure to do so creates the risk of electric shock.
- Do not allow lead wires and other cords to become damaged. Allowing a cord to become cut, bent excessively, pulled, rolled up, or squeezed between two objects creates the risk of current leaks or defective continuity that can lead to fire, electric shock, or abnormal operation.
- Never apply unnecessary force to connectors while power is supplied. Doing so creates the risk of personal injury, device damage, and electric shock due to abnormal machine operation.
- Always check the catalog and other reference materials for correct product wiring and piping. Improper wiring and piping creates the risk of abnormal operation of the actuator, etc.
- Do not use the AC adapter cable, or the power or signal wires that come with the product in areas where moving portions are present. Doing so creates the risk of the wires being cut.
- Do not use any type of medium that is not specifically stipulated in the specifications. Using a non-specified medium could lead to short term loss of function, sudden degradation of performance, and a reduced operating life.
- After completing wiring work, check to make sure that all connections are correct before turning on power.
- Do not use in locations that are subject to direct sunlight (ultraviolet rays); locations with high humidity and temperature, dust, salt, or iron particles; or in locations with fluids and/or ambient atmosphere that include organic solvents, phosphate ester type hydraulic oil, sulfur dioxide, chlorine gas, acids, etc.

It could lead to early shutdown of some functions, a sudden degradation of performance, and a reduced operating life.

- This product uses sensitive electronic components. When handling the product, take care to avoid hitting or dropping it, allowing it to come into contact with other objects, or otherwise subjecting it to excessive impact. Even if the product appears undamaged, damage to internal components can cause abnormal operation.
- Use only the setting device and Takt Time Controller specified for this product. Use of a non-specified device creates the risk of product breakdown and runaway operation.
- Locate this product, the setting device, and Takt Time Controller in an area where there is little dust and dirt. Locating them in a location that is dusty and/or dirty creates the risk of malfunction or abnormal operation.
- When mounting the product, leave room for adequate working space around it. Failure to do so will make it more difficult to conduct daily inspections or maintenance, which could
- eventually lead to system shutdown or damage to the product. Do not scratch, dent, or deform the product by climbing on it, using it as a scaffold, or placing objects on top of it. Doing so creates the risk of damage to or breakage of the product,
- resulting in operational shutdown or degraded performance. Always post an "operations in progress" sign for installations, adjustments, or other operations, to avoid unintentional supplying of air or electrical power, etc. Unintended power or air supply can cause electric shock and sudden operation, creating the risk of personal injury.
- Do not bring any magnetic media or memory within one meter [3.28 ft] of the product. Doing so creates the risk of damage to data on the magnetic media due to magnetism.
- Use in extremely dry air under temperatures that exceed 20 degrees below zero Celsius [-4 °F] may affect the quality of the lubricating oil used. This creates the risk of degraded performance, loss of function, or other problems.
- For the medium, use clean air that does not include any oil or water.
- Product specifications allow for internal leakage. Do not use this product when zero internal leakage is required.
- Do not conduct insulation resistance tests and dielectric strength tests on the setting device or the Takt Time Controller.

- Whenever considering use of this product in situations or environments not specifically noted in the catalog or instruction manual, or in applications where safety is an important requirement such as in aircraft facilities, combustion equipment, leisure equipment, safety equipment, and other places where human life or assets may be greatly affected, take adequate safety precautions such as allowing plenty of margin for ratings and performance, or fail-safe measures. Be sure to contact KOGANEI before use in such applications.
- When handling the product, wear protective gloves, safety
- glasses, safety shoes, and other protective clothing. When the product can no longer be used or is no longer
- necessary, dispose of it appropriately as industrial waste. Pneumatic equipment can exhibit degraded performance and function over its operating life. Always conduct daily inspections of the pneumatic equipment, and confirm that all requisite system functions are satisfied, to prevent accidents from happening.
- For inquiries about the product, consult your nearest Koganei sales office or Koganei overseas department. The addresses and telephone numbers are shown on the back cover of this catalog.

/ Other

Always observe the following items.

 When using this product in pneumatic systems, always use genuine KOGANEI parts or compatible parts (recommended parts).

When conducting maintenance and repairs, always use genuine KOGANEI parts or compatible parts (recommended parts).

- Always observe the prescribed methods and procedures.
- 2. Never attempt inappropriate disassembly or assembly of the product relating to basic construction, or its performance or functions.

KOGANEI shall not be held responsible for any problems that occur as a result of these items not being properly observed.

Warranty and General Disclaimer

- 1. Warranty Period The warranty period for KOGANEI products is 180 days from the date of delivery.
- 2. Scope of Warranty and General Disclaimer
 (1) The KOGANEI product warranty covers individual
- products. When a product purchased from KOGANEI or from an authorized KOGANEI distributor malfunctions during the warranty period in a way that is attributed maintenable to KOGANEI responsibility, KOGANEI will repair or replace the product free of charge. Even if a product is still within the warranty period, its durability is determined by its operation cycles and other factors. Contact your nearest KOGANEI sales office or the KOGANÉI overseas department for details.
- (2) KOGANEI shall not be held responsible for any losses or for any damage to other machinery caused by breakdown, loss of function, or loss of performance of KOGANEI products. (3) KOGANEI shall not be held responsible for any losses
- due to use or storage of the product in a way that is outside of the product specifications prescribed in KOGANEI catalogs and the instruction manual, and/ or due to actions that violate the mounting, installation, adjustment, maintenance and other safety precautions.
- (4) KOGANEI shall not be held responsible for any losses caused by breakdown of the product due to factors outside the responsibility of KOGANEI, including but not limited to fire, natural disaster, the actions of third parties, and intentional actions or errors by you.

Installation

- Though there are no restrictions on the installation direction, the unit should be installed where it will not be directly subjected to strong impact and/or vibration.
- 2. Screw tightening torque when using the iB-Flow main unit mounting holes or a bracket are 0.5 N·m [4.4 in·lbf] for an M3 screw and 1.0 N·m [8.9 in·lbf] for an M4 screw. Exceeding the specified tightening torque may damage the iB-Flow main unit, the bracket, etc.
- 3. Use in a location or environment like those described below should be avoided because doing so can cause the product to malfunction. If the product must be used in such a location or environment, be sure to provide a cover and take other adequate protection countermeasures.
 - Locations where the product may be directly exposed to water droplets, oil droplets, etc.
 - · Environments where condensation is generated
 - Locations where the product may be directly exposed to machining chips, dust, etc.
- 4. Before performing piping work on the iB-Flow main unit, be sure to thoroughly flush the inside of the pipes with compressed air. Machining chips, sealing tape, rust and other debris getting in during piping work may result in air leaks, etc.
- **5.** This product cannot be used in application where zero leakage is required. Use a separately available stop valve in this case.

Mounting bracket

Multiple iB-Flow mounting brackets can be connected in series. Even different size (**IBFL-MB**, **IBFL-LB**) brackets can be connected in series.

Note: There is looseness in a serial connection. When stable mounting is required, secure each bracket with screws.





Tightening torque is 0.5 N·m [4.4 in·lbf] for M3 and 1.0 N·m [8.9 in·lbf] for M4.

Attaching and detaching tubing

Tubing installation precautions

- ① Cut the tubing so the cut cross section is at a right angle. Take care not to damage the outside surface of the tubing and not to cause the tubing to become oval shaped.
- (2) When installing tubing, failure to insert the tubing all the way up to the tube end can cause leakage.



③ Following installation, check to make sure that the tubing cannot be pulled out.

Tubing removal precautions

- (1) Before removing tubing, be sure to check to make sure that pressure inside the tubing is atmospheric pressure.
- ② Uniformly press the release ring inwards as far as it will go and then pull out the tubing. If you do not fully press in on the release ring, the tube may not come out, or the tubing may become scratched causing debris to be left inside the fitting.

Tube

Use of both nylon tubing and urethane tubing is supported. Nylon tube outside diameter precision should be within ± 0.1 mm [0.004 in] (nominal) for nylon tubing and within ± 0.15 mm [0.006 in] (nominal) for urethane tubing. Use tubing with ovality (difference between major axis and minor axis) within 0.2 mm [0.008 in]. Use of KOGANEI tubing is recommended. Use of tubing that is not a KOGANEI genuine product or a compatible (recommended) product may result in tube disconnection, air leakage, or other problems. Be sure to check on tubing before building a pneumatic system.



- 1. Use tubing whose exterior is undamaged. If tubing becomes
- damaged after repeated use, cut off the damaged portion.
- Do not allow tubing to become severely bent or twisted in the vicinity of a fitting. Such a condition creates the risk of air leakage. The table below shows minimum radius guidelines for nylon tubes and urethane tubes.
- 3. Do not use extremely soft tubing, which causes a severe drop in pull-out strength.

		mm [in]			
Tubo oizo	Minimum bending radius				
Tube Size	Nylon tube	Urethane tube			
φ4 [0.157]	20 [0.79]	10 [0.39]			
φ6 [0.236]	30 [1.18]	15 [0.59]			
φ8 [0.315]	50 [1.97]	20 [0.79]			
φ 10 [0.394]	80 [3.15]	27 [1.06]			
φ 12 [0.472]	150 [5.91]	35 [1.38]			

Air control direction

The iB-Flow main unit has an air flow direction. Control flow direction and free flow direction are as shown in the diagram below. Be sure to perform piping while in accordance with the diagram below and the product's symbol. Orienting the control direction wrongly creates the risk of personal injury and machine damage.



Opening and closing the connector cover

Setting device and Takt Time Controller connectors are protected by connector covers. When configuring settings, open the connector cover as shown in the photograph and then connect an I/O cable to the connector. Space is provided to affix one of the included index labels on the top surface of the connector cover or inside the connector cover. Index labels can be used for recording setting values or other information as required.



Connecting the sensor connector

When adjusting and measuring of the double acting air cylinder operation time, the ON/OFF signals of the sensor switches at either stroke end of the cylinder must be sent to a setting device, Takt Time Controller, or PLC, etc. via the iB-Flow main unit.

Perform the following steps to connect the sensor switch lead wires and sensor connector mini clamp wire mount plugs (male).

1. Check to make sure that the connector cover (lead wire inlet) is sitting above the body of the connector. Note that a connector whose cover is even with the body of the connector cannot be used.



2. Cut the cable to the required length. Strip the outer covering of the cable, 50 mm [2 in] from the end, to expose the lead wires. Do not strip the insulation from the individual lead wires at this time.



3. Insert the lead wires into the connector cover holes in accordance with the information in the table below. Check to make sure the lead wires are fully inserted as far as they will go by viewing the semi-transparent top cover of the connector. (Wire goes in about 9 mm [0.35 in].)

Note that supplying power while connections are incorrect will damage the control device and setting device you are using.

Connector side	2-lead wire s	ensor switch	3-lead wire sensor switch		
Pin No.	Signal name	Wire color	Signal name	Wire color	
1	Not connected	—	+V	Brown	
2	OUT	Brown	OUT	Black	
3	0V	Blue	0V	Blue	

Use of a 3-lead wire PNP output type solid-state sensor switch is not supported. Also, uses a solid state sensor switch with internal drop voltage of no more than 4.5V.



4. Taking care not to remove the lead wires from the connector, use pliers or some other type of hand tool to squeeze the cover and the connector body until the cover is pressed into the body.

Do not apply force in excess of 980.7 N [220 lbf]. Connection is complete when the cover is even with the connector body.

5. Double check to make sure that wiring is correct.

Note: Suitable wire diameter for mini clamp wire mount plug provided is AWG26-24, nominal cross section within 0.14 to 0.3 mm² [0.00022 to 0.00047 in²], insulation outside diameter 0.8 to 1.0 mm [0.031 to 0.039 in].

Connecting and disconnecting a sensor connector and I/O cable

To attach the sensor connector and I/O cable, position the lock levers as shown in the photograph below, and then insert the iB-Flow main unit and setting device connectors until they lock into place. For disconnection, press down fully on the lock lever as you hold the connector and pull to disconnect. At this time, take care not to apply undue force to the lead wires. See page **1** regarding connecting and disconnecting the I/O cable to the Takt Time Controller.



Since the connectors that connect the sensor connector (mini clamp wire mount plug) are linked internally, it makes no difference whether sensor switch side or PLC side wiring is used.

Sensor switch side (or PLC side) sensor connector connection	
Connector cover OPEN (top view)	
PLC side (or sensor switch side) sensor connector connection	

Mounting and removing a setting device on a battery unit Mounting a setting device on a battery unit

- 1 Release the stopper.
- ② Aligning the slit of the setting device with the battery unit guide, insert the setting device into the battery unit.
- ③ Press down on the setting device until it comes into contact with the stopper.



Removing a setting device from a battery unit

 Release the stopper and then remove the setting device from the battery unit.

Setting device mounting

When mounting a setting devices, use M3 \times 0.5 screws, tightened to a torque of 0.5 N·m [4.4 in·lbf]. Exceeding the specified tightening torque may damage the setting device.



Takt Time Controller power and external I/O connections



- Power connector
- · Acceptable range of wire sizes
- Single wire: $\phi 0.4 \phi 1.2 \text{ mm} [\phi 0.016 \phi 0.047 \text{ in}]$ (AWG26-16) Twisted wire: 0.2 - 0.75 mm² [0.00031 - 0.00116 in²] (AWG24-20) Wire diameter $\phi 0.18 [\phi 0.0071 in]$ or more
- · Recommended tools Flat head screwdriver is recommended

I/O connector

- · Acceptable range of wire sizes
- Single wire: $\phi 0.32 \phi 0.65$ mm [$\phi 0.0126 \phi 0.0256$ in] (AWG28-22) Twisted wire: 0.08 - 0.32 mm² [0.00012 - 0.00050 in²] (AWG28-22) Wire diameter $\phi 0.12 [\phi 0.0047 \text{ in}]$ or more
- Recommended tools

Flat head screwdriver is recommended

- 1. Note that only copper wire can be used for lead wire connections.
- 2. Turn off the power when connecting or disconnecting the lead wire.
- 3. Use only one lead wire for each insertion slot. Connecting two or more lead wires will cause malfunctions.
- 4. Press the button all the way down when connecting or disconnecting the lead wires.

Connecting and disconnecting Takt Time Controller's I/O and communication cables

To attach the communication and I/O cables, position the lock levers as shown in the photograph below, and then insert the iB-Flow main unit and Takt Time Controller connectors until they lock into place. To disconnect, press down fully on the lock lever as you hold the connector and pull to disconnect. At this time, take care not to apply undue force to the lead wires.



Communication cable

I/O cable

Mounting Takt Time Controller

When mounting a Takt Time Controller directly or on a bracket, use M2.6 × 0.45 screws, tightened to a torque of 0.32 N·m [2.83 in-lbf]. Exceeding the specified tightening torque may damage the Takt Time Controller.



DIN rail mounting

As shown in the diagram below, hook one side on the DIN rail, press the Takt Time Controller in the direction of the arrow until it clicks and locks on the DIN slide. To remove the Takt Time Controller from the DIN rail, insert a flat head screwdriver into the slot on the hook and pull the DIN slide hook.



Takt Time Controller address setting (stn. No. 0 to F) Do not replicate addresses (stn. No.) when using RS485 communications.

About Takt Time Controller termination resistor

When using two or more Takt Time Controllers, set the termination resistor for the last end of the Takt Time Controller, and if necessary connect 120 (provided by customer) termination resistor to the RS485 communication unit of PLC etc.

Others

- 1. Incorrectly wiring the iB-Flow main unit, setting device, Takt Time Controller, and sensor switch cables will result in breakdown. Carefully check wiring before supplying power.
- 2. Setting values are written into and stored in flash memory built into the setting device and Takt Time Controller. Note that the number of flash memory rewrites is limited. The guaranteed number of rewrites is 10.000.
- 3. Never use a needle tip or any other sharp pointed object to perform key operations on the setting device.
- 4. The battery unit is not charged when shipped from the factory. Charge completely before use.
- 5. If the battery unit is not used for a long time, periodically charge it.
- 6. For speed adjustment, configure the setting within the actuator operating speed range. Use outside of the operating speed range creates the risk of actuator breakdown, loss of function, or damage. It could also drastically reduce operating life.

iB-Flow

Main unit



Symbol



Specifications

Item	Model	IBFL-J4C	IBFL-J4	IBFL-J6C	IBFL-J6	IBFL-J8	IBFL-J10	IBFL-J12
Tube outer diameter	mm	φ4		φ	6	φ8	φ10	φ12
Medium			Air					
Operating pressure range	MPa [psi]		0.1 to 0.7 [14.5 to 102]					
Proof pressure	MPa [psi]		1.05 [152]					
Operating temperature range	°C [°F]	0 to 40 [32 to 104]						
Dielectric strength		500VAC for one minute						
Insulation resistance		100 MΩ minimum at 500VDC Megger						
Mass	g [oz]	31 [1.09] 34 [1.20] 83 [2.93]				2.93]		
Flow rate (at 0.5 MPa [73 psi]) ℓ /min [ft³/min] (ANR)	Free flow	180 [6.35]		410 [14.47]		830 [2	29.30]
	Control flow	24 [0.85]	75 [2.65]	24 [0.85]	150 [5.30]	530 [1	8.71]
Dielectric strength Insulation resistance Mass Flow rate (at 0.5 MPa [73 psi]) ℓ /min [ft ³ /min] (ANR)	g [oz] Free flow Control flow	500VAC for one minute 100 MΩ minimum at 500VDC Megger 1 31 [1.09] 34 [1.20] 83 [2.93] 180 [6.35] 410 [14.47] 830 [29.30] 24 [0.85] 75 [2.65] 24 [0.85] 150 [5.30] 530 [18.71]				2.93] 29.30] 8.71]		

Note: Four index labels and two mini clamp wire mount plugs are included.

Supported wire diameter: AWG26-24, nominal cross section within 0.14 to 0.3 mm² [0.00022 to 0.00047 in²], insulation outside diameter 0.8 to 1.0 mm [0.031 to 0.039 in].

Note: Use a setting device that supports version 2.00 and later of the software when using IBFL-J4C or IBFL-J6C.

Flow rate characteristics



Note: Flow rate characteristics are in accordance with Koganei measurement conditions. Note that there are variations in flow rate characteristics due to individual product difference, as well as piping conditions and other usage conditions.

The range of possible automatic adjustment is indicated by the area inside the line.

Use the following formula and the size of your cylinder to make your selection. [Cylinder operating speed (mm/s) = cylinder stroke (mm)/cylinder operation time (S)]



Note: This selection graph was created based on results of measurements using Koganei Jig Cylinders C series. Note that these may not be the limits depending on the operating conditions and the cylinder being used.

Setting device, battery unit





Specifications

Setting device

Item	Model	IBFL-S			
Power supply		Battery unit or special AC adapter (Input: 100 to 240VAC, 50/60 Hz Output: 15VDC 1.2 A)			
		LCD: 4 characters, 4 indicators			
Indicators	Setting display	4-character display (letters or values: green)			
Indicators		Operation indicator (indicator: red)			
	BATTERY LED (red)	When using the battery unit, lights when battery capacity is low. Flashes when battery capacity is very low.			
Setting input		Unit key settings (PWR, ▲, ▼, ESC, ENT)			
Applicable sensor switches ^{Note 1, Note 2}		12 to 24VDC ^{+10%} Reed switch, solid-state sensor switch (2-lead wire, 3- lead wire: NPN output type)			
I/O cable length		-1L : 1m [3.28 ft], -3L : 3m [9.84 ft]			
Operating temperature range °C [°F]		0 to 40 [32 to 104]			
Storage temperature range °C [°F]		-10 to 50 [14 to 122]			
Operating humidity ra	ange %RH	35 to 85 (non-condensation)			
Vibration resistance	m/s² [G]	49.0 [5] (When directly installed to a device or mounting surface. Excluding battery unit.)			
Shock resistance	m/s² [G]	98.1 [10] (When directly installed to a device or mounting surface. Excluding battery unit.)			
Dielectric strength		500VAC for one minute			
Insulation resistance		100 M Ω minimum at 500VDC Megger			
Mass	g [oz]	70 [2.47] (Excluding cable)			
Mounting methods		Direct mounting (M3 x 0.5, depth 5 mm [0.197 in], 2 locations)			

Note 1: Use of a 3-lead wire PNP output type solid-state sensor switch is not supported.

2: Use a solid state sensor switch with internal drop voltage of no more than 4.5V.

Battery unit

Item Model		IBFL-BT		
Power supply		Special AC adapter (Input: 100 to 240VAC, 50/60 Hz Output: 15VDC 1.2 A)		
Indicator	CHARGE LED (red)	Charging: Lit Charging complete: Unlit		
Operating temperature range °C [°F]		0 to 40 [32 to 104]		
Storage temperature range °C [°F]		-10 to 50 [14 to 122] (Store at a temperature of -10 to 30°C [14 to 86] when not charging for long periods.)		
Operating humidity range %RH		35 to 85 (non-condensation)		
Shock resistance m/s ² [G]		98.1 [10]		
Dielectric strength		500VAC for one minute		
Insulation resistance		100 MΩ minimum at 500VDC Megger		
Mass g [oz]		350 [12.35] (Excluding setting device.)		

Note: The battery unit is not charged when shipped from the factory. Charge completely before use.

For the number of cylinder setting when using a battery unit, use a value of 100 cylinders after a full charge as a guideline. If the battery unit is not used for a long time, periodically charge it.

Takt Time Controller



Specifications

Takt Time Controller

		· · · · · ·		
Item Model		IBFL-TC		
	Voltage	12VDC to 24VDC ±10%		
Power supply	Current consumption (at 24VDC supplied)	35 mA (no load) 140 mA max. (when 2 units of the main unit IBFL-J4 (C), -J6 (C), or -J8 are connected) 240 mA max. (when 2 units of the main unit IBFL-J10 , or -J12 are connected)		
	PW (green LED)	While power is on: Lights		
Display settings	OUT (red LED)	When operation time error is output: On When over current error occurs: Flashes ^{Note 1}		
	stn. No.	Address setting (0 to F)		
	IN	Automatic correction ON Open Automatic correction OFF Shorted with GND (no voltage input)		
External I/O	OUT	When operation time error is output: ON Load voltage: 30VDC max. Load current: 50 mA max. (over current protection function internally equipped) Output format: NPN open collector output		
Communication	Connector a/b	Up to 16 RS485 communication units can be connected		
Connection to iB-Flow main unit Connector A/B		iB-Flow main unit connections (opening adjustment and sensor output acquisition)		
Applicable sensor switches ^{Note 2, Note 3}		12 to 24VDC ±10% reed switch, solid state switch (2-lead wire, 3- lead wire: NPN output type)		
I/O cable length		300 mm, 1000 mm, 3000 mm [0.98 ft, 3.28 ft, 9.84 ft]		
Communication cable length		50 mm, 1000 mm, 3000 mm [0.16 ft, 3.28 ft, 9.84 ft], 1000 mm [3.28 ft] (no connector on one side, loose wires) Note		
Operating temperature range °C [°F]		0 to 40 [32 to 104]		
Storage temperature range °C [°F]		-10 to 50 [14 to 122]		
Operating humidity range %RH		35 to 85 (non-condensation)		
Noise resistance		IEC61000-4-4, power line 1 kV (level 2), signal line (radiation) 1 kV (level 3)		
Vibration resistance m/s ² [G]		49.0 [5] (at bracket mounted)		
Shock resistance m/s ² [G]		98.1 [10] (at bracket mounted)		
Insulation resistance		100 MΩ minimum at 500VDC		
Dielectric strength		500 VAC 1 minute		
Mass g [oz]		48 [1.69] (controller only)		
Mounting methods		Direct mount (M2.6 x 0.45, 5 [0.20 in] deep, 2 locations), DIN rail mount, specialized bracket		

Notes 1: Turn the Takt Time Controller off and then on again to resolve over current errors.

2: Use of a 3-lead wire PNP output type solid-state sensor switch is not supported.

3: Use a solid state sensor switch with internal drop voltage of no more than 4.5V.

4: Use a 1000 mm [3.28 ft] cable with loose wires on one side to connect external devices (PLC etc.), that use RS485 communication, to the Takt Time Controller.

Note: Termination resistor connector (IBFL-K-TR) is needed to connect two or more Takt Time Controllers using RS485 communication.

Internal wiring diagrams and specifications (example of external connection)



Example of connections for external device (RS485 compatible)



Note: Connect a $120\,\Omega$ termination resistor (provided by customer) to RS485 communication units of PLC etc.



Order Codes

Additional Parts (available separately)



USB-RS485 converter

-1RLN

Loose wires



IBM2A-H1-

Accessory cables Blank: USB (mini-B) ⇔ USB (A) male N: No accessory cable

Bracket (for Takt Time Controller)





% Two mini clamp wire mount plugs and four index labels are included on the iB-Flow main unit.

000



Bracket (for IBFL-J4C, -J6C, -J4, -J6, -J8)

iB-Flow main unit IBFL-J10 IBFL-J12



% Two mini clamp wire mount plugs and four index labels are included on the iB-Flow main unit.





Battery unit (Drawing shows battery unit with setting device mounted.) **IBFL-BT**



I/O cable (For iB-Flow main unit and setting device connection)



Takt Time Controller IBFL-TC



Note 1: Connector for connecting I/O cable to iB-Flow main unit.

2: Connectors to connect USB-RS485 converter, communication cable, and termination resistor. Using connector a or b is the same.

3: Design installation to account for power connector 💥 portion dimension when doing a direct installation of the controller.

Bracket (bracket for Takt Time Controller) **PSU-BR**



 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Hexagon socket head screw} \\ \mbox{M2.6} \times 0.45, \mbox{ length 5 [0.20], 2 pcs. provided} \end{array}$

I/O cable (For iB-Flow main unit and Takt Time Controller connection)



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Limited Warranty

KOGANEI CORP. warrants its products to be free from defects in material and workmanship subject to the following provisions.

Warranty Period	The warranty period is 180 days from the date of delivery.
Koganei Responsibility	If a defect in material or workmanship is found during the warranty period, KOGANEI CORP. will replace any part proved defective under normal use free of charge and will provide the service necessary to replace such a part.
Limitations	• This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, and is limited to the original cost of the product and shall not include any transportation fee, the cost of installation or any liability for direct, indirect or consequential damage or delay resulting from the defects.

- KOGANEI CORP. shall in no way be liable or responsible for injuries or damage to persons or property arising out of the use or operation of the manufacturer's product.
- This warranty shall be void if the engineered safety devices are removed, made inoperative or not periodically checked for proper functioning.
- Any operation beyond the rated capacity, any improper use or application, or any improper installation of the product, or any substitution upon it with parts not furnished or approved by KOGANEI CORP., shall void this warranty.
- This warranty covers only such items supplied by KOGANEI CORP. The products of other manufacturers are covered only by such warranties made by those original manufacturers, even though such items may have been included as the components.

The specifications are subject to change without notice.

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KOGANEI

No. BK-P029

http://www.koganei.co.jp

Series

NEW Products



Micro flow rate type

iB-Flow

 Low-speed control of cylinders, and speed control of smalldiameter cylinders are supported!
 Precise remote digital control of the micro flow rate is possible.

Specifications

Item	Model	IBFL-J4M	IBFL-J6M	
Tube outer diameter	mm	ø4	ø6	
Medium		Air		
Operating pressure range MPa [psi]		0.1 to 0.7 [14.5 to 102]		
Proof pressure MPa [psi]		1.05 [152]		
Operating temperature range	°C [°F]	0 to 40 [32 to 104]		
Dielectric strength		500 VAC for one minute		
Insulation resistance		100 MΩ minimum at 500 VDC Megger		
Mass g [oz		34 [1.20]		
Flow rate (at 0.5 MPa	Free flow	22 [().78]	
μ/min [ft³/min] (ANR)	Control flow	5.5 [0.19]	

Flow rate characteristics



Note: Flow rate characteristics are in accordance with Koganei measurement conditions. Note that there are variations in flow rate characteristics due to individual product difference, as well as piping conditions and other usage conditions.

Note: Four index labels and two mini clamp wire mount plugs are included.

Supported wire diameter: AWG26-24, nominal cross section within 0.14 to 0.3 mm² [0.00022 to 0.00047 in²], insulation outside diameter 0.8 to 1.0 mm [0.031 to 0.039 in]. Note: Use a setting device that supports version 2.00 and later of the software.

Range of adjustments to the cylinder's operation time in Auto Set Mode (for reference)

The range of possible automatic adjustment is indicated by the area inside the line. Use the following formula and the size of your cylinder to make your selection.

 $[Cylinder \ operating \ speed \ (mm/s) = cylinder \ stroke \ (mm)/cylinder \ operation \ time \ (s)]$



IBFL-J4M IBFL-J6M

Note 1:Contact us when using cylinders under ø6 because, the possible setting range varies according to conditions and the cylinder being used.

2:This selection graph was created based on results of measurements using Koganei Jig Cylinders C series and Basic Cylinders. Note that these may not be the limits depending on the operating conditions and the cylinder being used.

Order Codes



The micro flow rate type was added to the lineup for controlling low speed ranges, and small-diameter cylinders from $\emptyset 8$ to $\emptyset 16$.

Control range

Control range of micro flow rate type: The _____ and _____ areas in the figure below. Control range of low flow rate type: The _____ and _____ areas in the figure below. Control range of standard type: The _____ areas in the figure below.



Application example 1

Takt time controller is used to constantly monitor and correct cylinder takt time automatically. Air cylinders can operate continuously at set takt time.



Remote digital control of opening/closing speed for fluid control valves.

By enabling micro adjustment of the flow rate, it is possible to control air operated valves which require precise flow rate adjustment.



*Dimensions for the main unit are the same as for IBFL-J4 \Box and IBFL-J6 \Box . See the following iB-Flow catalogs for dimensions and other operating information.

CAUTION Before use, be sure to read the "Safety Precautions" in the following iB-Flow catalog.

Related catalogs



Constantly monitors and corrects cylinder takt time automatically. iB-Flow Takt Time Controller.

iB-Flow Catalog No. BK-A0006



Fluororesin Products Pure Process Series

Pure Process Series Catalog No. BKF0003-2

Limited Warranty

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Warranty Period	The warranty period is 180 days from the date of delivery.
Koganei Responsibility	If a defect in material or workmanship is found during the warranty period, KOGANEI CORP. will replace any part proved defective under normal use free of charge and will provide the service necessary to replace such a part.
Limitations	• This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, and is limited to the original cost of the product and shall not include any transportation fee, the cost of installation or any liability for direct, indirect or consequential damage or delay resulting from the defects.

- KOGANEI CORP. shall in no way be liable or responsible for injuries or damage to persons or property arising out of the use or operation of the manufacturer's product.
- This warranty shall be void if the engineered safety devices are removed, made inoperative or not periodically checked for proper functioning.
- Any operation beyond the rated capacity, any improper use or application, or any improper installation of the product, or any substitution upon it with parts not furnished or approved by KOGANEI CORP., shall void this warranty.
- This warranty covers only such items supplied by KOGANEI CORP. The products of other manufacturers are covered only by such warranties made by those original manufacturers, even though such items may have been included as the components.

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Energy-saving for air blowing processes Pulse blow series

Compressed air is not for free!!

Air consumption can be reduced nearly 50%

No electricity required! Generates pulse air without using electricity!

Pulse blow air gun PAG Series

IGANEL PAG

Pulse blow unit PAU Series

NEW Small-size pulse blow type



Measures to reduce factory air consumption!

AU-30

Air compressors are said to use about 20% of a factory's overall electric power. About 65% of that compressed air is usually consumed by blowing air. Pulse blow air gun can reduce the amount of compressed air consumption and help save energy.

World's first!

Pulse blow air gun PAG Series No electricity required! Pulse air generator is built in



CO2 reduction We will help you in your **CO2 reduction activities** (compressor electricity charge reduction).

	Pulse blow air gun	Standard	Large flow rate type	Small-size type
	Per PAG-2 unit	Per PAU unit	Per PAU-30 unit	Per PAU-05 unit
Power kWh	2368 ➡ 1184	3068 ➡ 1534	7437 🔿 3718	794 ➡ 397
CO2 kg	1028 🔿 514	1332 🔿 666	3228 ➡ 1614	345 🔿 172
Cost	Reduction of 5,960 yen/year	Reduction of 7,723 yen/year	Reduction of 18,718 yen/year	Reduction of 3,996 yen/year

Remarks: <<Conditions for the above calculations>> Daily operating hours: 2 hours, yearly operating days: 240 days, CO₂ emission factor (TEPCO value in 2020): 0.434kg-CO₂/kWh

Cost of compressed air per m³: 2.5 yen, * "Value for continuous blowing" → "pulse blowing" according to our test conditions

Advantages of pulse blowing








KOGANEI 2

Applicable examples



 To laser-print on workpieces on a conveyor after removing water drops adhering to them, use a nozzle-attached pulse blow unit.





• To remove the dust adhering to the workpieces on a conveyor, mount three nozzle-attached pulse blow units.



Pulse blow air gun

PAG Series



Specifications

Item	Model	PAG - 🗌			
Medium		Air ^{Note 1}			
Lubrication		No			
Operating pressure	e range MPa [psi]	0.35 to 0.7 [51 to 102]			
Operating tempera	ture range °C [°F]	5 to 50 [41 to 122]			
Pulse frequency	Hz	5 to 15			
Port size		Piping side: Rc1/4 Nozzle side: G1/8			
Nozzle diameterNot	^{e 2} mm [in.]	Standard nozzle: φ2 [0.079], φ3 [0.118], φ4 [0.157]/long nozzle: φ2.3 [0.091]/air amplifier nozzle: φ3 [0.118]			
Mass	g [oz]	194 [6.84] (main unit only)			
Material	Main unit cover	PBT resin			
	Lever	POM resin			

Note 1: Air that is used should be clean air that contains no oil, solids, or other contaminants.

If drainage water, dust, and other contaminants get into the pulse blow air gun, they could cause defective operation.

Note 2: This product is equipped with a nozzle when shipped. Wrap sealing tape around the threads of the nozzle when assembling the product. Note 3: This product uses grease internally.

Order codes





Standard nozzle (identifier: number of slits)





Number of slits	Nozzle diameter (mm [in.]			
2	φ 2 [0.079] φ 3 [0.118]			
3				
4	φ 4 [0.157]			

• Air amplifier nozzle

PAGZ-ZN3





Long nozzle
PAGZ-45 × [



Operation principle



- 1. Pulling the lever sends a signal from the trigger valve to open the pulse valve.
- 2. The pulse valve opens, and air is output from the nozzle.
- 3. Some of the air that is output from the pulse valve goes through the trimmer to accumulate in the piston chamber.
- 4. When some air has accumulated, the pulse valve closes so that air output from the nozzle stops and at the same time the air in the piston chamber is exhausted.
- 5. A certain amount of air is exhausted from the piston chamber, the pulse valve opens again, and air is output from the nozzle.

Steps 3 to 5 are then repeated. * The pulse frequency can be adjusted by using the trimmer.

Frequency adjustment method

The pulse frequency can be adjusted by rotating the frequency adjustment trimmer, as shown in the figure at right.

Use a precision flat blade screwdriver for adjustments.

Toward + (counterclockwise): Increases frequency. Toward - (clockwise): Decreases frequency.



Note: Turning the trimmer counterclockwise raises the frequency and turning it clockwise lowers the frequency. However, turning the trimmer further than needed, after fully opening or closing it, may damage component parts.

Characteristics of the frequency and flow according to the number of rotations of the trimmer (standard nozzle)



Note 1: According to our test conditions 1 .

Note 2: The characteristics of the frequency and the flow vary depending on the piping conditions and the nozzle used.

Note 3: Use devices within the pulse frequency ranges (5 to 15 Hz) shown in the specification tables.

Note 4: Contact us regarding the long nozzle and air amplifier nozzle.



Operations according to piping conditions for pulse blow air guns (standard nozzle)

	Operating	Tube φ 6 [0.236]		Tube φ 8 [0.315]			-			
Model	pressure	1000 mm [39.370 in.]	3000 mm [118.1 in.]	5000 mm [196.9 in.]	1000 mm [39.370 in.]	3000 mm [118.1 in.]	5000 mm [196.9 in.]	Test conditions (2)	Pressure mater or	
	0.35 MPa [51 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0		Thermometer	
PAG-2	0.5 MPa [73 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0	Pressure controller	$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$	
	0.7 MPa [102 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0	Flow meter	PAG	
	0.35 MPa [51 psi]	0	×	×	0	0	0		Pressure	
PAG-3	0.5 MPa [73 psi]	0	×	×	0	0	0	Air source and filter	measuring tube \frown Tube $\phi 6$ Tube $\phi 8$	
	0.7 MPa [102 psi]	0	0	×	0	0	0		1000 40	
	0.35 MPa [51 psi]	0	×	×	0	0	0			
PAG-4	0.5 MPa [73 psi]	0	×	×	0	0	0			
	0.7 MPa [102 psi]	0	×	×	0	0	0			

Operations may be unstable, depending on the piping conditions on the supply side. See the following table.

Note 1: \bigcirc : Stable operations ×: Unstable operations (according to our test conditions 2)

Note 2: Operations will be unstable if the piping conditions cause pressure drops or insufficient flow.

Note 3: Contact us regarding the long nozzle and air amplifier nozzle.

Handling precautions



- Do not point the tip of the nozzle at a person.
- Use safety glasses and earplugs because blowing air could blow objects into people's eyes or cause hearing loss.
- Install a cutoff valve on the supply side to ensure safety in case of leaks or damage.



- Air containing oil or solids cannot be used. Use cleaned air for the medium (use a filter that has a filtration rating of 40 µm or less). If drainage water, dust, and other contaminants get into this product, they could cause defective operation.
- Pass the medium through a device, such as a freeze-type air dryer or after cooler, to lower the dew-point temperature of the medium to below the ambient temperature so condensation or frost does not occur when the products are blowing.
- Use this product within the pulse frequency ranges shown in the specification tables.
- This product operates on a balance of pressure, so supply enough pressure and volume to keep the pulse operation steady.
- Use a wrench to hold down the flat part of the product, and then tighten within the following torque ranges when piping the supply port and screwing the nozzle.

Supply side recommended tightening torque: 7 to 9 N·m [61.957 to 79.659 in·lbf] Nozzle side recommended tightening torque: 4.5 to 6.5 N·m [39.830 to 57.532 in·lbf]

- Use tubing with an exterior that is not damaged. Do not allow tubing to become severely bent or twisted near the supply port. Doing so could cause air leakage.
- If you leave the product in a location where there is a lot of dust in the air or in a location where dust can be scattered, dust could get inside the product and cause defective operation.

- Do not subject the tip of the nozzle to excessive external force. Doing so could result in damage.
- Applying pressure from the nozzle side could cause defective operation or damage.
- Do not drop, step on, or dump the product. Doing so could result in damage.
- After using this product, put it on a hook or something to store it. Hooking it by the lever could cause defective operation or damage.





* Read "Safety precautions" on the general catalog website before using this product.

Small-size pulse blow unit

PAU-05 Series

Specifications

Moo	del and piping specifications			PAU-05	-				
Item		M5	J4	J6	01A	01B	01C		
Medium			Air						
Operating pressure	e range MPa [psi]		0.2	to 0.5 [2	29 to 73]			
Pulse frequen	cy Hz	20 ± 5	20 ± 5 (when 0.5 MPa [73 psi] is applied) ^{Note}						
Operating tempera	ture range °C [°F]	5 to 50 [41 to 122]							
Material		Main unit: Aluminum alloy IN port: Aluminum alloy (for -J4 and -J6, PBT)							
Maga	a [o_7]	14	14	14	15	15	15		
IVIASS	g [oz]	[0.49]	[0.49]	[0.49]	[0.53]	[0.53]	[0.53]		
Port size	IN port	M5×0.8	φ 4 [0.157] fitting	φ6 [0.236] fitting	Rc1/8	R1/8	G1/8		
	OUT port	M5×0.8	M5×0.8	Rc1/8	Rc1/8	Rc1/8	G1/8		

Note 1: The frequency cannot be adjusted. This is the frequency of the pulses generated when 0.5 MPa [73 psi] is applied. For details, refer to "Characteristics of the frequency and flow according to pressure" on page 0

Note 2: Air that is used should be clean air that contains no oil, solids, or other contaminants. If drainage water, dust, and other contaminants get into the pulse blow unit, they could cause defective operation.

Note 3: This product uses grease internally.

Dimensions (mm [in.])

PAU-05-M5



POI	rt size ————	
M5	: IN piping, M5 (internal thread)	OUT piping, M5 (internal thread)
J4	: IN piping, ϕ 4 [0.157] quick fitting	OUT piping, M5 (internal thread)
J6	: IN piping, ϕ 6 [0.236] quick fitting	OUT piping, Rc1/8
01A	: IN piping, Rc1/8	OUT piping, Rc1/8
01B	: IN piping, R1/8	OUT piping, Rc1/8
01C	: IN piping, G1/8 (external thread)	OUT piping, G1/8 (internal thread)

Remarks: No mounting brackets for securing are not supplied. If you want to secure the product, supply a mounting bracket for securing by yourself.

- Akagi Co., Ltd. Resin band (color: light gray) CLIC standard Model number: A10530-0284

PAU-05-01A



PAU-05-J6

PAU-05-01C



Appearance of IN piping and OUT piping

Model Piping	PAU-05-M5	PAU-05-J4	PAU-05-J6	PAU-05-01A	PAU-05-01B	PAU-05-01C
IN piping		A STATE OF THE STA				
Port size	M5 (internal thread)	ϕ 4 [0.157] quick fitting	ϕ 6 [0.236] quick fitting	Rc1/8 (internal thread)	R1/8 (external thread)	G1/8 (external thread)
OUT piping	Philade and a second seco	Paul Contrast		The second	Participation of the second se	Paulo and -
Port size	M5 (internal thread)	M5 (internal thread)	Rc1/8 (internal thread)	Rc1/8 (internal thread)	Rc1/8 (internal thread)	G1/8 (internal thread)

Characteristics of the frequency and flow according to pressure



<<Interpretation of the above graphs>> When the pressure is 0.35 MPa [51 psi] and the nozzle diameter is ϕ 2 [0.079], the frequency is 19 Hz and the ON duty is 57.5%. The air reduction at this time is 42.5%.





Operations according to piping conditions for pulse blow units

Nozzle	Operating	Tub	eφ4[0.*	157]	Tub	pe φ 6 [0.2	236]		
diameter	pressure	1000 mm [39.370 in.]	3000 mm [118.1 in.]	5000 mm [196.9 in.]	1000 mm [39.370 in.]	3000 mm [118.1 in.]	5000 mm [196.9 in.]	Test conditions ②	
	0.20 MPa [29 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0		pressure converter
φ 1.0 [0.039]	0.35 MPa [51 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0	Pressure controller	
	0.50 MPa [73 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0	Flow meter	PAU-05
	0.20 MPa [29 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0		Pressure
φ 1.5 [0.059]	0.35 MPa [51 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0	Air source and filter	measuring tube $frequencies$ Tube ϕ 4 [0.157]
	0.50 MPa [73 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0		Tube φ6 [0.236]
	0.20 MPa [29 psi]	0	0	×	0	0	0		
φ 2.0 [0.079]	0.35 MPa [51 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	0.50 MPa [73 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Operations may be unstable, depending on the piping conditions on the IN port side. See the following table.

Note 1: \bigcirc : Stable operations ×: Unstable operations (according to our test conditions (2)) Note 2: Operations will be unstable if the piping conditions cause pressure drops or insufficient flow.

Handling precautions



blow objects into people's eyes or cause hearing loss.
Install a cutoff valve on the IN port side to ensure safety in case of leaks or damage.



- Air containing oil or solids cannot be used. Use cleaned air for the medium (use a filter that has a filtration rating of 40 µm or less). If drainage water, dust, and other contaminants get into this product, they could cause defective operation.
- Pass the medium through a device, such as a freeze-type air dryer or after cooler, to lower the dew-point temperature of the medium to below the ambient temperature so condensation or frost does not occur when the products are blowing.
- This product operates on a balance of pressure, so supply enough pressure and volume to keep the pulse operation steady.
- It is recommended to make a one-to-one connection between this product and an air blow gun or a nozzle.
- If you want to install this product apart from the cutoff valve and other parts, make sure that the distance does not exceed 3 m [9.840 ft] on the primary side if using a ϕ 4 [0.157]×2.5 tube. On the secondary side, it is recommended to connect a nozzle directly.

The piping work is as follows: Use a wrench to hold down the "IN port side flat part" when piping the IN port and the "OUT port side flat part" when piping the OUT port, and then tighten within the following torque range. Performing the piping work by using other flat parts could cause damage to the product.



OUT port side flat part

Screw size	M5×0.8	Rc1/8, R1/8, G1/8
Recommanded tightening targue. N m [in lbf]	1 to 1.5	4.5 to 6.5
	[8.851 to 13.277]	[39.830 to 57.532]

- Use tubing with an exterior that is not damaged. Do not allow tubing to become severely bent or twisted near the IN port. Doing so could cause air leakage.
- Do not mount this product on the secondary side of an electrostatic eliminator.Doing so will reduce the neutralization function of air blowing considerably.

Caution * Read "Safety precautions" on the general catalog website before using this product.

KOGANEI 12

Pulse blow unit

PAU Series

Specifications

		Model	PAU
Item			
Medium			Air
Operating pressure	range	MPa [psi]	0.35 to 0.7 [51 to 102]
Pulse frequency		Hz	5 to 15
Operating temperat	ure range	°C [°F]	5 to 50 [41 to 122]
Mass		g [oz]	73 [2.57]
Motorial	Main unit		Aluminum alloy
waterial	Bracket		Mild steel (nickel plated)
Dentaine			IN: Rc1/4
FUITSIZE			OUT: G1/4

Note 1: Air that is used should be clean air that contains no oil, solids, or other contaminants.

If drainage water, dust, and other contaminants get into the pulse blow unit, they could cause defective operation. Note 2: This product uses grease internally.

Dimensions (mm [in.])



Order codes



Bracket Blank: No bracket 21: With bracket (attached)



Frequency adjustment method

The pulse frequency can be adjusted by rotating the frequency adjustment trimmer, as shown in the figure at right.

Use a precision flat blade screwdriver for adjustments.

Turn it in the + direction (counterclockwise direction) to increase the frequency.

Turn it in the - direction (clockwise direction) to decrease the frequency.

Note: Turning the trimmer counterclockwise increases the frequency and turning it clockwise decreases the frequency. Turning the trimmer more than necessary after turning it fully clockwise or counterclockwise may damage the components.





Note 1: According to our test conditions 1 .

- Note 2: The characteristics of the frequency and the flow vary depending on the piping conditions and the nozzle used.
- Note 3: Use this product within the pulse frequency ranges shown in the specification tables (5 to 15 Hz).



Number of times trimmer is rotated (rotations)



Operations according to piping conditions for pulse blow units

Operations may be unstable, depending on the piping conditions on the IN port side. See the following table.

Nozzle	Operating	Tub	eφ6[0.2	:36]	Tube φ 8 [0.315]			
diameter	pressure	1000 mm [39.370 in.]	3000 mm [118.1 in.]	5000 mm [196.9 in.]	1000 mm [39.370 in.]	3000 mm [118.1 in.]	5000 mm [196.9 in.]	
	0.35 MPa [51 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
φ2 [0.079]	0.5 MPa [73 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0.7 MPa [102 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0.35 MPa [51 psi]	0	0	×	0	0	0	
φ3 [0.118]	0.5 MPa [73 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0.7 MPa [102 psi]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
φ4 [0.157]	0.35 MPa [51 psi]	0	×	×	0	0	0	
	0.5 MPa [73 psi]	0	×	×	0	0	0	
	0.7 MPa	0	×	×	0	0	0	

Test conditions (2) Pressure meter or pressure converter Thermometer Pressure controller Pressure controller Pressure and filter Air source and filter Pressure def [0.236] Tube \$6 [0.236] Tube \$8 [0.315]

- Note 1: \bigcirc : Stable operations x: Unstable operations (according to our test conditions (2))
- Note 2: Operations will be unstable if the piping conditions cause pressure drops or insufficient flow.

Handling precautions

<u>)</u> Warning

- Use safety glasses and earplugs because blowing air could blow objects into people's eyes or cause hearing loss.
- Install a cutoff valve on the IN port side to ensure safety in case of leaks or damage.



- Air containing oil or solids cannot be used. Use cleaned air for the medium (use a filter that has a filtration rating of 40 μm or less). If drainage water, dust, and other contaminants get into this product, they could cause defective operation.
- Pass the medium through a device, such as a freeze-type air dryer or after cooler, to lower the dew-point temperature of the medium to below the ambient temperature so condensation or frost does not occur when the products are blowing.
- Use this product within the pulse frequency ranges shown in the specification tables.

- This product operates on a balance of pressure, so supply enough pressure and volume to keep the pulse operation steady.
 It is recommended to make a one-to-one connection between
- this product and the air blow gun or a nozzle.
- If you want to install this product apart from the air blow gun or nozzle, a φ8 [0.315]×6 tube and a distance not exceeding 2 m [6.560 ft] are recommended.
- Use a wrench to hold down the flat part of the product, and then tighten within the following torque range when piping the IN port and the OUT port.

Recommended tightening tergue. N m [in lbf]	PAU				
Recommended lightening lordue Rom [in-bi]	7 to 9 [61.957 to 79.659]				
Use tubing with an exterior that is	not damaged. Do not allow				
tubing to become severely bent o	r twisted near the IN port.				

Doing so could cause air leakage.
 Do not mount this product on the secondary side of an electrostatic eliminator. Doing so will reduce the neutralization function of air blowing considerably.

Caution * Read "Safety precautions" on the general catalog website before using this product.

Pulse blow unit

PAU Series

Large flow rate type



Specifications

Item	Model	PAU-30-02 (-25)	PAU-30-03 (-25)	
Medium		A	ir	
Operating pressure rang	ge MPa [psi]	0.35 to 0.7	[51 to 102]	
Pulse frequency	Hz	5 to 15		
Operating temperature r	ange °C [°F]	5 to 50 [41 to 122]		
Mass	g [oz]	105 [3.70] (113 [3.99])	100 [3.53] (108 [3.81])	
Material		Aluminum alloy		
Port size	IN OUT	Rc1/4	Rc3/8	

Note 1: Air that is used should be clean air that contains no oil, solids, or other contaminants.

If drainage water, dust, and other contaminants get into the pulse blow unit, they could cause defective operation. Note 2: This product uses grease internally.

Dimensions (mm [in.])



Order codes

Main unit

Direct mounting Blank: No mounting holes or brackets 25: Direct mounting

Port size 02: Rc1/4 (for both IN and OUT) 03: Rc3/8 (for both IN and OUT)



Characteristics of the frequency and flow according to the number of rotations of the trimmer





Note 1: According to our test conditions 1.

Note 2: The characteristics of the frequency and the flow vary depending on the piping conditions and the nozzle used.

Note 3: Use devices within the pulse frequency ranges (5 to 15 Hz) shown in the specification tables.



Operations according to piping conditions for pulse blow units

Operations may be unstable, depending on the piping conditions on the IN port side. See the following table.

Nozzle	Operating	Tube ϕ 8	3 [0.315]	Tube ϕ 1	0 [0.394]	Tube ϕ 1	2 [0.472]	Test conditions (2)	Pressure meter or pressure converter
diameter	pressure	1000 mm [39.370 in.]	5000 mm [196.9 in.]	1000 mm [39.370 in.]	5000 mm [196.9 in.]	1000 mm [39.370 in.]	5000 mm [196.9 in.]		Thermometer
	0.35 MPa [51 psi]	0	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	0	Pressure controller \gtrsim Flow meter	PAU-30
φ 4 [0.157]	0.5 MPa [73 psi]	0	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	0		
	0.7 MPa [102 psi]	0		0	0	0	0	Air source and filter	measuring tube d8 [0 315]
	0.35 MPa [51 psi]	0	\bigtriangleup	0	\bigtriangleup	0	0		Tube <i>φ</i> 10 [0.394] Tube <i>φ</i> 12 [0.472]
φ6 [0.236]	0.5 MPa [73 psi]	0		0		0	0		
	0.7 MPa	0	\triangle	0	\bigtriangleup	0	0		

Note 1: \bigcirc : Stable operations \triangle : Minimum frequency of 5 to 10 Hz (according to our test conditions (2)) Note 2: Operations will be unstable if the piping conditions cause pressure drops or insufficient flow.

Handling precautions



- Use safety glasses and earplugs because blowing air could blow objects into people's eyes or cause hearing loss.
- Install a cutoff valve on the IN port side to ensure safety in case of leaks or damage.

<u> C</u>aution

- Air containing oil or solids cannot be used. Use cleaned air for the medium (use a filter that has a filtration rating of 40 µm or less). If drainage water, dust, and other contaminants get into this product, they could cause defective operation.
- Pass the medium through a device, such as a freeze-type air dryer or after cooler, to lower the dew-point temperature of the medium to below the ambient temperature so condensation or frost does not occur when the products are blowing.
- Use this product within the pulse frequency ranges shown in the specification tables.

- This product operates on a balance of pressure, so supply enough pressure and volume to keep the pulse operation steady.
- It is recommended to make a one-to-one connection between this product and the air blow gun or a nozzle.
- If you want to install this product apart from the air blow gun or nozzle, a φ8 [0.315]×6 tube and a distance not exceeding 2 m [6.560 ft] are recommended.
- For piping to the IN port or the OUT port, tighten within the torque range below.

	PAU-30-02 (-25)	PAU-30-03 (-25)
Recommended tightening torque N·m [in·lbf	7 to 9	12.5 to 14.5
	[61.957 to 79.659]	[110.6 to 128.3]

* Piping for both IN port side and OUT port side

- Use tubing with an exterior that is not damaged. Do not allow tubing to become severely bent or twisted near the IN port. Doing so could cause air leakage.
- Do not mount this product on the secondary side of an electrostatic eliminator. Doing so will reduce the neutralization function of air blowing considerably.



* Read "Safety precautions" on the general catalog website before using this product.

Common to all products in the PAU Series

As of May 2022

Support that can be provided	PAU-05	PAU	PAU-30
Vaseline type	0	0	0
H1 grease type	0	0	\bigcirc
Projection-type trimmer	-	0	0
Degrease type (Grease wiping-equivalent/fluorine type quick-drying lubricant application)	0	0	0
IN/OUT port Rc1/8	Standard type	0	\bigcirc
Low-pressure type, OUT port Rc1/4	-	0	0

 \bigcirc : Support can be provided -: Support cannot be provided

For the IN port and the OUT port, we can also offer the parallel pipe thread G type and the National Pipe Thread (NPT) type. For details, contact Koganei.

Limited Warranty

KOGANEI CORP. warrants its products to be free from defects in material and workmanship subject to the following provisions.

Warranty Period The warranty period is 180 days from the date of delivery.

KoganeiIf a defect in material or workmanship is foundResponsibilityduring the warranty period, KOGANEI CORP.
will replace any part proved defective under
normal use free of charge and will provide the
service necessary to replace such a part.

Limitations • This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, and is limited to the original cost of the product and shall not include any transportation fee, the cost of installation or any liability for direct, indirect or consequential damage or delay resulting from the defects.

- KOGANEI CORP. shall in no way be liable or responsible for injuries or damage to persons or property arising out of the use or operation of the manufacturer's product.
- This warranty shall be void if the engineered safety devices are removed, made inoperative or not periodically checked for proper functioning.
- Any operation beyond the rated capacity, any improper use or application, or any improper installation of the product, or any substitution upon it with parts not furnished or approved by KOGANEI CORP., shall void this warranty.
- This warranty covers only such items supplied by KOGANEI CORP. The products of other manufacturers are covered only by such warranties made by those original manufacturers, even though such items may have been included as the components.

The specifications are subject to change without notice.

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NEW





Linear Orifice[®] Shock Absorber Series

KSHY Series Side load resistant Linear Orifice[®] Shock Absorber

- I No need for an angle of eccentricity adaptor
- **I** Each size can withstand up to 10°
- I Maximum of more than 2 million operation cycles!

* Specifications in inches are not available.



KSHP Series

Adjustment Type Shock Absorber

- Shortened takt time
- Uses NSF certifi ed H1 oil (non silicon)
- Maximum of more than 3 million operation cycles!



KSHJ Series

Fixed type Shock Absorber

- 18 sizes and 132 models
 Supports a wide variety of
- Supports a wide variety of impact masses
 Maximum of more than
- Maximum of more than 2million operation cycles! (800,000 operation cycles for M30 and higher)



KSHC Series

Clean Room Specification Shock Absorber

- Low dust emissions and Class 5 equivalent (FED-STD Class 100 equivalent)
- Non silicon
- Maximum of more than 2million operation cycles!

The KSHY series eliminates concerns about absorbing shocks from rotating loads!

Side load resistant Linear Orifice®

Shock Absorber NEW KSHY Series

* "Linear Orifice" is a registered trademark of Koganei Corporation. * Specifications in inches are not available.

Spherically machined

New release of our linear orifice models for shock absorbers with side load resistant!

This shock absorber lineup consists of 7 thread sizes from M6 to M20

Maximum of more than 2 million operation cycles!

The unique linear orifice structure, which is used in many applications, provides a long service life

Cap can also be selected as an option

Compliant with H1 grade food equipment specifications!

Uses NSF H1 grade oil (non silicon).

Contributes to space saving!

Integrated a main unit and a side load bearing. Can be used without an adaptor to handle rotary side load!



Since you do not need an adaptor, you can also save space with the mounting unit (screw hole)!

With cap



* Illustration

KSHP series can solve the problems for users worried about fine tuning absorption of impacts!

Introducing the KSHP Series of Adjustment Type Linear Orifice[®] Shock Absorber

* "Linear Orifice" is a registered trademark of Koganei Corporation.

New release of our first adjustment type linear orifice models!

Shorten operation cycle times by adjusting the absorbing capacity of the end of strokes.

Possible to fine tune for both impact speed and load for proper shock absorption!

Our own construction makes fine tuning easy and minimizes extreme changes in shock absorbing capacity.

Maximum of more than 3 million operation cycles!

Linear orifice construction provides longer life. * "M24" model 8 hundred thousand operation cycles.

Compliant with H1 grade food equipment specifications!

Uses NSF H1 grade oil (non silicon).

For KSHP6 and KSHP8



Scaled from 0 to 6 Numbers are easy to see and indelible

Set to 6 on the scale for maximum absorption Set to 0 on the scale for minimum absorption

Adjusting knob

Can be rotated to the left or right

Red mark

Align the red mark to a value on the scale

Lock screw

Lock the adjusting knob in position by tightening the lock screw after completing adjustment (excluding KSHP6 and KSHP8)

Scaled from 0 to 6 (adjusting knob)

Set to 6 on the scale for maximum absorption Set to 0 on the scale for minimum absorption

Key slot on body

Align a value on the scale to the key slot



Shock absorbers designed by pneumatic cylinder engineers Linear Orifice[®] Shock Absorber KSHJ Series (fixed type)



KSH.142×70

Supports a wide variety of impact masses

KSHJ42×50

Supports a wide range of impacting objects, from grams (g) with the M4 size to tons (t) with the M48 size.

Supports a wide variety of impact speeds

Supports maximum impact speeds of 0.8 m/s to 3 m/s.

Stopper nut not needed

Workpieces directly contact the end of the body, so there is no need for mounting a stopper nut. Mounting is easy and saves space.

Body is entirely threaded

Entire body is threaded to maximize the range of installation positions and also improve heat dissipation.

Note: Except for M4 and M6 (10-32UNF, 1/4-32UNEF) sizes.

Supports high cycle times

Reduces the time from impact to end of operation. Even if the workpiece mass and speed changes, our original linear orifice construction automatically adjusts to prevent wasted operation time. Combined with reduced vibration, this contributes to improved productivity.

Silent design

KSHJ48×50

Reducing the impact value at collision decreases the noise at workpiece impact.

Short stroke type

Perfect in low speed range for shock absorbing in limited spaces.

Long stroke type

Making the absorbing stroke longer allows for softer absorption of shocks.

short stroke type (with hexagon socket)!



Up to 26% reduction in overall length compared to the same standard threaded body type (for M20). Excellent for absorbing shocks in tight locations as a stopper between 2 cylinder stroke ends because overall short length. Fine position adjustments are easy with more models available with hex sockets.





List of KSHJ body thread sizes

[Specifications in mm]

Sizo		Body throad size v pitch				
Size	Short stroke	Standard	Standard Long stroke			
M4	—	KSHJ4×3	—	M4×0.5	—	
M6	—	KSHJ6×4	KSHJ6×6	M6×0.75	—	
M8	KSHJ8×4	KSHJ8×5	KSHJ8×8	M8×0.75	M8×1	
M10	KSHJ10×6	KSHJ10×10	KSHJ10×15	M10×1	—	
M12	KSHJ12×6	KSHJ12×10	_	M12×1	-	
M14	KSHJ14×8	KSHJ14×12	—	M14×1.5	—	
M16	KSHJ16×8	KSHJ16×15	—	M16×1.5	-	
M18	_	KSHJ18×16	—	M18×1.5	—	
M20	KSHJ20×10	KSHJ20×16	_	M20×1.5	-	
M22	—	KSHJ22×25	—	M22×1.5	—	
M25	—	KSHJ25×25	—	M25×1.5	M25×2	
M27	_	KSHJ27×25	—	M27×1.5	M27×3	
M30	—	KSHJ30×30	_	M30×1.5	-	
M33	—	KSHJ33×30	—	M33×1.5	—	
M36	—	KSHJ36×50	—	M36×1.5	—	
M42	—	KSHJ42×50	KSHJ42×70	M42×1.5	—	
M45	_	KSHJ45×50	_	M45×1.5	_	
M48	_	KSHJ48×50	_	M48×2	_	

[Specifications in inches]

Cizo	Model					
Size	Short stroke	Standard	Long stroke			
10-32 UNF	-	KSHJ4×3-F11	—			
1/4-32 UNEF	_	KSHJ6×4-F11	KSHJ6×6-F11			
5/16-32 UNEF	KSHJ8×4-F11	KSHJ8×5-F11	KSHJ8×8-F11			
3/8-32 UNEF	KSHJ10×6-F11	KSHJ10×10-F11	KSHJ10×15-F11			
7/16-28 UNEF	KSHJ11×6-F11	KSHJ11×10-F11	KSHJ11×15-F11			
1/2-20 UNF	KSHJ12×6-F11	KSHJ12×10-F11	_			
9/16-18 UNF	KSHJ14×8-F11	KSHJ14×12-F11	_			
3/4-16 UNF	_	KSHJ18×16-F11	_			
1-12 UNF		KSHJ25×25-F11	_			
1 1/4-12 UNF	_	KSHJ30×30-F11	_			
1 3/8-12 UNF		KSHJ36×50-F11	_			
1 3/4-12 UN	KSHJ42×50-F11	KSHJ42×70-F11	_			

Low dust emissions Softened shocks Silicone–free

Shock Absorbers with Clean Specifications

Linear orifice type KSHC series (fixed type)

"Linear Orifice" is a registered trademark of Koganei Corporation.

Low dust emissions

Capable of JIS/ISO Class 5 equivalent cleanliness

(FED-STD Class 100 equivalent)

calculated within a 0.1 µm particle.

(Koganei standard)Note 1

A particle pocket structure is used to

prevent the scattering of dust.

Note 1: Refer to page 59 for the Koganei standard. 2: Packaged in single layer packaging.



Softened shocks

These shock absorbers achieve their smooth shock absorption characteristics thanks to the linear orifice structure.

Reduces vibrations and shocks to bases and equipment.

Silicone-free

Silicone is not used in the hydraulic oil or plastic.

Wide range of variations M4 to M25 9 sizes and 40 models

> Wide range of variations 10-62 UNF to 1-12 UNF 9 sizes and 36 models

Linear orifices' long service life and softened shocks

These shock absorbers achieve their smooth shock absorption characteristics and a long service life thanks to the linear orifice structure that transforms the orifice linearly.

Since the linear orifice structure can increase the inner diameter of the shock absorbers without needing an inner tube, the shock absorbers demonstrate similar characteristics to shock absorbers one thread size larger, as well as reduce the vibrations and shocks to bases and

Single orifice type shock absorber equipment. Principles of operation Multi orifice type shock absorber Stroke The piston stroke squeezes Shock's value the oil's flow path steplessly to Linear orifice type shock absorber softly absorb shocks. Stroke

List of linear orifice shock absorber products

	Basic mounting type	Durable angle of eccentricity	Adjustable type	Clean specification		Options	
Size	KSHJ	KSHY	KSHP	КЅНС	Сар	Stopper nut	Side mount
M4×0.5	•			•			
M6×0.75	•		•	•			
M8×0.75				•			
M8×1	•		\bullet				
M10×1	•		\bullet	\bullet			
M12×1		\bullet	lacksquare	\bullet			
M14×1.5	•			•	Plastic cap		
M16×1.5	•		•	•			
M18×1.5	•		•				
M20×1.5	•					All	S. I
M22×1.5	•					A.	a lor
M25×1.5							
M25×2	•						
M27×1.5							
M27×3	•				418		
M30×1.5	•		•				
M33×1.5	•						
M36×1.5	•		•		* Only for KSHP		
M42×1.5	•		•		12 to 42		
M45×1.5	•						
M48×2	•						

[Specifications in mm]

[Specifications in inches]

	Basic mounting type	Adjustable type	Clean specification	Opt	ions
Size	KSHJ	KSHP	KSHC	Сар	Stopper nut
10-32 UNF					
1/4-32 UNEF				AT	
5/16-32 UNEF	•				
3/8-32 UNEF					
7/16-28 UNEF				Plastic cap	
1/2-20 UNF		\bullet			11
9/16-18 UNF		lacksquare	\bullet		
3/4-16 UNF		\bullet			
1-12 UNF	\bullet	lacksquare	\bullet	- U III	
1 1/4-12 UNF		\bullet		Pubber cap	
1 3/8-12 UNF				* Only for KSHP	
1 3/4-12 UN				12 to 42	

Before selecting and using the products, please read all the "Safety Precautions" carefully to ensure proper product use. The Safety Precautions described below are to help you use the product safely and correctly, and to prevent injury or damage to you, other people, and assets.

Be sure to observe these safety precautions together with the following safety regulations of ISO4414 (Pneumatic fluid power - General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components), and JIS B 8370 (General rules relating to systems).

The directions are ranked according to degree of potential danger or damage: "DANGER", "WARNING", "CAUTION" and "ATTENTION."

Indicates situations that can be clearly predicted as dangerous. Death or serious injury may result if the situation is not avoided. It could also result in damage or destruction of assets.
Indicates situations that, while not immediately dangerous, could become dangerous. Death or serious injury may result if the situation is not avoided. It could also result in damage or destruction of assets.
Indicates situations that, while not immediately dangerous, could become dangerous. Failure to avoid the situation creates the risk of minor or semi-serious injury. It could also result in damage or destruction of assets.
It could also result in damage or destruction of assets. appropriate use of the product.

This product was designed and manufactured for use in general industrial machinery.

- When selecting and handling equipment, the system designer or another person with sufficient knowledge and experience should always read the "Safety Precautions", "catalog", "instruction manual", and other literature before commencing operation. Improper handling is dangerous.
- After reading the instruction manual, catalog, and other documentation, always place them in a location that allows easy availability for reference to users of this product.
- Whenever transferring or lending the product to another person, always attach the catalog, instruction manual, and other information to the product where they are easily visible in order to ensure that the new user can use the product safely and properly. The danger, warning and caution items listed under these "Safety Precautions" do not cover all possible contingencies. Read the
- catalog and instruction manual carefully, and always keep safety first.

- Do not use the product for the purposes listed below:
 - Medical equipment related to maintenance or management of human lives or bodies.
 - 2. Machines or equipment designed for the purpose of moving or transporting people.
 - 3. Critical safety components in mechanical devices.

This product has not been planned or designed for purposes that require high levels of safety. Using the product in any of the ways described above creates the risk of loss of human life.

- Do not use the product in locations with or near dangerous substances such as flammable or ignitable substances. This product is not explosion-proof. It could ignite or burst into flames.
- When mounting the product and workpiece, always make sure they are firmly supported and secured in place. Ensure the mounting material is strong enough. If the product falls over, is dropped, or breaks, it may result in injury.
- Never attempt to modify the product in any way. Doing so can cause an abnormal operation and create the risk of injury, etc.
- Never attempt inappropriate disassembly, assembly or repair of the product relating to basic construction, or to its performance or to functions. This can lead to injury, etc.
- Do not splash water on the product. Spraying it with water, washing it, or using it under water could result in malfunction leading to injury, etc.
- While the product is in operation, avoid touching it with your hands or otherwise approaching too close. Also, do not mount shock absorbers or make adjustments while the equipment is in operation. The equipment may move suddenly, possibly resulting in injury.

/ WARNING

- Do not use the product in excess of its specification range. Doing so creates the risk of product breakdown, loss of function, or damage. It could also drastically reduce operating life.
 The small screw on the back end of the shock absorber should never be loosened or removed. Oil may leak out of the shock absorber leading to a loss of functionality and resulting in injury.
- When conducting any kind of operation for the product, such as maintenance, inspection, repair, or replacement, always turn off the air supply and power to the equipment and make sure that the equipment is completely stopped.
- When mounting the product, always follow the handling instructions and precautions. Also when mounting the product before operation, check that the mounting nut is tightened and not loose and then operate the product. If the mounting nut is loose, etc., this will result in damage to the equipment and accidents.
- Do not allow the product to be thrown into fire. The product could explode, ignite, and/or release toxic gases.

- Do not apply a load to the product, or place other objects on it. It could lead to damaged or broken products that result in degraded performance, function stops, etc. If the product has not been used for over 30 days, it is possible
- that the contacting parts may have become stuck, leading to abnormal operation at impact. Check for proper operation a minimum of once every 30 days.
- Do not use the product at the beach in direct sunlight, near mercury lamps, or near equipment that generates ozone. Ozone causes rubber components to deteriorate resulting in reduced performance, or a limitation or stop of functions.

- Do not use in locations that are subject to direct sunlight (ultraviolet rays); locations with high humidity and temperature, dust, salt, or iron powder; or in locations with fluids and/or ambient atmosphere that include organic solvents, phosphate ester type hydraulic oil, sulfur dioxide, chlorine gas, acids, etc. It could lead to early shutdown of some functions, a sudden degradation of performance, and a reduced operating life. For information about materials, see Major Parts and Materials.
- When installing the product, be sure to allow adequate work space around it. Failure to do so will make it more difficult to conduct daily inspections or maintenance, which could eventually lead to system shutdown or damage to the product.
- When transporting or mounting a heavy product, firmly support the product using a lift or support, or use multiple people to ensure personal safety. Also, wear protective gloves and use safety shoes etc. for protection as necessary.
- Always post an "operations in progress" sign for installations, adjustments, or other operations, to avoid unintentional supplying of air or electrical power, etc. Unintentional supplying of air or electrical power can cause the equipment to operate and may result in injury.
- Never apply lubrication to the product sliding parts. This leads to changes in the physical properties and deterioration of the materials used, resulting in reduced functionality.
- Attempting to use the shock absorber with a cap over the specification range could result in damage to the cap or to its
- specification range could result in damage to the cap or to its flying off and causing personal injury. Moreover, if cracks or fractures appear in the cap, replace it as quickly as possible.
 Always wash your hands thoroughly after touching the oil or grease used on the shock absorber. There is a danger that the grease or oil from your hands will get on the cigarette and burn, releasing toxic gases, as you smoke the cigarette.
 As a means to prevent vibration, do not use the product at a high frequency that exceeds the value in the catalog. It could drastically reduce the product's operating life.
- When using the shock absorber, gradually increase the speed of the impact object. Suddenly increasing the speed when using the shock absorber may damage the device or injure someone.

1 ATTENTION

Whenever considering use of this product in situations or environments not specifically noted in the catalog or instruction manual, or in applications where safety is an important requirement such as in aircraft equipment, combustion equipment, leisure equipment, safety equipment, and other places where human life or assets may be greatly affected, take adequate safety precautions such as allowing plenty of margin for ratings and performance, or fail-safe measures. Contact the sales department of Koganei regarding use in such applications.

When the product can no longer be used, or is no longer necessary, dispose of it appropriately, according to the "Law Regarding the Disposal and Cleaning of Waste" or other local governmental rules and regulations, as industrial waste. Incinerating the special oil in the KSHC series (clean specification) or the KSHJ series (short stroke type) generates hazardous fluorine (HF), which is corrosive and toxic. Because of this, incineration must be done in an incinerator that has neutralizing equipment that can handle acids. For large amounts, ask a registered waste disposal company.

- The product can exhibit degraded performance and function over its operating life. Always conduct daily inspections and confirm that all requisite system functions are satisfied, to prevent accidents from happening.
- When handling the product, wear protective gloves, safety glasses, safety shoes, and other protective clothing.
 The maximum absorption in the specifications are for a
- •The maximum absorption in the specifications are for a normal temperature (20 to 25°C [68 to 77°F]). Be aware that performance and characteristics change depending on the operating temperature.
- •The shock absorber's absorption capacity changes depending on the speed of the impacting object. Use the product within the ranges of the selection graphs.
- For inquiries about the product, consult your nearest Koganei sales office or Koganei Overseas Department. The addresses and telephone numbers are shown on the back cover of this catalog.

/ Other

- Always observe the following items.
- When using this product in a system, use only genuine Koganei parts or equivalent (recommended) parts.
- When conducting maintenance and repairs, always use genuine Koganei parts or compatible parts (recommended parts).
- Always observe the prescribed methods and procedures.
- 2. Never attempt unauthorized disassembly or assembly of the product relating to its basic construction, its performance, or its functions.

Koganei shall not be held responsible for any problems that occur as a result of these items not being properly observed.

Warranty and General Disclaimer

1. Warranty Period

- Koganei warrants this product for a period of no more than 1 year from delivery.
- * However, some products have a 2-year warranty; contact your nearest Koganei sales office or the Koganei Technical Service Center for details.
- 2. Scope of Warranty and General Disclaimer
- (1) When a product purchased from Koganei or from an authorized Koganei distributor malfunctions during the warranty period in a way that is found to be attributable to Koganei responsibility, Koganei will repair or replace the product free of charge. Even if a product is still within the warranty period, its durability is determined by its operation cycles and other factors. Contact your nearest Koganei sales office or the Koganei overseas department for details.
- (2) The Koganei product warranty covers only the product itself. Therefore, Koganei is not responsible for incidental losses (repair of the product, various expenses required for replacement, etc.) caused by breakdown, loss of function, or loss of performance of Koganei products.
- (3) Koganei shall not be held responsible for any losses or for any damage to other machinery caused by breakdown, loss of function, or loss of performance of Koganei products.
- (4) Koganei shall not be held responsible for any losses due to use or storage of the product in a way that is outside of the product specifications prescribed in Koganei catalogs and the instruction manual, and/or due to actions that violate the mounting, installation, adjustment, maintenance and other safety precautions.
- (5) Koganei shall not be held responsible for any losses caused by breakdown of the product due to factors outside the responsibility of Koganei, including but not limited to fire, natural disaster, the actions of third parties, and intentional actions or errors by you.





Linear Orifice[®] Shock Absorber

KSHJ Series

Durable Angle of Eccentricity Linear Orifice[®] Shock Absorbers







Adjustment Type Linear Orifice® Shock Absorber

KSHP series 46 page ►►►

Shock Absorbers with Clean Specifications





Additional Parts

72 page >>>

Linear Orifice[®] Shock Absorbers **KSHJ Series**





General precautions

Cover the unit when mounting it in locations where it might be subject to excessive dust, dripping water, dripping oil, etc. Dents, scratches, water, oil, or dust on the piston rod results in damage and decreases service life.



Mounting

- Keep the angle of eccentricity, resulting from the load direction and the axis of the shock absorber, under the specified values on pages **1** to **1**. If an eccentric load exceeding the specifications is applied, it could result in breakage or impaired returns. If there is concern that an eccentric load exceeding the specified values will be applied, install a guide, or similar mechanism.
- 2. Two or more shock absorbers can be mounted in parallel, to boost absorption capacity. In such an arrangement, however, be careful to ensure that the load is evenly distributed to each shock absorber.
- **3.** To adjust the capacity with the stroke, adjust the stopper nut (-S) or add an external stopper.
- 4. If using with a cap, always mount a stopper nut (-S) or an external stopper to ensure that the cap is not subjected to loads at the stroke end. The stopper nut mounting position must not exceed the distance shown in the table below.

You can use it without a stopper nut or external stopper, but over the long-term, the stop location changes due to cap deformation and wear.

Madal	Α		
Model	mm	in	
KSHJ4×3C-01,-02 (-F11)	3	0.12	
KSHJ6×4C-01,-02 (-F11)	4	0.16	
KSHJ6×6C-01,-02 (-F11)	6	0.24	
KSHJ8×4C-01,-02,-11,-12 (-F11)	4	0.16	
KSHJ8×5C-01,-11 (-F11)	5	0.20	
KSHJ8×8C-01,-02,-11,-12 (-F11)	8	0.31	
KSHJ10×6C-01,-02 (-F11)	6	0.24	
KSHJ11×6C-F11-01,-02	—	0.24	
KSHJ10×10C-01,-02 (-F11)	10	0.40	
KSHJ11×10C-F11-01,-02	—	0.40	
KSHJ10×15C-01,-03 (-F11)	15	0.60	
KSHJ11×15C-F11-01,-03	—	0.60	
KSHJ12×6C-01,02 (-F11)	6	0.24	
KSHJ12×10C-01,-02 (-F11)	10	0.40	
KSHJ14×8C-01,02 (-F11)	8	0.31	
KSHJ14×12C-01,-02 (-F11)	12	0.47	
KSHJ16×8C-01,-02	8	-	
KSHJ16×15C-01,-02	15	-	
KSHJ18×16C-01,-02 (-F11)	16	0.63	
KSHJ20×10C-01,-02	10	-	
KSHJ20×16C-01,-02	16	-	
KSHJ22×25C-01,-02	25	-	
KSHJ25×25C-01,-11,-12 (-F11)	25	0.98	
KSHJ27×25C-01,-02,-11,-12	25	—	
KSHJ30×30C-01,-02,-03 (-F11)	30	1.18	
KSHJ33×30C-01,-02,-03	30	-	
KSHJ36×50C-01,-02,-03 (-F11)	50	1.97	
KSHJ42×50C-01,-02 (-F11)	50	1.97	
KSHJ42×70C-01,-02 (-F11)	70	2.76	
KSHJ45×50C-01,-02	50	-	
KSHJ48×50C-01,-02	50	_	



- 5. The small screw on the back end of the shock absorber should never be loosened or removed. Oil may leak out of the shock absorber leading to a loss of functionality and resulting in damage to the equipment and accidents.
- 6. When mounting the shock absorber, always use the following maximum tightening torque guidelines. Tightening using excessive force may result in damage.

Model	Maximum tightening torque			
Model	N⋅m	in ∙ lbf		
KSHJ4×3 (C)-01,-02 (-F11)	0.5	4.43		
KSHJ6×4 (C)-01,-02 (-F11)	0.85	7.52		
KSHJ6×6 (C)-01,-02 (-F11)	0.85	7.52		
KSHJ8×4 (C)-01,-02,-11,-12 (-F11)	2.5	22.12		
KSHJ8×5 (C)-01,-11 (-F11)	2.5	22.12		
KSHJ8×8 (C)-01,-02,-11,-12 (-F11)	2.5	22.12		
KSHJ10×6 (C)-01,-02 (-F11)	6.5	57.53		
KSHJ11×6 (C)-01,-02	—	57.5		
KSHJ10×10 (C)-01,-02 (-F11)	6.5	57.53		
KSHJ11×10 (C)-01,-02	_	57.5		
KSHJ10×15 (C)-01,-03 (-F11)	6.5	57.53		
KSHJ11×15 (C)-01,-03	—	57.5		
KSHJ12×6 (C)-01,02 (-F11)	8.0	70.80		
KSHJ12×10 (C)-01,-02 (-F11)	8.0	70.80		
KSHJ14×8 (C)-01,02 (-F11)	12.0	106.21		
KSHJ14×12 (C)-01,-02 (-F11)	12.0	106.21		
KSHJ16×8 (C)-01,-02	20.0	_		
KSHJ16×15 (C)-01,-02	20.0	_		
KSHJ18×16 (C)-01,-02 (-F11)	25.0	221.28		
KSHJ20×10 (C)-01,-02	30.0	_		
KSHJ20×16 (C)-01,-02	30.0	_		
KSHJ22×25 (C)-01,-02	35.0	_		
KSHJ25×25 (C)-01,-11,-12 (-F11)	42.0	371.74		
KSHJ27×25 (C)-01,-02,-11,-12	42.0	_		
KSHJ30×30 (C)-01,-02,-03 (-F11)	60.0	531.06		
KSHJ33×30 (C)-01,-02,-03	60.0	_		
KSHJ36×50 (C)-01,-02,-03 (-F11)	72.0	531.06		
KSHJ42×50 (C)-01,-02 (-F11)	85.0	637.27		
KSHJ42×70 (C)-01,-02 (-F11)	85.0	637.27		
KSHJ45×50 (C)-01,-02	85.0	_		
KSHJ48×50 (C)-0102	120.0	_		

Note: The **KSHJ45**×**50**(**C**)-**01**, and **-02** use nominal number AN09 mounting nut prescribed in JIS B1554 (nuts for rolling bearings). Use a hook wrench (nominal 58 to 65 or 65 to 70) for tightening.



- **7.** Ensure that the hardness of the surface directly impacting the piston rod of the shock absorber is over HRc40 hardness (excluding models with cap).
- **8.** Be aware that performance and characteristics change depending on the operating temperature.

How to select shock absorbers

1. Confirm the thrust

Confirm the thrust that is used, and then check the prospective shock absorbers from the table of recommended cylinder bore sizes on page **()**. If a shock absorber that is smaller than the recommended shock absorber is used, the shock absorber being used may be damaged in fewer operation cycles than is guaranteed.

2. Confirm the kinetic energy

Confirm I and II below, and then check pages ⁽¹⁾/₍₂ to ⁽¹⁾/₍₂) for the selection graphs for prospective shock absorbers from [1. Confirm the thrust]. (*)

I Impact object mass: m [kg]

Ⅱ Impact speed: v [m/s]

Because " \boldsymbol{v} " is the impact speed, not the average speed,

when using a cylinder,

v = m [cylinder stroke] \div s [operating time] \times 2

Select a model in which ${\rm I}$ and ${\rm I\hspace{-.1em}I}$ fit within the range enclosed by the capacity curves.

If multiple models are applicable, use the model that is closest to both the capacity curves and the operating conditions. The further the model you select is from the capacity curves and the operating conditions, the slower it will tend to be.

3. Confirm other specifications

Confirm that such specifications as the maximum operating frequency, maximum absorption capacity per unit of time, angle of eccentricity, and operating temperature range are within the range for the shock absorber that you selected.

* The value for the kinetic energy, E, can be found by doing the following calculation. However, the shock absorber's capacity for absorption changes depending on the impact speed. When the shock absorber is doing low-speed operations, it has less drag than when it is doing high-speed operations.

The maximum absorption capacity that is noted in the specifications is reached only at the maximum impact speed.

Therefore, do not choose a shock absorber by comparing E to the maximum absorption capacity; confirm the capacity using the selection graph.

 $\mathsf{E}=\frac{1}{2}\,\mathsf{mv}^2$

E: Kinetic energy (J) m: Impact object mass [kg] v: Impact speed (m/s)

Range in the selection graph

Vertical axis range : Maximum impact speed ≥ v Impact speed (operating condition)							
Horizontal axis range : Shock absorber's maximum absorption capacity at the impact speed (v = m/s)	≥	E Kinetic energy (operating condition					

Calculating the thrust energy is not necessary because the size of the shock absorber is limited by the thrust in step 1.

Koganei's selectable content

You can also select equipment from Koganei's homepage. Visit http://www.koganei.co.jp.

The results of selections using the method above may differ from the results of selections for the selectable content on our homepage. If this happens, please contact us.

- Example of selecting a shock absorber [Operating conditions]
 - (1)Bore size of the cylinder being used: ϕ 16
 - ②Cylinder stroke: 100 mm = 0.1 m
 - ³Pressure applied to the cylinder: 0.6 MPa
 - ④Cylinder's operating time: 0.4 s

⑤Impact object mass: 7 kg

1. Confirm the thrust

Either calculate or find the thrust in the cylinder thrust table on page (0). The cylinder thrust based on (1) and (3) is about 121 N.

Cylinder thrust	100.5N		120.6N		126N
Cylinder bore size	φ16	<	$_{\phi 16} <$		φ20
Applied pressure	0.5MPa		0.6MPa		0.4MPa

As mentioned above, although the cylinder being used is ϕ 16, the pressure applied to the cylinder exceeds 0.5 MPa, so consider the ϕ 20 cylinder (lower than 0.4 MPa) and check the table of recommended cylinder bore sizes on page **(B**).

- The following are prospective models.
- KSHJ10×6 KSHJ10×10 KSHJ10×15
- · KSHJ12×6
 · KSHJ12×10
 · KSHJ14×8
 · KSHJ14×12
- ・KSHJ14×8 ・KSHJ16×15
- KSHJ16×15

2. Confirm the kinetic energy

- I The impact object mass m = 7 kg from 5
- II Find the impact speed, v, from (2) and (4). v = (2) 0.1 m \div (4) 0.4 s \times 2

$$v = (2) 0.1 \text{ m} \div (4) 0.4 \text{ s} \times 3$$

= 0.5 m/s

According to the selection graphs on pages (0, the shock absorber with the optimum absorption capacity for operating conditions is KSHJ12×6-02.

● KSHJ10×6 (with hexagon socket) ● KSHJ10×10



•KSHJ10×6 and 10×10-02 have an insufficient absorption capacity. •KSHJ10×15-03, 12×6-01....KSHJ12×6-02 come closer to the operating conditions and capacity curves.

•The absorption capacities for all of the other shock absorbers are higher than that of KSHJ12 \times 6-02, so they do not fall within the operating conditions and capacity curves.

3. Confirm other specifications

Verify that other operating conditions, such as the maximum operating frequency, maximum absorption capacity per unit of time, angle of eccentricity, and operating temperature range, are within the specified ranges for KSHJ12×6-02.

XSHC

Recommended cylinder bore size

Cylinder	bore	+6	4 0	± 10	± 10	± 10	± 00	±05	± 20	± 10	↓ E 0	+ 62	± 00	± 100	A 105	±140	±100	±100	± 000
Model	φ4	φ ゥ	φ8	φιυ	φīz	φ16	φ20	φ25	φ32	φ40	φ 50	φ 63	φ 8 0	φιυυ	φ125	φ 140	φ ιου	φ 180	φ200
KSHJ4×3 (-F11)	\diamond	\bigcirc	0																
KSHJ6×4 (-F11)		\diamond	\bigcirc	0															
KSHJ6×6 (-F11)		\diamond	0	0															
KSHJ8×4 (-F11)(with hexagon socket)				\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0												
KSHJ8×5 (-F11)			\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0													
KSHJ8×8 (-F11)			\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc													
KSHJ10×6 (-F11)(with hexagon socket)					\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0											
KSHJ10×10 (-F11)				\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc												
KSHJ10×15 (-F11)				\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc												
KSHJ11×6-F11					\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0											
KSHJ11×10-F11				\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0												
KSHJ11×15-F11				\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0												
KSHJ12×6 (-F11)(with hexagon socket)						\diamond	O	0	0										
KSHJ12×10 (-F11)					\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0											
KSHJ14×8 (-F11)(with hexagon socket)							\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0									
KSHJ14×12 (-F11)						\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0										
KSHJ16×8 (with hexagon socket)								\diamond	0	\bigcirc	0								
KSHJ16×15							\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0									
KSHJ18×16 (-F11)								\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc									
KSHJ20×10 (with hexagon socket)									\diamond	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc							
KSHJ20×16									\diamond	\bigcirc	0								
KSHJ22×25										\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc							
KSHJ25×25 (-F11)										\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0						
KSHJ27×25										\diamond	0	\bigcirc	0						
KSHJ30×30 (-F11)											\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0					
KSHJ33×30											\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0					
KSHJ36×50 (-F11)												\diamond	0	\bigcirc	0	0			
KSHJ42×50 (-F11)												\diamond	\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc		
KSHJ42×70 (-F11)												\diamond	\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc		
KSHJ45×50												\diamond	\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
KSHJ48×50													\diamond	\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0

 \bigcirc : 0.3 MPa or higher \bigcirc : 0.5 MPa or lower \bigcirc : 0.4 MPa or lower

Note 1: If a shock absorber that is smaller than the recommended shock absorber is used, the shock absorber being used may be damaged in fewer operation cycles than the value that is guaranteed.

N [lbf.]

Note 2: KSHJ11×6, KSHJ11×10, and KSHJ11×15 have only inch specifications.

Cylinder thrust

Bore size	Pressure area				Air	pressure MPa [psi.]						
mm [in.]	mm² [in.²]	0.1 [15]	0.2 [29]	0.3 [44]	0.4 [58]	0.5 [73]	0.6 [87]	0.7 [102]	0.8 [116]	0.9 [131]		
φ4	12.9 [0.01]	1.3 [0.2]	2.5 [0.6]	3.8 [0.9]	5 [1.1]	6.3 [1.4]	7.5 [1.7]	8.8 [2.0]	10.1 [2.3]	11.3 [2.5]		
φ6	28.3 [0.04]	2.8 [0.6]	5.7 [1.3]	8.5 [1.9]	11.3 [2.5]	14.1 [3.2]	17.0 [3.8]	19.8 [4.5]	22.6 [5.1]	25.4 [5.7]		
φ8	50.3 [0.08	5 [1.1]	10.1 [2.3]	15.1 [3.4]	20.1 [4.5]	25.1 [5.6]	30.2 [6.8]	35.2 [7.9]	40.2 [9.0]	45.2 [10.2]		
φ10	78.5 [0.12]	7.9 [1.8]	15.7 [3.5]	23.6 [5.3]	31.4 [7.1]	39.3 [8.8]	47.1 [10.6]	55 [12.4]	62.8 [14.1]	70.7 [15.9]		
φ12	113 [0.18]	11.3 [2.5]	22.6 [5.1]	33.9 [7.6]	45.2 [10.2]	56.5 [12.7]	67.9 [15.3]	79.2 [17.8]	90.5 [20.3]	101.8 [22.9]		
φ16	201 [0.31]	20.1 [4.5]	40.2 [9.0]	60.3 [13.6]	80.4 [18.1]	100.5 [22.6]	121 [27.2]	141 [31.7]	161 [36.2]	181 [40.7]		
φ20	314 [0.49]	31.4 [7.1]	62.8 [14.1]	94.2 [21.2]	126 [28.3]	157 [35.3]	188 [42.3]	220 [49.5]	251 [56.4]	283 [63.7]		
φ25	491 [0.76]	49.1 [11.0]	98.2 [22.1]	147 [33.0]	196 [44.1]	245 [55.1]	295 [66.3]	344 [77.3]	393 [88.3]	442 [99.4]		
φ32	804 [1.25]	80.4 [18.1]	161 [36.2]	241 [54.2]	322 [72.4]	402 [90.4]	483 [108.6]	563 [126.6]	643 [144.6]	724 [162.8]		
φ40	1257 [1.95]	126 [28.3]	251 [56.4]	377 [84.8]	503 [113.1]	628 [141.2]	754 [169.5]	880 [197.8]	1005 [225.9]	1131 [254.3]		
φ50	1963 [3.04]	196 [44.1]	393 [40.1]	589 [132.4]	785 [176.5]	982 [220.8]	1178 [264.8]	1374 [308.9]	1571 [353.2]	1767 [397.2]		
φ63	3117 [4.83]	312 [70.1]	623 [63.5]	935 [210.2]	1247 [280.3]	1559 [350.5]	1870 [420.4]	2182 [490.5]	2494 [560.7]	2806 [630.8]		
φ80	5027 [7.80]	503 [113.1]	1005 [102.5]	1508 [339.0]	2011 [452.1]	2513 [564.9]	3016 [678.0]	3519 [791.1]	4021 [904.0]	4524 [1017.0]		
φ100	7854 [12.17]	785 [176.5]	1571 [160.2]	2356 [529.6]	3142 [706.3]	3927 [882.8]	4712 [1059.3]	5498 [1236.0]	6283 [1412.5]	7069 [1589.2]		
φ125	12272 [19.02]	1227 [275.8]	2454 [250.2]	3682 [827.7]	4909 [1103.6]	6136 [1379.4]	7363 [1655.3]	8590 [1931.1]	9817 [2206.9]	11045 [2483.0]		
φ140	15394 [23.86]	1539 [346.0]	3079 [314.0]	4618 [1038.2]	6158 [1384.4]	7697 [1730.4]	9236 [2076.3]	10776 [2422.5]	12315 [2768.5]	13854 [3114.5]		
φ160	20106 [31.16]	2011 [452.1]	4021 [904.0]	6032 [1356.0]	8042 [1808.0]	10053 [2260.0]	12064 [2712.1]	14074 [3164.0]	16085 [3616.1]	18096 [4068.1]		
φ180	25447 [39.44]	2545 [572.1]	5089 [1144.1]	7634 [1716.2]	10179 [2288.3]	12723 [2860.2]	15268 [3432.4]	17813 [4004.5]	20358 [4576.7]	22902 [5148.6]		
φ200	31416 [48.69]	3142 [706.4]	6283 [1412.5]	9425 [2118.8]	12566 [2824.9]	15708 [3531.3]	18850 [4237.6]	21991 [4943.8]	25133 [5650.1]	28274 [6356.3]		

Cautions for using the selection graphs

- 1. The selection graphs are calculated with a cylinder operating air pressure of 0.5 MPa.
- 2. The values in the selection graphs are for room temperature (20 to 25°). Be aware that performance and characteristics change depending on the operating temperature.
- **3.** Select a shock absorber that is as close to, yet within, the capacity line(s).
- 4. You can select them on the Koganei home page. Go to http://www.koganei.co.jp
- The results of selections using our catalog may differ from the results of selections on our homepage.

Selection graph











• KSHJ42×70(-F11)



• KSHJ45×50



• KSHJ48×50



KSHC

KSHP

CHSX

Linear orifice shock absorber

KSHJ Series



Specifications

Model (in i	inches)	KSHJ4×3-01 (KSHJ4×3-01-F11)	KSHJ4×3-02 (KSHJ4×3-02-F11)	KSHJ6×4-01 (KSHJ6×4-01-F11)	KSHJ6×4-02 (KSHJ6×4-02-F11)	KSHJ6×6-01 (KSHJ6×6-01-F11)	KSHJ6×6-02 (KSHJ6×6-02-F11)			
Maximum absorption capacity J	l(in.lbs)	0.3 (2.7)	0.2 (1.8)	0.5 (4.4)	0.3 (2.7)	1 (8.9)	0.5 (4.4)			
Absorption stroke r	nm(in.)	3 (0.	118)	4 (0.	157)	6 (0.236)				
Impact speed range m	n/s(ft/s)	0.1 to 0.8 (0.33 to 2.62)	0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28)	0.1 to 1 (0.	33 to 3.28)	0.1 to 1 (0.	33 to 3.28)			
Maximum operating cycle cyc	cle/min		9	30						
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of tin (in	ne J/min n.lbs/min)	10 (8	38.6)	20 (1	77.1)	15 (132.8)				
Spring return force ^{Note1}	Ν	2	2	:	3	4				
Deflection angle		1° or less								
Operating temperature range ^{Note2}	°C(°F)	0 to 60 (32 to 140)								

Model (in	Model (in inches)		KSHJ8×4-02, -12 (KSHJ8×4-02, -12-F11)	KSHJ8×5-01, -11 (KSHJ8×5-01-F11)	KSHJ8×8-01, -11 (KSHJ8×8-01, -11-F11)	KSHJ8×8-02, -12 (KSHJ8×8-02,-12-F11)		
Maximum absorption capacity	J(in.lbs)	0.75 (6.6)	0.5 (4.4)	1 (8.9)	2 (1	7.7)		
Absorption stroke	mm(in.)	4 (0.	157)	5 (0.197)	8 (0.	8 (0.315)		
Impact speed range	m/s(ft/s)	0.1 to 1 (0.	33 to 3.28)	0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28)	0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28)	0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56)		
Maximum operating cycle c	ycle/min	6	0		90			
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of t	time J/min (in.lbs/min)	15 (1	32.8)	36 (318.8)	60 (531.4)			
Spring return force ^{Note1}	N	6	3	6	8.6			
Deflection angle		1° or less						
Operating temperature range ^{Note2}	°C(°F)	0 to 60 (32 to 140)						

Item	Model (in inches)	KSHJ10×6-01 (KSHJ10×6-01-F11) (KSHJ11×6-01-F11)	KSHJ10×6-02 (KSHJ10×6-02-F11) (KSHJ11×6-02-F11)	KSHJ10×10-01 (KSHJ10×10-01-F11) (KSHJ11×10-01-F11)	KSHJ10×10-02 (KSHJ10×10-02-F11) (KSHJ11×10-02-F11)	KSHJ10×15-01 (KSHJ10×15-01-F11) (KSHJ11×15-01-F11)	KSHJ10×15-03 (KSHJ10×15-03-F11) (KSHJ11×15-02-F11)		
Maximum absorption capacity	J(in.lbs)	1.25 (11.1)	0.75 (6.6)	3 (2	.6.6)	5 (44.3)	6.5 (57.6)		
Absorption stroke	mm(in.)	6 (0.	236)	10 (0	0.394)	15 (0.591)			
Impact speed range	m/s(ft/s)	0.1 to 1 (0.	33 to 3.28)	0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28)	0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56)	0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28)	0.1 to 3 (0.33 to 9.84)		
Maximum operating cycle	cycle/min	6	0	90					
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min)		45 (3	98.5)	120 (1	062.7)	200 (1771.2)			
Spring return force ^{Note1}	Ν	8	3	8	В	9.8			
Deflection angle				1° or less					
Operating temperature range ^{Not}	^{te2} °C(°F)	0 to 60 (32 to 140)							

Model (in ir	nches)	KSHJ12×6-01 (KSHJ12×6-01-F11)	KSHJ12×6-02 (KSHJ12×6-02-F11)	KSHJ12×10-01 (KSHJ12×10-01-F11)	KSHJ12×10-02 (KSHJ12×10-02-F11)	KSHJ14×8-01 (KSHJ14×8-01-F11)	KSHJ14×8-02 (KSHJ14×8-02-F11)		
Maximum absorption capacity J((in.lbs)	3 (26.6)	2 (17.7)	6 (5	3.1)	5 (44.3)	3.25 (28.8)		
Absorption stroke m	nm(in.)	6 (0.	236)	10 (0	.394)	8 (0.315)			
Impact speed range m.	/s(ft/s)	0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28)		0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28)	0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56)	0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28)			
Maximum operating cycle cyc	cle/min	n 60							
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of tim (in.	ne J/min .lbs/min)	80 (7	08.5)	220 (1	948.3)	100 (885.6)			
Spring return force ^{Note1}	Ν	8	3	7.	.6	12.5			
Deflection angle		1° or less							
Operating temperature range ^{Note2}	°C(°F)	0 to 60 (32 to 140)							

Note1: The spring return force is the force of the piston rod when it returns from a full stroke. It is not stable, so cannot be used as other than rod return.

Note2: The shock absorber's shock absorbing capacity fluctuates based on speed and ambient temperature.

Use the product within the ranges of the selection graphs (impact mass, impact speed diagram) on pages 🛽 to 🔞.

Note3: KSHJ11 has only inch specifications.

* The maximum tightening torque of KSHJ11 is different from that of KSHJ10. See page 🛈 for details on the maximum tightening torque.
Specifications

Model (in inches)	KSHJ14×12-01 KSHJ14×12-02 (KSHJ14×12-01-F11) (KSHJ14×12-02-F11)	KSHJ16×8-01	KSHJ16×8-02	KSHJ16×15-01	KSHJ16×15-02	
Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs)	10 (88.6)	7.5	5	1	5	
Absorption stroke mm(in.)	12 (0.472)	٤	3	1	5	
Impact speed range m/s(ft/s)	0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56)	0.1 to 1		0.1 to 1	0.1 to 2	
Maximum operating cycle cycle/min	60	40				
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min)	240 (2125.4)	130		280		
Spring return force ^{Note1} N	9.2	12	2.5	17.4		
Deflection angle	1° or less		3° or	less		
Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F)		0 to 60 (3	32 to 140)			

Model (in inche Item) KSHJ18×16-01 K (KSHJ18×16-01-F11) (K	KSHJ18×16-02 (SHJ18×16-02-F11)	KSHJ20×10-01 KSHJ20×10-02		KSHJ20×16-01	KSHJ20×16-02		
Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lb) 20 (177	7.0)	12.5 8		30			
Absorption stroke mm(ir) 16 (0.63	16 (0.630)		10		6		
Impact speed range m/s(ft/) 0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28) 0.	.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56)	0.1 to 1		0.1 to 1	0.1 to 2		
Maximum operating cycle cycle/m	۱	40				30		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/m (in.lbs/m	n)) 320 (283	33.9)	200		450			
Spring return force ^{Note1}	N 22		1	15 22				
Deflection angle		3° or less						
Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°H)	0 to 60 (32 to 140)						

Item	(in inches)	KSHJ22×25-01	KSHJ22×25-02	KSHJ25×25-01	KSHJ25×25-11 (KSHJ25×25-01-F11)	KSHJ25×25-12 (KSHJ25×25-02-F11)			
Maximum absorption capacity	J(in.lbs)	5	0		60 (531.0)				
Absorption stroke	mm(in.)	2	25 25 (0.984)						
Impact speed range	m/s(ft/s)) 0.1 to 1 0.1 to 1 0.1 to 1.5		0.1 to 1.5	0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28)	0.1 to 1.5 (0.33 to 4.92)			
Maximum operating cycle	cycle/min			30					
Maximum absorption capacity per unit	of time J/min (in.lbs/min)	50	500 700 800 (7084.8)						
Spring return force ^{Note1}	N	28.5							
Deflection angle		3° or less							
Operating temperature range ^N	^{ote2} °C(°F)			0 to 60 (32 to 14	40)				

Item	lel (in inches)	KSHJ27×25-01,- 11	KSHJ27×25-02,- 12	KSHJ30×30-01 KSHJ30×30-02 KSHJ30×30-02 (KSHJ30×30-01-F11) (KSHJ30×30-02-F11) (KSHJ30×30-02-F11)					
Maximum absorption capaci	ty J(in.lbs)	6	0	140 (1239.1)					
Absorption stroke	mm(in.)	2	5		30 (1.181)				
Impact speed range m/s(ft/s		0.1 to 1	0.1 to 1.5	0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56)		0.1 to 3 (0.33 to 9.84)			
Maximum operating cycle	cycle/min	3	0	20					
Maximum absorption capacity per u	nit of time J/min (in.lbs/min)	800		900 (7970.4)					
Spring return force ^{Note1}	Ν	28	3.5	41.5					
Deflection angle		3° or less							
Operating temperature range	e ^{Note2} °C(°F)	0 to 60 (32 to 140)							

Note1: The spring return force is the force of the piston rod when it returns from a full stroke. It is not stable, so cannot be used as other than rod return.

Note2: The shock absorber's shock absorbing capacity fluctuates based on speed and ambient temperature. Use the product within the ranges of the selection graphs (impact mass, impact speed diagram) on pages (1) to (1).

Note3: KSHJ16x8, KSHJ16x15, KSHJ20x10, KSHJ20x16, KSHJ22x25, KSHJ27x25, KSHJ33x30, KSHJ45x50, and KSHJ48x50 do not have inch specifications.

Specifications

Item	(in inches)	KSHJ33×30-01	KSHJ33×30-02	KSHJ33×30-03	KSHJ36×50-01 (KSHJ36×50-01-F11)	KSHJ36×50-02 (KSHJ36×50-02-F11)	KSHJ36×50-03 (KSHJ36×50-03-F11)		
Maximum absorption capacity	J(in.lbs)		140			300 (2655.2)			
Absorption stroke	mm(in.)		30			50 (1.969)			
Impact speed range	m/s(ft/s)	0.1 to 1	0.1 to 1 0.1 to 2 0.1 to 3			0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56) 0.1 to 3 (0.33 to 9.84)			
Maximum operating cycle	cycle/min		20		20				
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min)			900			1800 (15940.8)			
Spring return force ^{Note1}	Ν		41.5			66.5			
Deflection angle				3° 01	r less				
Operating temperature range ^{Nc}	^{te2} °C(°F)			0 to 60 (3	(32 to 140)				

Item	(in inches)	KSHJ42×50-01 KSHJ42×50-02 (KSHJ42×50-01-F11) (KSHJ42×50-02-F11)		KSHJ42×70-01 (KSHJ42×70-01-F11)	KSHJ42×70-02 (KSHJ42×70-02-F11)			
Maximum absorption capacity	J(in.lbs)	400 (3	540.3)	600 (5	310.4)			
Absorption stroke mm(in.		50 (1	.969)	70 (2	.756)			
mpact speed range m/s(ft/s)		0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28)	0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56)	0.1 to 1 (0.33 to 3.28)	0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56)			
Maximum operating cycle cycle/min		1	5	1	15			
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min)		2400 (21254.4)		2400 (21254.4)				
Spring return force ^{Note1} N		85.0		68.0				
Deflection angle		3° or less		1° or less				
Operating temperature range ^{No}	^{ote2} °C(°F)		0 to 60 (3	2 to 140)				

Model (in inches)	KSHJ45×50-01	KSHJ45×50-02	KSHJ48×50-01	KSHJ48×50-02		
Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs)	4	00	500			
Absorption stroke mm(in.)	5	i0	5	0		
Impact speed range m/s(ft/s)	0.1 to 1	0.1 to 2	0.1 to 1	0.1 to 2		
Maximum operating cycle cycle/min	1	5	15			
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min)	24	2400		00		
Spring return force ^{Note1} N	85.0 86.0					
Deflection angle	3° or less					
Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F)	0 to 60					

Note1: The spring return force is the force of the piston rod when it returns from a full stroke. It is not stable, so cannot be used as other than rod return.

Note2: The shock absorber's shock absorbing capacity fluctuates based on speed and ambient temperature. Use the product within the ranges of the selection graphs (impact mass, impact speed diagram) on pages (2) to (6).

Note3: KSHJ16x8, KSHJ16x15, KSHJ20x10, KSHJ20x16, KSHJ22x25, KSHJ27x25, KSHJ33x30, KSHJ45x50, KSHJ48x50 do not have inch specifications.

Specifications in mm

Model	Moin unit Note	Additional mass		Additional parts' mass			
MOdel	Main unit	With plastic cap	Mounting nut (1 ea.)	Stopper nut	Side mounting bracket		
KSHJ4×3-01, -02	1.8	0.1	0.2	1	7		
KSHJ6×4-01, -02	4	0.2	0.4	2	8		
KSHJ6×6-01, -02	5	0.2	0.4	2	8		
KSHJ8×4-01, -02, -11,-12 (with hexagon socket)	10	0.5	0.6(0.9)	4	12		
KSHJ8×5-01, -11	10	0.5	0.6(0.9)	4	12		
KSHJ8×8-01, -02, -11,-12	11.5	0.5	0.6(0.9)	4	12		
KSHJ10×6-01, -02 (with hexagon socket)	21	0.6	1.2	7	15		
KSHJ10×10-01, -02	22	0.6	1.2	7	15		
KSHJ10×15-01, -03	28	0.6	1.2	7	15		
KSHJ12 \times 6-01, 02 (with hexagon socket)	31	1.2	1.9	8	22		
KSHJ12×10-01, -02	37	1.2	1.9	8	22		
KSHJ14×8-01, 02 (with hexagon socket)	55	1.4	4	15	41		
KSHJ14×12-01, -02	58	1.4	4	15	41		
KSHJ16×8-01, -02 (with hexagon socket)	73	1.4	6.6	28	65		
KSHJ16×15-01, -02	83	1.4	6.6	28	65		
KSHJ18×16-01, -02	113	3.0	8.8	37	100		
KSHJ20×10-01, -02 (with hexagon socket)	131	3.0	12.2	55	110		
KSHJ20×16-01, -02	156	3.0	12.2	55	110		
KSHJ22×25-01, -02	233	7.0	18.2	82	390		
KSHJ25×25-01	307	7.0	23	95	360		
KSHJ25×25-11, -12	300	7.0	24.5	95	360		
KSHJ27×25-01, -02	415	7.0	42	180	460		
KSHJ27×25-11, -12	395	7.0	54	180	460		
KSHJ30×30-01, -02, -03	520	50	32.5	140	455		
KSHJ33×30-01, -02, -03	675	50	47.5	390	2800		
KSHJ36×50-01, -02, -03	1070	110	95.5	330	2650		
KSHJ42×50-01, -02	1310	110	93	320	2400		
KSHJ42×70-01, -02	1500	110	93	320	2400		
KSHJ45×50-01, -02	1610	110	123	420	3400		
KSHJ48×50-01, -02	1830	210	100	400	3400		

Calculation example: The mass of KSHJ10×10C-01-S-2 (with cap, stopper, and side mount) is

22 + 0.6 + 7 + 15 = 44.6g

Note: The weight of the main unit includes the weight of 2 mounting nuts.

Specifications in inches

Markal I	Note1	Additional mass	Additional pa	arts' mass	
Model	Main unit	With plastic cap	Mounting nut (1 ea.)	Stopper nut	
KSHJ4×3-01, -0 -F11	0.1	0.004	0.01	0.04	
KSHJ6×4-01, -02 -F11	0.2	0.007	0.04	0.1	
KSHJ6×6-01, -02 -F11	0.2	0.007	0.04	0.1	
KSHJ8×4-01, -02, -11,-12 -F11	0.4 0.02		0.06	0.2	
KSHJ8×5-01-F11	0.4 0.02		0.06	0.2	
KSHJ8×8-01, -02, -11,-12 -F11	0.5	0.02	0.06	0.2	
KSHJ10×6-01, -02 -F11	0.7	0.02	0.07	0.4	
KSHJ10×10-01, -02 -F11	0.8	0.02	0.07	0.4	
KSHJ10×15-01, -03 -F11	1.0	0.02 0.07		0.4	
KSHJ11×6-01, -02 -F11 ^{Note2}	1.0	0.02	0.09	0.4	
KSHJ11×10-01, -02-F11 ^{Note2}	1.2	0.02	0.09	0.4	
KSHJ11×15-01, -03-F11 ^{Note2}	1.4	0.02	0.09	0.4	
KSHJ12×6-01, 02-F11	1.3	0.04	0.1	0.5	
KSHJ12×10-01, -02 -F11	1.5	0.04	0.1	0.5	
KSHJ14×8-01, 02 -F11	2.2	0.05	0.2	0.7	
KSHJ14×12-01, -02 -F11	2.2	0.05	0.2	0.7	
KSHJ18×16-01, -02 -F11	4.8	0.1	0.4	2.5	
KSHJ25×25-11, -12 -F11	11.3	0.2	1.2	4.4	
(SHJ30×30-01, -02, -03 -F11 20.6		1.8	1.3	5.5	
KSHJ36×50-01, -02, -03 -F11	33.9	3.9	3.0	9.8	
KSHJ42×50-01, -02 -F11	51.5	3.9	3.4	10.8	
KSHJ42×70-01, -02 -F11	59.6	3.9	3.4	10.8	

Calculation example: The mass of KSHJ10×10C-01-S-2 (with cap and stopper) is

0.8 + 0.02 + 0.4 = 1.58oz

Note1: The weight of the main unit includes the weight of 2 mounting nuts.

Note2: KSHJ11 has only inch specifications.

Order Codes (specifications in mm)



Order Codes (specifications in mm)



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Order Codes (specifications in mm)



Short stroke type (with hexagon socket)



Additional Parts (no specifications in inches) Mounting nut (M4 to M20: 1 pack has 10 units) Note M22 to M48: 1 pack has 2 units) Side mounting bracket Stopper nut 2 - KSH - M - KSH - M S - KSH - M Ν Thread size Thread size Thread size 4: For KSHJ4 4: For KSHJ4 4: For KSHJ4 6: For KSHJ6 6: For KSHJ6 6: For KSHJ6 8: For KSHJ8(-01,02) 8: For KSHJ8(-01,02) 8: For KSHJ8(-01,02) 8-11: For KSHJ8(-11,12) 8-11: For KSHJ8(-11,12) 8-11: For KSHJ8(-11,12) 10: For KSHJ10 10: For KSHJ10 10: For KSHJ10 12: For KSHJ12 12: For KSHJ12 12: For KSHJ12 14: For KSHJ14 14: For KSHJ14 14: For KSHJ14 16: For KSHJ16 16: For KSHJ16 16: For KSHJ16 18: For KSHJ18 18: For KSHJ18 18: For KSHJ18 20: For KSHJ20 20: For KSHJ20 20: For KSHJ20 22: For KSHJ22 22: For KSHJ22 22: For KSHJ22 25: For KSHJ25-01 25: For KSHJ25-01 25: For KSHJ25-01 25-11: For KSHJ25(-11,12) 25-11: For KSHJ25(-11,12) 25-11: For KSHJ25(-11,12) **27:** For KSHJ27(-01,02) **27-11:** For KSHJ27(-11,12) 27: For KSHJ27(-01,02) 27: For KSHJ27(-01,02) 27-11: For KSHJ27(-11,12) 27-11: For KSHJ27(-11,12) 30: For KSHJ30 30: For KSHJ30 33: For KSHJ33 30: For KSHJ30 33: For KSHJ33 33: For KSHJ33 36: For KSHJ36 36: For KSHJ36 36: For KSHJ36

42: For KSHJ42

45: For KSHJ45

48: For KSHJ48

Note: The mounting nut for thread size M45 is nominal number AN09 prescribed in JIS B1554 (nuts for rolling bearings).

* For the dimension diagrams of the additional parts, see pages @ to @.

42: For KSHJ42

45: For KSHJ45

48: For KSHJ48

* The stopper nut and side mount are made from mild steel (nickel plated).

Additional Parts

KSHC

KSHP

KSHY

42: For KSHJ42

45: For KSHJ45

48: For KSHJ48

KSHJ

Inner Construction and Major Parts and Materials

●M4 to M27 size (10-32UNF to 1-12UNF) * The inch sizes are inside the ().



Note: Some parts and interior shapes may vary depending on size.

No.	Name	Materials
1	Body ^{Note1}	Copper alloy (nickel plated)
2	Piston rod ^{Note2}	Steel (nickel plated)
3	Sleeve	Copper alloy
4	Plug	Stainless steel
5	Accumulator	Synthetic rubber
6	Spring	Spring steel
7	Rod seal	Synthetic rubber
8	Oil	Special oil
9	Piston ring	Copper alloy
(10)	Сар	Plastic (POM)
(1)	Collar ^{Note3}	Stainless steel, copper alloy
(12)	O-ring	Synthetic rubber
(13)	Screw ^{Note4}	Mild steel (zinc plated)
14)	Mounting nut	Mild steel (nickel plated)

Note1: KSHJ4, 6, and 8×4 are stainless steel

2: KSHJ8, 10×10, and 12×10 are stainless steel

3: KSHJ6 and 8 are copper alloy

KSHJ10 and 12, and 14×12 are sintered metal

4: KSHJ4, 6, and 8 are nickel plated

●M30 to M48 size (1 1/4-12UNF to 1 3/4-12UN) * The inch sizes are inside the ().



Note: Some parts and interior shapes may vary depending on size.

No.	Name	Materials
1	Body	Free-cutting steel (nickel plated)
2	Piston rod	Steel (nickel plated)
3	Sleeve	Copper alloy
4	Plug	Stainless steel
5	Accumulator	Synthetic rubber
6	Spring	Spring steel
\overline{O}	Rod seal	Synthetic rubber
8	Oil	Special oil
9	Piston ring ^{Note}	Copper alloy
10	Metal cap	Stainless steel
11	Сар	Plastic (POM)
(12)	Collar	Stainless steel
(13)	O-ring	Synthetic rubber
(14)	Button head screw	Stainless steel
(15)	Mounting nut	Mild steel (nickel plated)
(16)	Hexagon socket head screw	Mild steel (nickel plated)

Note: KSHJ42, 45, and 48 are stainless steel

Dimensions (mm)

•No rod end cap: KSHJ4 \times 3, KSHJ6 \times 4, KSHJ6 \times 6







Model Symbol	Α	В	С	E	F	G	Н	J	к	Ν	Q	R	S	т
KSHJ4×3 (C)-01,-02	25	3	22	M4×0.5	2	5.5	6.4	1.2	3	1	1.1	28.5	3.5	3.2
KSHJ6×4 (C)-01,-02	29.5	4	25.5	M6×0.75	2	8	9.2	2	4.5	1	1	33.5	4	4.6
KSHJ6×6 (C)-01,-02	35.5	6	29.5	M6×0.75	2	8	9.2	2	5.5	1	1	39.5	4	4.6

●No rod end cap: KSHJ□×□-□

• With rod end cap: $KSHJ \supseteq \times \Box C$ -







Model Symbol	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	K	L	N	Q	R	S	Т
KSHJ8×5 (C)-01	37	5	32	1.2	M8×0.75	2	10	11.5	2.5	3	7	1.3	1.5	42	5	6.5
KSHJ8×5 (C)-11	37	5	32	1.2	M8×1	3	10	11.5	2.5	3	7	1.3	1.5	42	5	6.5
KSHJ8×8 (C)-01,-02	46	8	38	1.2	M8×0.75	2	10	11.5	2.5	3	7	1.3	1.5	51	5	6.5
KSHJ8×8 (C)-11,-12	46	8	38	1.2	M8×1	3	10	11.5	2.5	3	7	1.3	1.5	51	5	6.5
KSHJ10×10 (C)-01,-02	60	10	50	2	M10×1	3	12	13.9	3	5	8.5	1.3	1.5	68	8	8
KSHJ10×15 (C)-01,-03	77	15	62	2.3	M10×1	3	12	13.9	3	5	8.5	1.3	1.5	85	8	8
KSHJ12×10 (C)-01,-02	66	10	56	2	M12×1	4	14	16.2	3	5	10.5	1.3	1.5	76	10	10
KSHJ14×12 (C)-01,-02	72	12	60	2	M14×1.5	5	17	19.6	4	5	12	1.3	1.5	82	10	11
KSHJ16×15 (C)-01,-02	82	15	67	3	M16×1.5	7	19	21.9	4	7	13	1.8	2	92	10	11
KSHJ18×16 (C)-01,-02	88	16	72	3	M18×1.5	8	21	24.2	5	7	15	1.8	2	103	15	15
KSHJ20×16 (C)-01,-02	93	16	77	3	M20×1.5	8	24	27.7	5	7	17	1.8	2	108	15	15
KSHJ22×25 (C)-01,-02	125	25	100	3	M22×1.5	9	27	31.2	6	10	19	1.8	2	143	18	18
KSHJ25×25 (C)-01	125	25	100	3	M25×1.5	10	30	34.6	6	10	22	1.8	2	143	18	18
KSHJ25×25 (C)-11,-12	125	25	100	3	M25×2	10	30	34.6	6	10	22	1.8	2	143	18	18

●No rod end cap: KSHJ27×25-□



●With rod end cap: KSHJ27×25C-□





CHSX

KSHP

ſφ

•No rod end cap: $KSHJ \supseteq \times \Box - \Box$

•With rod end cap: $KSHJ \supseteq \times \Box C - \Box$







Model Symbol	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	К	L	R	S	Т
KSHJ30×30 (C)-01,-02,-03	153	30	123	4	M30×1.5	10	36	41.6	10	12	24	173	20	25
KSHJ33×30 (C)-01,-02,-03	153	30	123	4	M33×1.5	10	41	47.3	10	12	27	173	20	25
KSHJ36×50 (C)-01,-02,-03	218	50	168	5	M36×1.5	15	46	53.1	12	15	30	243	25	32
KSHJ42×50 (C)-01,-02	220	50	170	5	M42×1.5	15	50	57.7	12	20	36	245	25	32
KSHJ42×70 (C)-01,-02	275	70	205	5	M42×1.5	15	50	57.7	12	20	36	300	25	32
KSHJ48×50 (C)-01,-02	230	50	180	6	M48×2	15	55	63.5	14	20	40	263	33	38

●No rod end cap: KSHJ45×50-01, -02

5

2 nuts

50

(stroke)

φ12

220

10

170



20

M45×1.5

●With rod end cap: KSHJ45×50C-01, -02



Short stroke type (with hexagon socket)







Model Symbol	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	L	N	R	S	т
KSHJ8×4 (C)-01,-02	37	4	33	2.2	M8×0.75	2	10	11.5	2.5	4	2	42	5	6.5
KSHJ8×4 (C)-11,-12	37	4	33	2.2	M8×1.0	3	10	11.5	2.5	4	2	42	5	6.5
KSHJ10×6 (C)-01,-02	48	6	42	2	M10×1	3	12	13.9	3	5	3	56	8	8
KSHJ12×6 (C)-01,-02	48	6	42	2	M12×1	4	14	16.2	3	6	3	58	10	10
KSHJ14×8 (C)-01,-02	61	8	53	2	M14×1.5	5	17	19.6	4	6	3	71	10	11
KSHJ16×8 (C)-01,-02	61	8	53	3	M16×1.5	7	19	21.9	4	6	4	71	10	11
KSHJ20×10 (C)-01,-02	69	10	59	3	M20×1.5	8	24	27.7	5	6	4	84	15	15

Order Codes (specifications in inches)



Order Codes (specifications in inches)



Order Codes (specifications in inches)



Short stroke type (with hexagon socket)



CHSX

●No rod end cap: KSHJ4×3, KSHJ6×4, KSHJ6×6



●With rod end cap: KSHJ4×3C, KSHJ6×4C KSHJ6×6C



Model Symbol	Α	В	С	E	F	G	Н	J	к	N	Q	R	S
KSHJ4×3 (C)-01,-02-F11	0.984	0.118	0.866	#10-32 UNF	0.1	1/4	0.289	0.047	0.118	0.039	0.043	1.122	0.138
KSHJ6×4 (C)-01,-02-F11	1.161	0.157	1.004	1/4-32 UNEF	0.1	3/8	0.433	0.079	0.177	0.039	0.039	1.319	0.157
KSHJ6×6 (C)-01,-02-F11	1.398	0.236	1.161	1/4-32 UNEF	0.1	3/8	0.433	0.079	0.217	0.039	0.039	1.555	0.157

Model Symbol	Т	AL	AS	AX	AY
KSHJ4×3 (C)-01,-02-F11	0.126	#10-32 UNF	0.3	1/4	0.289
KSHJ6×4 (C)-01,-02-F11	0.181	1/4-32 UNEF	0.4	3/8	0.433
KSHJ6×6 (C)-01,-02-F11	0.181	1/4-32 UNEF	0.4	3/8	0.433

●No rod end cap: KSHJ□×□-□



•With rod end cap: KSHJ \simeq C-





Model Symbol	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	K	N	Q	R
KSHJ8×4 (C)-01,-02-F11	1.457	0.157	1.299	0.087	5/16-32 UNEF	0.13	7/16	0.505	0.098	0.118	0.051	0.059	1.654
KSHJ8×5 (C)-01-F11	1.457	0.197	1.26	0.047	5/16-32 UNEF	0.13	7/16	0.505	0.098	0.118	0.051	0.059	1.654
KSHJ8×8 (C)-01,-02-F11	1.811	0.315	1.496	0.047	5/16-32 UNEF	0.13	7/16	0.505	0.098	0.118	0.051	0.059	2.008
KSHJ10×6 (C)-01,-02-F11	1.89	0.236	1.654	0.079	3/8-32 UNEF	0.13	1/2	0.577	0.118	0.197	0.051	0.059	2.205
KSHJ10×10 (C)-01,-02-F11	2.362	0.394	1.969	0.079	3/8-32 UNEF	0.13	1/2	0.577	0.118	0.197	0.051	0.059	2.677
KSHJ10×15 (C)-01,-03-F11	3.031	0.591	2.441	0.079	3/8-32 UNEF	0.13	1/2	0.577	0.118	0.197	0.051	0.059	3.346
KSHJ11×6 (C)-01,-02-F11	1.89	0.236	1.654	0.079	7/16-28 UNEF	0.15	9/16	0.65	0.118	0.197	0.051	0.059	2.205
KSHJ11×10 (C)-01,-02-F11	2.362	0.394	1.969	0.079	7/16-28 UNEF	0.15	9/16	0.65	0.118	0.197	0.051	0.059	2.677
KSHJ11×15 (C)-01,-03-F11	3.031	0.591	2.441	0.079	7/16-28 UNEF	0.15	9/16	0.65	0.118	0.197	0.051	0.059	3.346
KSHJ12×6 (C)-01,02-F11	1.89	0.236	1.654	0.079	1/2-20 UNF	0.15	5/8	0.722	0.118	0.197	0.051	0.059	2.283
KSHJ12×10 (C)-01,-02-F11	2.598	0.394	2.205	0.079	1/2-20 UNF	0.15	5/8	0.722	0.118	0.197	0.051	0.059	2.992
KSHJ14×8 (C)-01,02-F11	2.402	0.315	2.087	0.079	9/16-18 UNF	7/32	11/16	0.794	0.157	0.197	0.051	0.059	2.795
KSHJ14×12 (C)-01,-02-F11	2.835	0.472	2.362	0.079	9/16-18 UNF	7/32	11/16	0.794	0.157	0.197	0.051	0.059	3.228
KSHJ18×16 (C)-01,-02-F11	3.465	0.63	2.835	0.118	3/4-16 UNF	1/4	15/16	1.082	0.197	0.276	0.071	0.079	4.055
KSHJ25×25 (C)-01,-02-F11	4.921	0.984	3.937	0.118	1-12 UNF	3/8	1 1/4	1.443	0.236	0.394	0.071	0.079	5.63

Model Symbol	S	Т	AL	AS	AX	AY
KSHJ8×4 (C)-01,-02-F11	0.197	0.256	5/16-32 UNEF	7/16	7/16	0.505
KSHJ8×5 (C)-01-F11	0.197	0.256	5/16-32 UNEF	7/16	7/16	0.505
KSHJ8×8 (C)-01,-02-F11	0.197	0.256	5/16-32 UNEF	7/16	7/16	0.505
KSHJ10×6 (C)-01,-02-F11	0.315	0.315	3/8-32 UNEF	11/16	1/2	0.577
KSHJ10×10 (C)-01,-02-F11	0.315	0.315	3/8-32 UNEF	11/16	1/2	0.577
KSHJ10×15 (C)-01,-03-F11	0.315	0.315	3/8-32 UNEF	11/16	1/2	0.577
KSHJ11×6 (C)-01,-02-F11	0.315	0.315	7/16-28 UNEF	11/16	9/16	0.65
KSHJ11×10 (C)-01,-02-F11	0.315	0.315	7/16-28 UNEF	11/16	9/16	0.65
KSHJ11×15 (C)-01,-03-F11	0.315	0.315	7/16-28 UNEF	11/16	9/16	0.65
KSHJ12×6 (C)-01,02-F11	0.394	0.394	1/2-20 UNF	11/16	5/8	0.722
KSHJ12×10 (C)-01,-02-F11	0.394	0.394	1/2-20 UNF	11/16	5/8	0.722
KSHJ14×8 (C)-01,02-F11	0.394	0.433	9/16-18 UNF	3/4	11/16	0.794
KSHJ14×12 (C)-01,-02-F11	0.394	0.433	9/16-18 UNF	3/4	11/16	0.794
KSHJ18×16 (C)-01,-02-F11	0.591	0.591	3/4-16 UNF	11/2	15/16	1.082
KSHJ25×25 (C)-01,-02-F11	0.709	0.709	1-12 UNF	11/2	1 1/4	1.443

●No rod end cap: KSHJ□×□-□



•With rod end cap: KSHJ \simeq C-



Model Symbol	Α	В	С	D		E	F	G	Н	J	K	L	R	S
KSHJ30×30 (C)-01,-02,-03-F11	6.024	1.181	4.843	0.157	1 1/4-1	2 UNF	3/8	1 1/2	1.732	0.394	0.472	1	6.811	0.787
KSHJ36×50 (C)-01,-02,-03-F11	8.583	1.969	6.614	0.197	1 3/8-1	2 UNF	5/8	1 11/16	1.948	0.472	0.591	1 1/8	9.567	0.984
KSHJ42×50 (C)-01,-02-F11	8.661	1.969	6.693	0.197	1 3/4-1	2 UN	5/8	2	2.309	0.472	0.787	1 1/2	9.646	0.984
KSHJ42×70 (C)-01,-02-F11	10.827	2.756	8.071	0.197	1 3/4-1	2 UN	5/8	2	2.309	0.472	0.787	1 1/2	11.811	0.984
Model Symbol	Т	AL	-	AS	AX	AY								
KSHJ30×30 (C)-01,-02,-03-F11	0.984	1 1/4-12	UNF	1 1/2	1 1/2	1.732								
KSHJ36×50 (C)-01,-02,-03-F11	1.26	1 3/8-12	UNF	2	1 11/16	1.948								
KSHJ42×50 (C)-01,-02-F11	1.26	1 3/4-12	UN	2	2	2.309								
KSHJ42×70 (C)-01,-02-F11	1.26	1 3/4-12	UN	2	2	2.309								

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Side load resistant Linear Orifice[®] Shock Absorber KSHY Series



KSHJ

KSHY

KSHP

KSHC

Additional Parts



General precautions

Cover the unit when mounting it in locations where it might be subject to excessive dust, dripping water, dripping oil, etc. Dents, scratches, water, oil, or dust on the piston rod results in damage and decreases service life.



Mounting

 Keep the angle of eccentricity, resulting from the load direction and the axis of the shock absorber, under the specified values on page ⁽¹⁾. If an eccentric load exceeding the specifications is applied, it could result in breakage or impaired returns. If there is concern that an eccentric load exceeding the specified values will be applied, install a guide, or similar mechanism.



2. For swing impacts, the ends of the piston rod and the cap wear down due to the sliding between the contact area and the tip of the shock absorber. Although you can reduce wear by applying grease, observe the following precautions when applying grease.



- * Grease application: Apply a small amount and spread it thinly.
- * Wipe off the grease if it gets stuck to the cap end or the side of the rod.
- * If grease gets inside the body of the shock absorber and excessively increases its inner volume, the pressure inside the shock absorber will rise when absorbing an impact and cause damage due to the plug popping out, or other similar situations. Make sure not to apply grease excessively.
- **3.** Ensure that the hardness of the surface directly impacting the piston rod of the shock absorber is over HRc40 hardness (excluding models with cap). We also recommend a surface roughness of Ry6.3 or less.

4. Angle of eccentricity specification shock absorbers can be used very effectively if they are mounted at a position far from the center of rotation. However, use shock absorbers with a thrust stronger than the returning force of the spring (return force of the piston rod).



Large shock absorber

Small shock absorber

5. Two or more shock absorbers can be mounted in parallel, to boost absorption capacity. However, keep the distances from the center of rotation to each shock absorber equal. Also, have the load applied evenly between each shock absorber.



- **6.** To adjust the capacity with the stroke, adjust the stopper nut (-S) or add an external stopper.
- 7. If using with a cap, always mount a stopper nut (-S) or an external stopper to ensure that the cap is not subjected to loads at the stroke end. Install the mounting position of the stopper nut such that A ≤ the stroke of the shock absorber. You can use it without a stopper nut or external stopper, but over the long-term, the stop location changes due to cap deformation and wear.



- 8. The small screw on the back end of the shock absorber should never be loosened or removed. Oil may leak out of the shock absorber leading to a loss of functionality and resulting in damage to the equipment and accidents.
- **9.** When mounting the shock absorber, always use the following maximum tightening torque guidelines. Tightening using excessive force may result in damage.

Model	Maximum tightening torque
KSHY6 × 4 (C)-01,-02	0.85
KSHY8 × 5 (C)-01,-02,-11,-12	2.5
KSHY10 × 6 (C)-01,02	6.5
KSHY12 × 6 (C)-01,02	8.0
KSHY14 × 8 (C)-01,02	12.0
KSHY16 × 8 (C)-01,02	20.0
KSHY20 × 10 (C)-01,02	30.0

10. Be aware that performance and characteristics change depending on the operating temperature.

Selection guidelines



1. Confirm the thrust

The thrust that is applied to the shock absorber (F) should be weaker than the allowable thrust. If a thrust stronger than the allowable thrust is used, the shock absorber may be damaged in fewer operation cycles than the guaranteed life. See page () for the values of allowable thrust.

• When using an rotating actuator

 $F = T \div R$

- T: Torque of the rotating actuator $[N \cdot m]$
- R: Shock absorber's mounting radius (the distance from the center of rotation to the shock absorber) [m]
- F: Force at the point of distance Rm (thrust applied to the shock absorber) [N]

When using a linear actuator



r : Mounting position of actuator's end [m]

If the value for F is greater than the allowable thrust, do the following countermeasures.

- Use a larger size shock absorber
- · Make R, the mounting radius, larger

2. Confirm the angle of eccentricity

Confirm whether the approximate value for angle of eccentricity of the prospective shock absorbers may be less than 10°. Finally, you should check on the device's drawings since, in actuality, the angles for even the same radii may differ, depending on the shapes and the mounting methods.

If a workpiece is installed so that it contacts the plug of the shock absorber, in parallel, at the stroke end, its approximate angle of eccentricity and minimum mounting radius are as follows.

These are not the actual values because the rotating parts have some thickness.

These are reference values for when you are making a selection.



L: Shock absorber's stroke [mm]

R: Shock absorber's mounting radius [mm]

a : Deflection angle [°]

Model	Stroke[mm]	Allowable angle of eccentricity	Minimum mounting radius [mm]
$KSHY6 \times 4 (C)$	4		22.7
KSHY8 $ imes$ 5 (C)	5		28.4
$\rm KSHY10 \times 6~(C)$	6		34
$KSHY12 \times 6 (C)$	0	10° or less	54
$KSHY14 \times 8 (C)$	0		45 A
$\rm KSHY16 \times 8~(C)$	0		45.4
$\mathrm{KSHY20} imes \mathrm{10}\mathrm{(C)}$	10		56.7

If the allowable angle of eccentricity is exceeded, do the following countermeasures, and then do [1. Confirm the thrust] again.

Make R, the mounting radius, larger
Use a smaller size shock absorber



4. Confirm other specifications

LHSX

Additional Parts

3. Confirm the absorption capacity

3-1. Confirm the impact speed Swing angle [rad] Angular velocity ω [rad/s] = $\frac{\sigma_{\text{Wing}} \omega_{\text{rad}} \sigma_{\text{rad}}}{\text{Target swing time [s]}}$ × 2^{Note} Swing angle [°] $\times \pi \div 180$ = Swing angle [rad] (90° \doteqdot 1.57rad) Velocity at the shock absorber's mounting position $V[m/s] = R \times \omega \leq Maximum impact speed (1 m/s)$ Note: Because the impact speed, not the average speed, is

needed, calculate with twice the value of this.

3-2. Confirm the absorption capacity of the shock absorber

If you are using the impact speed, V, found in step 3-1, confirm the exhibited absorption capacity of the shock absorber (e.g. [J]) on the selection graph on page 40. The maximum absorption capacity is reached only when used at the maximum impact speed. The absorption capacity of the shock absorber changes, depending on the operating speed, because the drag of the oil is strong when the flow rate is fast and weak when the flow rate is slow.

3-3. Calculate the moment of inertia

Find the moment of inertia for the impact object I [kg·m²] to calculate the kinetic energy. If the impact object is rotating, you cannot make a selection by only using the impact object mass because the kinetic energy differs depending on the shape, even if the weight is the same. Calculate the approximate value by referring to the diagram for calculating the moment of inertia (pages 4) to 42).

3-4. Calculate the kinetic energy

Confirm that the kinetic energy of the impact object is less that the absorption capacity of the shock absorber. Kinetic energy of the impact object E [J] = $\frac{1}{2}$ I $\omega^2 \le Ex$

Calculating the thrust energy is not necessary because the shock absorber was selected from the allowable thrust in step 1. Assume that the absorption capacity = the allowable kinetic energy.

4. Confirm other specifications

Confirm such specifications as the maximum operating frequency, maximum absorption per unit of time, and operating temperature range.

Example selection 1: Using a rotary actuator

<Operating conditions>

When the impact object is a rod



- ① Torque of rotating actuator: $T = 5[N \cdot m]$
- ② Absorber's mounting radius: R = 50[mm] = 0.05[m]
- ③ Impact object mass: m = 3[kg]
- 4 Length from the center of rotation to the end of the rod:
- $\ell = 120[mm] = 0.12[m]$
- (5) Angle of rotation: 90°
- 6 Target swing time: 0.5[s]

1. Confirm the thrust

Find the thrust, F, that is applied to the shock absorber.

 $F = T \div R$

= 1) 5[N · m] \div 2) 0.05[m]

= 100[N]

Make a selection from a model (KSHY10 or higher) for an allowable thrust of 100 N or more. (Refer to page **(B)** for specifications.)

2. Confirm the angle of eccentricity

Confirm whether the angle of eccentricity is less than the allowable angle of eccentricity (10°).

Assume that KSHY10×6 (body thread size: M10, stroke: 6 mm) is used.

$$\alpha = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{L}{R}\right)$$
$$= \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6[mm]}{(2) 50[mm]}\right)$$

≑6.84°<10°

3. Confirm the absorption capacity

3-1. Confirm the impact speed

Calculate the velocity at which the impact object impacts the shock absorber.

Swing angle [°] $\times \pi \div 180 =$ Swing angle [rad] (5) 90[°] $\times \pi \div 180 \rightleftharpoons 1.57$ rad

Angular velocity
$$\omega$$
 [rad/sec] = $\frac{\text{Swing angle [rad]}}{\text{Target swing time [s]}} \times 2$
 $\omega = \frac{1.57[\text{rad}]}{(6) 0.5[\text{s}]} \times 2$

= 6.28[rad/s]Velocity, V, of the shock absorber's mounting position [m/s]
= $B \times ω$

V = ② 0.05[m] × 6.28[rad/s] ≒0.31[m/s] < 1m/s **3-2. Confirm the absorption capacity of the shock absorber** Assume that you selected V = 0.31 m/s from the selection graph on page **(1)** and confirm the absorption capacity, Ex, that KSHY10×6 exhibits.



Values for Ex: KSHY10×6-01: Approx. 0.45 J KSHY10×6-02: Approx. 0.3 J

3-3. Calculate the moment of inertia

Find the moment of inertia for the impact object I $[kg \cdot m^2]$ to calculate the kinetic energy.

According to "Rod (end is the center of rotation)", the diagram for calculating the moment of inertia (pages **1** to **2**):

$$I = \frac{m \ell^{2}}{3}$$
$$= \frac{(3) 3[kg] \times (4) 0.12[m]^{2}}{3}$$
$$= 0.0144[kg \cdot m^{2}]$$

3-4. Calculate the kinetic energy

Calculate the kinetic energy of the impact object to confirm whether it is less than the absorption capacity of the shock absorber.

Kinetic energy of the impact object E [J] = $\frac{1}{2}$ I ω^2

 $E = \frac{1}{2} \times 0.0144 [kg \cdot m^2] \times (6.28 [rad/s])^2$

= 0.28[J]

Values for Ex found in step 3-2: KSHY10×6-01: Approx. 0.45 J KSHY10×6-02: Approx. 0.3 J

The shock absorber with the optimum absorption capacity is $KSHY10\times6-02$ because the smaller the gap between the values for E and Ex is, the lower the impact value and the shorter the operating time.

4. Confirm other specifications

Confirm that other operating conditions, such as the maximum operating frequency, maximum absorption capacity per unit of time, and operating temperature range, are within the specified ranges for KSHY10×6-02.

Example selection 2: Using an air cylinder

<Operating conditions>

When the impact object is a rod



- ① Cylinder thrust: Φ32(0.5MPa)→402[N]
- ② Cylinder thrust angle: $\theta = 30^{\circ}$
- ③ Mounting position of cylinder's end: r = 30[mm] = 0.03[m]
- ④ Absorber's mounting radius: R = 50[mm] = 0.05[m]
- (5) Impact object mass: m = 3[kg]
- (6) Length from the center of rotation to the end of the rod: $\ell = 120[mm] = 0.12[m]$
- ⑦ Swing angle: 90°
- (8) Target swing time: 0.5[s]

1. Confirm the thrust

Find the thrust, F, that is applied to the shock absorber.

- $F = (f \times \sin \theta \times r) \div R$
 - = ① 402[N] × ② sin30° × ③ 0.03[m] ÷ ④ 0.05[m]
 - = 120.6[N]

Make a selection from a model (KSHY12 or higher) for an allowable thrust of 120.6 N or more.

(Refer to page 49 for specifications.)

2. Confirm the angle of eccentricity

Confirm whether the angle of eccentricity is less than the allowable angle of eccentricity (10°) .

Assume that KSHY12×6 (body thread size: M12, stroke: 6 mm) is used.

$$= \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{L}{R}\right)$$
$$= \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{6[mm]}{450[mm]}\right)$$

≑6.84°<10°

α

3. Confirm the absorption capacity

3-1. Confirm the impact speed

Calculate the velocity at which the impact object impacts the shock absorber.

Swing angle [°] × π ÷ 180 = Swing angle [rad] $7 90[°] \times \pi \div 180 \rightleftharpoons 1.57$ rad

Angular velocity
$$\omega$$
 [rad/sec] = $\frac{\text{Swing angle [rad]}}{\text{Target swing time [s]}} \times 2$
 $\omega = \frac{1.57[\text{rad}]}{(8) \ 0.5[\text{s}]} \times 2$
 $\Rightarrow 6.28[\text{rad/s}]$

Velocity, V, of the shock absorber's mounting position [m/s] = $R \times \omega$

V = ④ 0.05[m] × 6.28[rad/s] ≒0.31[m/s] < 1m/s

3-2. Confirm the absorption capacity of the shock absorber From the selection graph on page **@**:

Assume that you selected V = 0.31 m/s and confirm the absorption capacity, Ex, that KSHY12×6 exhibits.



Values for Ex: KSHY12×6-01: Approx. 0.9 J KSHY12×6-02: Approx. 0.6 J

3-3. Calculate the moment of inertia

Find the moment of inertia for the impact object I $[kg \cdot m^2]$ to calculate the kinetic energy.

According to "Rod (end is the center of rotation)", the diagram for calculating the moment of inertia (pages **④** to **④**):

$$I = \frac{m \ell^{2}}{3}$$

= $\frac{(5) 3[kg] \times (6) 0.12[m]^{2}}{3}$
= 0.0144[kg \cdot m^{2}]

3-4. Calculate the kinetic energy

Calculate the kinetic energy of the impact object to confirm whether it is less than the absorption capacity of the shock absorber.

Kinetic energy of the impact object E [J] = $\frac{1}{2}$ I ω^2 E = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 0.0144[kg · m²] × 6.28[rad/s]² = 0.28[J]

Values for Ex found in step 3-2: KSHY12×6-01: Approx. 0.9 J KSHY12×6-02: Approx. 0.6 J

The shock absorber with the optimum absorption capacity is $KSHY12\times6-02$ because the smaller the gap between the values for E and Ex is, the lower the impact value and the shorter the operating time.

4. Confirm other specifications

Confirm that other operating conditions, such as the maximum operating frequency, maximum absorption capacity per unit of time, and operating temperature range, are within the specified ranges for KSHY12×6-02.

Cautions for using the selection graphs

- 1. Use with an absorption capacity below the capacity curves.
- 2. The values in the selection graphs are for room temperature (20 to 25°). Be aware that performance and characteristics change depending on the operating temperature.

Selection graph



● KSHY20×10



KSHJ





Linear orifice shock absorber

KSHY Series



Specifications

Item	Model	KSHY6×4-01	KSHY6×4-02	KSHY8×5-01,-11	KSHY8×5-02,-12							
Maximum absorption capacity	J	0.5	0.3	1	0.8							
Stroke	mm	4	4	Ę	5							
Impact speed range	m/s		0.1 t	o 1.0								
Allowable thrust		27.5N	or less	60.3N	or less							
Maximum operating cycle	cycle/min		60									
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of	of time J/min	1	8	3	6							
Spring return force ^{Note1}	N	3	.5	6	.5							
Deflection angle		10° or less										
Operating temperature range ^{No}	^{te2} ℃	0 to 60										
Operating temperature range ^{No}	^{te2} ℃	60										

Item	Model	KSHY10×6-01	KSHY10×6-02	KSHY12×6-01	KSHY12×6-02			
Maximum absorption capacity	J	1.5	1	3	2			
Stroke	mm		(6				
Impact speed range	m/s		0.1 t	o 1.0				
Allowable thrust		100N	or less	157N	or less			
Maximum operating cycle	cycle/min		6	0				
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of	of time J/min	4	5	8	30			
Spring return force ^{Note1}	N	8	.5	15	5.5			
Deflection angle		10° or less						
Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C 0 to 60								

Item	Model	KSHY14×8-01	KSHY14×8-02	KSHY16×8-01	KSHY16×8-02	KSHY20×10-01	KSHY20×10-02	
Maximum absorption capacity	J	5	4	8	5	12	8	
Stroke	mm	٤	8	٤	3	10		
Impact speed range	m/s			0.1 t	o 1.0			
Allowable thrust		245N	or less	402N	or less	628N or less		
Maximum operating cycle	cycle/min	6	0	40				
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of	of time J/min	1(00	10	30	200		
Spring return force ^{Note1}	Ν	14	4.5	14	1.5	21.5		
Deflection angle				10° or less				
Operating temperature range ^{Nc}	°C			0 to 60				

Note 1: The spring return force cannot be used as a function because it is the return force of the piston rod at full stroke, making it unstable.

Note2: The shock absorbing capacity fluctuates based on speed and ambient temperature. Always use a product that is within the range shown by the solid lines in the graphs on pages ④.

Mass

					y
Madal	Rody Note	Additional mass		Additional parts' mass	
	bouy	With plastic cap	Mounting nut (1 ea.)	Stopper nut	Side mounting bracket
KSHY6×4-01, -02	4.5	0.2	0.4	2	8
KSHY8×5-01, -11	9	0.4	0.6(0.9)	4	12
KSHY10×6-01, -02	20.1	0.8	1.2	7	15
KSHY12×6-01, 02	32	1.3	1.9	8	22
KSHY14×8-01, 02	53	2.3	4	15	41
KSHY16×8-01, -02	70	2.3	6.6	28	65
KSHY20×10-01, -02	129	5	12.2	55	110

Calculation example: The mass of KSHY10×6C-01-S-2 (with cap, stopper, and side mount) is $20\!+\!1.3\!+\!7\!+\!15$ = 43.3g

Note: The weight of the main unit includes the weight of 2 mounting nuts.

Inner Construction and Major Parts and Materials

•KSHY6×4





•KSHY8 to 20





No.	Name	Materials
1	Body ^{Note 1}	Copper alloy (nickel plated)
2	Piston rod ^{Note 2}	Stainless steel,
3	Sleeve	Copper alloy
4	Plug	Stainless steel
(5)	Accumulator	Synthetic rubber
6	Spring	Spring steel
7	Rod seal	Synthetic rubber
8	Oil	Special oil
9	Piston ring	Stainless steel,
10	Сар	Plastic (POM)
(1)	Collar Note 3	Stainless steel,
(12)	O-ring	Synthetic rubber
(13)	Screw Note 4	Mild steel (zinc plated)
14	Mounting nut	Mild steel (nickel plated)

Note1: KSHY6 and 8 are stainless steel

Note2: Shock absorbers with no caps undergo a quenching treatment. Note3: KSHY6 and 8 are copper alloy

KSHY10 and 12 are sintered metal

Side mounting bracket

2 - KSH - M

Thread size

6: KSHY6

8: KSHY8

8-11: KSHY8-11

10: KSHY10 12: KSHY12

14: KSHY14

16: KSHY16

20: KSHY20

Note4: KSHY6 and 8 are nickel plated

Order Codes



Additional Parts

Mounting nut (1 pack has 10 units)



Stopper nut

* For the dimension diagrams of the additional parts, see pages 🕲 to 🔞.

* The stopper nut and side mount are made from mild steel (nickel plated).

Additional Parts

KSH

KSHJ

Dimensions (mm)

•KSHY6×4-

•KSHY6×4C-





•KSHY8 to 20







Model Symbol	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	K	L	R	S	Т
KSHY8 × 5 (C)-01,-02	36	5	31	1.2	M8×0.75	2	10	11.5	2.5	3	7	42	6	6.5
KSHY8 × 5 (C)-11,-12	36	5	31	1.2	M8×1	3	10	11.5	2.5	3	7	42	6	6.5
KSHY10 × 6 (C)-01,-02	46	6	40	2	M10×1	3	12	13.9	3	5	8.5	55	9	8
KSHY12 × 6 (C)-01,-02	50	6	44	2	M12×1	4	14	16.2	4	5	10.5	60	10	10
KSHY14 × 8 (C)-01,-02	61	8	53	2	M14×1.5	5	17	19.6	5	5	12	72	11	11
KSHY16 × 8 (C)-01,-02	61	8	53	3	M16×1.5	7	19	21.9	5	7	13	72	11	11
KSHY20 × 10 (C)-01,-02	69	10	59	3	M20×1.5	8	24	27.7	6	7	17	84	15	15

Adjustment Type Linear Orifice® Shock Absorber KSHP Series

Introducing the adjustable linear orifice! Long 3 million cycle operating life! (M42 Exc.) Uses NSF certified H1 oil (non silicon)



KSHC

KSHJ

KSHY

KSHP



General precautions

Cover the unit when mounting it in locations where it might be subject to excessive dust, dripping water, dripping oil, etc. Dents, scratches, water, oil, or dust on the piston rod results in damage and decreases service life.



Mounting

- 1. Keep the angle of eccentricity, resulting from the load direction and the axis of the shock absorber, under the specified values on page **⑤**. If an eccentric load exceeding the specifications is applied, it could result in breakage or impaired returns. If there is concern that an eccentric load exceeding the specified values will be applied, install a guide, or similar mechanism.
- 2. You cannot mount two or more adjustable type shock absorbers in parallel to boost the absorption capacity (it is difficult to adjust the capacity evenly).
- 3. If using a shock absorber with a plastic or rubber cap, always mount a stopper nut (-S) or an external stopper to ensure that the cap is not subjected to loads at the stroke end. Install the stopper nut in a position such that $A \leq$ the stroke of the shock absorber. Furthermore, you can use a shock absorber that has a plastic cap without a stopper nut (-S) or external stopper, but, over the long-term, the stop location will change due to cap deformation and wear.



- 4. Rubber caps are consumable parts. The service life will vary depending on conditions of the application, replace these parts according to their condition.
- 5. If using a shock absorber with a rubber cap for lateral impacts, such as eccentric or swing impacts, note that the rubber cap may come off or be damaged.
- 6. When mounting the shock absorber, always use the following maximum tightening torque guidelines. Tightening using excessive force may result in damage.

Madal	Maximum tigh	tening torque
Model	N⋅m	in • lbf
KSHP6×4 (C)(-F11)	0.85	7.523
KSHP8×6 (C)(-11)(-F11)	2.5	22.128
KSHP10×8 (C)(-F11)	6.5	57.532
KSHP11×8 (C)-F11	-	57.5
KSHP12×10 (C,R)(-F11)	8.0	70.808
KSHP14×12 (C,R)(-F11)	12.0	106.2
KSHP16×15 (C,R)	20.0	-
KSHP18×20 (C,R)(-F11)	25.0	221.3
KSHP20×22 (C,R)	30.0	-
KSHP25×25 (C,R)(-F11)	42.0	371.7
KSHP30×30 (C,R)(-F11)	60.0	531.1
KSHP36×50 (C,R)(-F11)	72.0	637.3
KSHP42×50 (C,R)(-F11)	85.0	752.3

- 7. Ensure that the hardness of the surface directly impacting the piston rod of the shock absorber is over HRc40 hardness (excluding models with rubber or plastic caps).
- 8. Be aware that performance and characteristics change depending on the operating temperature.



Adjusting the shock absorbing capacity

- 1. For the KSHP10 to KSHP42 models, align the red mark on the adjusting knob to the 6 on the scale. For the KSHP6 and KSHP8 models, align the 6 on the scale to the key slot on the body.
- 2. For large impacts on collision or if a long time is required for a full stroke, reduce the value on the scale gradually.
- 3. Always tighten the lock screw to fix the knob in place after completing adjustment. (excluding KSHP6 and KSHP8)



How to select shock absorbers

1. Confirm the thrust

Confirm the thrust that is used, and then check the prospective shock absorbers from the table of recommended cylinder bore sizes on page **(9)**. If a shock absorber that is smaller than the recommended shock absorber is used, the shock absorber being used may be damaged in fewer operation cycles than is guaranteed.

2. Confirm the kinetic energy

Confirm I and II below, and then check page 0 for the selection graphs for prospective shock absorbers from [1. Confirm the thrust]. (*)

I Impact object mass: m [kg]

Ⅱ Impact speed: v [m/s]

Because " v " is the impact speed, not the average speed,

when using a cylinder,

v = m [cylinder stroke] \div s [operating time] \times 2

Select a model in which ${\rm I}$ and ${\rm I\hspace{-.1em}I}$ fit within the range enclosed by the capacity curves.

If multiple models are applicable, use the model that is closest to both the capacity curves and the operating conditions. The further the model you select is from the capacity curves and the operating conditions, the slower it will tend to be.

3. Confirm other specifications

Confirm that such specifications as the maximum operating frequency, maximum absorption capacity per unit of time, angle of eccentricity, and operating temperature range are within the range for the shock absorber that you selected.

* The value for the kinetic energy, E, can be found by doing the following calculation. However, the shock absorber's capacity for absorption changes depending on the impact speed. When the shock absorber is doing low-speed operations, it has less drag than when it is doing high-speed operations.

The maximum absorption capacity that is noted in the specifications is reached only at the maximum impact speed.

Therefore, do not choose a shock absorber by comparing E to the maximum absorption capacity; confirm the capacity using the selection graph.

 $\mathsf{E}=\frac{1}{2}\,\mathsf{m}\mathsf{v}^2$

E: Kinetic energy (J) m: Impact object mass [kg] v: Impact speed (m/s)

Range in the selection graph

Vertical axis range :	Impac	t speed
Maximum impact speed $\ge V$ (c	perati	ing condition)
Horizontal axis range : Shock absorber's maximum absorption capacity at the impact speed (v = m/s)	2	E Kinetic energy (operating condition)

Calculating the thrust energy is not necessary because the size of the shock absorber is limited by the thrust in step 1.

Koganei's selectable content

You can also select equipment from Koganei's homepage. Visit http://www.koganei.co.jp.

The results of selections using the method above may differ from the results of selections for the selectable content on our homepage. If this happens, please contact us.

Example of selecting a shock absorber [Operating conditions]

- (1) Bore size of the cylinder being used: ϕ 16
- ②Cylinder stroke: 100 mm = 0.1 m
- ②Cylinder stroke: 100 mm = 0.1 m
 ③Pressure applied to the cylinder: 0.6 MPa
- ④ Cylinder's operating time: 0.4 s

5 Impact object mass: 10 kg

1. Confirm the thrust

Either calculate or find the thrust in the cylinder thrust table on page 0. The cylinder thrust based on 1 and 3 is about 121 N.

Cylinder thrust	100.5N		120.6N		126N
Cylinder bore size	φ16	<	φ16	<	φ20
Applied pressure	0.5MPa		0.6MPa		0.4MPa

As mentioned above, although the cylinder being used is ϕ 16, the pressure applied to the cylinder exceeds 0.5 MPa, so consider the ϕ 20 cylinder (lower than 0.4 MPa) and check the table of recommended cylinder bore sizes on page **(9**).

The following are prospective models.

- KSHP10x8
 KSHP12x10
 KSHP14x12
- · KSHP16×15 · KSHP18×20 · KSHP20×22

2. Confirm the kinetic energy

- I The impact object mass m = 10 kg from (5)
- I Find the impact speed, v, from (2) and (4). $v = (2) 0.1 \text{ m} \div (4) 0.4 \text{ s} \times 2$

According to the selection graphs on page 0, the shock absorber with the optimum absorption capacity for operating conditions is KSHP12×10.



Impact speed u (m/s)

•KSHP10×8 has an insufficient absorption capacity.

•The absorption capacities for all of the other shock absorbers are higher than that of KSHP12×10, so they do not fall within the operating conditions and capacity curves.

3. Confirm other specifications

Verify that other operating conditions, such as the maximum operating frequency, maximum absorption capacity per unit of time, angle of eccentricity, and operating temperature range, are within the specified ranges for KSHP12×10.

KSHP

CHSX

KSH

Additional Parts

Selection Guidelines

Recommended cylinder bore size

Cylinder bore	4 1	46	6 8	#10	#12	<i>ф</i> 16	a 20	ф 2 5	# 3 2	<i></i>	Φ 50	#63	A 90	<u>م ا ۵۵</u>	A 125
Model	Ψ4	Ψ	Ψΰ	φισ	ΨΙΖ	φισ	Ψ20	Ψ23	ψJZ	φ+0	φ30	ψυσ	ψου	ψīσο	ψ125
KSHP6×4 (-F11)	\diamond	\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0										
KSHP8×6 (-11)(-F11)		\diamond	\diamond	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc									
KSHP10×8 (-F11)			\diamond	\diamond	O	\bigcirc	0								
KSHP11×8-F11			\diamond	\diamond	O	\bigcirc	0								
KSHP12×10 (-F11)				\diamond	\diamond	0	0	0							
KSHP14×12 (-F11)					\diamond	\diamond	O	\bigcirc	0						
KSHP16×15						\diamond	\diamond	\bigcirc	0	0					
KSHP18×20 (-F11)							\diamond	\diamond	0	0					
KSHP20×22							\diamond	\diamond	0	0	0				
KSHP25×25 (-F11)								\diamond	\diamond	O	\bigcirc	0			
KSHP30×30 (-F11)									\diamond	\diamond	0	0	0		
KSHP36×50 (-F11)										\diamond	\diamond	O	O	0	
KSHP42×50 (-F11)											\diamond	\diamond	O	0	0

 \diamondsuit : 0.3 MPa or higher $\quad \bigcirc$: 0.5 MPa or lower $\quad \bigcirc$: 0.4 MPa or lower

Note 1: If a shock absorber that is smaller than the recommended shock absorber is used, the shock absorber being used may be damaged in fewer operation cycles than the value that is guaranteed.

N [lbf.]

Note 2: KSHP11×8 has only inch specifications.

Cylinder thrust

Bore size	Pressure area		Air pressure MPa [psi.]							
mm [in.]	mm² [in.²]	0.1 [15]	0.2 [29]	0.3 [44]	0.4 [58]	0.5 [73]	0.6 [87]	0.7 [102]	0.8 [116]	0.9 [131]
φ4	12.6 [0.020]	1.3 [0.292]	2.5 [0.562]	3.8 [0.854]	5 [1.124]	6.3 [1.416]	7.5 [1.686]	8.8 [1.978]	10.1 [2.270]	11.3 [2.540]
φ6	28.3 [0.044]	2.8 [0.629]	5.7 [1.281]	8.5 [1.911]	11.3 [2.540]	14.1 [3.170]	17.0 [3.822]	19.8 [4.451]	22.6 [5.080]	25.4 [5.710]
φ8	50.3 [0.078]	5 [1.124]	10.1 [2.270]	15.1 [3.394]	20.1 [4.518]	25.1 [5.642]	30.2 [6.789]	35.2 [7.913]	40.2 [9.037]	45.2 [10.161]
φ10	78.5 [0.122]	7.9 [1.776]	15.7 [3.529]	23.6 [5.305]	31.4 [7.059]	39.3 [8.835]	47.1 [10.588]	55 [12.364]	62.8 [14.117]	70.7 [15.893]
φ12	113 [0.175]	11.3 [2.540]	22.6 [5.080]	33.9 [7.621]	45.2 [10.161]	56.5 [12.701]	67.9 [15.264]	79.2 [17.804]	90.5 [20.344]	101.8 [22.885]
φ16	201 [0.312]	20.1 [4.518]	40.2 [9.037]	60.3 [13.555]	80.4 [18.074]	100.5 [22.592]	121 [27.201]	141 [31.697]	161 [36.193]	181 [40.689]
φ20	314 [0.487]	31.4 [7.059]	62.8 [14.117]	94.2 [21.176]	126 [28.325]	157 [35.294]	188 [42.262]	220 [49.456]	251 [56.425]	283 [63.618]
φ25	491 [0.761]	49.1 [11.038]	98.2 [22.075]	147 [33.046]	196 [44.061]	245 [55.076]	295 [66.316]	344 [77.331]	393 [88.346]	442 [99.362]
φ32	804 [1.246]	80.4 [18.074]	161 [36.193]	241 [54.177]	322 [72.386]	402 [90.370]	483 [108.6]	563 [126.6]	643 [144.5]	724 [162.8]
φ40	1257 [1.948]	126 [28.325]	251 [56.425]	377 [84.750]	503 [113.1]	628 [141.2]	754 [169.5]	880 [197.8]	1005 [225.9]	1131 [254.2]
φ50	1963 [3.043]	196 [44.061]	393 [88.346]	589 [132.4]	785 [176.5]	982 [220.8]	1178 [264.8]	1374 [308.9]	1571 [353.2]	1767 [397.2]
φ63	3117 [4.831]	312 [70.138]	623 [140.1]	935 [210.2]	1247 [280.3]	1559 [350.5]	1870 [420.4]	2182 [490.5]	2494 [560.7]	2806 [630.8]
φ80	5027 [7.792]	503 [113.1]	1005 [225.9]	1508 [339.0]	2011 [452.1]	2513 [564.9]	3016 [678.0]	3519 [791.1]	4021 [903.9]	4524 [1017]
φ100	7854 [12.174]	785 [176.5]	1571 [353.2]	2356 [529.6]	3142 [706.3]	3927 [882.8]	4712 [1059]	5498 [1236]	6283 [1412]	7069 [1589]
φ125	12272 [19.022]	1227 [275.8]	2454 [551.7]	3682 [827.7]	4909 [1104]	6136 [1379]	7363 [1655]	8590 [1931]	9817 [2207]	11045 [2483]

Cautions for using the selection graphs

- 1. The selection graphs are calculated with a cylinder operating air pressure of 0.5 MPa.
- 2. The values in the selection graphs are for room temperature (20 to 25°). Be aware that performance and characteristics change depending on the operating temperature.
- 3. Select a shock absorber that is as close to, yet within, the capacity line(s).
- You can select them on the Koganei home page. Go to http://www.koganei.co.jp The results of selections using our catalog may differ from the results of selections on our homepage.



KSHY

KSHJ

KSHC

Linear orifice shock absorber

KSHP Series



Specifications

Model (in inches)	KSHP6×4 (KSHP6×4-F11)	KSF	IP8×6, KSHP8×6-11 (KSHP8×6-F11)		
Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs)	0.25 (2.213)		0.75 (6.638)		
Absorption stroke mm(in.)	4 (0.157)		6 (0.236)		
Impact speed range m/s(ft/s)	. (0 1 to 1 (0 33 to 3 28)	33 to 3.28)		
Maximum operating cycle cycle/min		50			
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min					
(in.lbs/min)	7.5 (66.4)		22.5 (199.3)		
Spring return force ^{Note1} N	2.6		2.9		
Deflection angle		1° or less			
Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F)		0 to 60 (32 to 140)			
Madal (in inches)					
Item		KSHP12×10 (KSHP12×10-E11)	KSHP14 X 12 (KSHP14 X 12-E11)		
Maximum abaamtian consoity (in lba)		(1(3)11 12 × 10-1 11)			
Absorption stroks	2 (17.701)	4 (35.403)	5 (44.254)		
Absolption stroke mini(iii.)	8 (0.313)	0.1 to 2 (0.334)	12 (0.472)		
Maximum apparting such		0.1 10 2 (0.33 10 8.36)			
Maximum operating cycle cycle/min		50			
(in.lbs/min)	60 (531.4)	120 (1062.7)	150 (1328.4)		
Spring return force ^{Note1} N	6.5	9.6	9.0		
Deflection angle		1° or less			
Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F)		0 to 60 (32 to 140)			
Item	KSHP16×15		KSHP20×22		
Movimum observation consolity (in the)	10		30		
Absorption stroks	10	15 (132.8)	20		
Absolption stroke mini(iii.)	15	20 (0.787)	22		
Maximum apparting surple surple (min	40	0.1 10 2 (0.33 10 6.56)	20		
$N P_{2} \times P_{1} = P_{1} + P_{2} + P_$	///)	30		
Maximum operating cycle Cycle/min	+0				
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min)	240	360 (3188.2)	360		
Maximum operating cycle cycle/min Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N	240 20.5	360 (3188.2) 23.0	360		
Maximum operating cycle cycle/min Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle N	240 20.5	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less	360		
Maximum operating cycle cycle/initial Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F)	240 20.5	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140)	360 18.4		
Maximum operating cycle cyclerinin Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C (°F)	240 20.5	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140)	360 18.4		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F) Model (in inches)	240 20.5 KSHP25 × 25 (KSHP25 × 25-F11)	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-	360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-511)		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F) Model (in inches) Item	240 20.5 KSHP25×25 (KSHP25×25-F11)	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-F11)	360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-F11) 200 (1770)		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C (°F) Model (in inches) Item Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke	240 20.5 KSHP25×25 (KSHP25×25-F11) 40 (354.0) 25 (0.984)	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-F11) 110 (973.6) 30 (1 181)	360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-F11) 200 (1770) 50 (1.969)		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C (°F) Model (in inches) Item Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke mm(in.) Impact speed range m(cft/e)	240 20.5 KSHP25 × 25 (KSHP25 × 25-F11) 40 (354.0) 25 (0.984) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 5.5)	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-F11) 110 (973.6) 30 (1.181)	360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-F11) 200 (1770) 50 (1.969) 33 to 9.84)		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C (°F) Model (in inches) Item Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke mm(in.) Impact speed range m/s(ft/s) Maximum operating cycle cycle/min	240 20.5 KSHP25 × 25 (KSHP25 × 25-F11) 40 (354.0) 25 (0.984) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56) 30	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-F11) 110 (973.6) 30 (1.181) 0.1 to 3 (0.	360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-F11) 200 (1770) 50 (1.969) 33 to 9.84) 15		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return forceNote1 N Deflection angle Operating temperature rangeNote2 °C (°F) Model (in inches) Item Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke mm(in.) Impact speed range m/s(ft/s) Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min	240 20.5 KSHP25×25 (KSHP25×25-F11) 40 (354.0) 25 (0.984) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56) 30 720 (6376 3)	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-F11) 110 (973.6) 30 (1.181) 0.1 to 3 (0. 20	360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-F11) 200 (1770) 50 (1.969) 33 to 9.84) 15 1800 (15940.8)		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F) Item Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke mm(in.) Impact speed range m/s(ft/s) Maximum operating cycle cycle/min Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min)	240 20.5 KSHP25 × 25 (KSHP25 × 25-F11) 40 (354.0) 25 (0.984) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56) 30 720 (6376.3)	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-F11) 110 (973.6) 30 (1.181) 0.1 to 3 (0. 20 1320 (11690)	360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-F11) 200 (1770) 50 (1.969) 33 to 9.84) 15 1800 (15940.8)		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return forceNote1 N Deflection angle Operating temperature rangeNote2 °C(°F) Item Model (in inches) Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke mm(in.) Impact speed range m/s(ft/s) Maximum operating cycle cycle/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return forceNote1 N	240 20.5 KSHP25 × 25 (KSHP25 × 25-F11) 40 (354.0) 25 (0.984) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56) 30 720 (6376.3) 32.3	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-F11) 110 (973.6) 30 (1.181) 0.1 to 3 (0. 20 1320 (11690) 42.3	360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-F11) 200 (1770) 50 (1.969) 33 to 9.84) 15 1800 (15940.8) 65.8		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F) Item Model (in inches) Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke mm(in.) Impact speed range m/s(ft/s) Maximum operating cycle cycle/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle N	240 20.5 KSHP25 × 25 (KSHP25 × 25-F11) 40 (354.0) 25 (0.984) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56) 30 720 (6376.3) 32.3	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-F11) 110 (973.6) 30 (1.181) 0.1 to 3 (0. 20 1320 (11690) 42.3 3° or less	360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-F11) 200 (1770) 50 (1.969) 33 to 9.84) 15 1800 (15940.8) 65.8		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F) Item Model (in inches) Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke mm(in.) Impact speed range m/s(ft/s) Maximum operating cycle cycle/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F)	240 20.5 KSHP25 × 25 (KSHP25 × 25-F11) 40 (354.0) 25 (0.984) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56) 30 720 (6376.3) 32.3	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-F11) 110 (973.6) 30 (1.181) 0.1 to 3 (0. 20 1320 (11690) 42.3 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140)	360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-F11) 200 (1770) 50 (1.969) 33 to 9.84) 15 1800 (15940.8) 65.8		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F) Model (in inches) Model (in inches) Item Model (in inches) Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke mm(in.) Impact speed range m/s(ft/s) Maximum operating cycle cycle/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F)	240 20.5 KSHP25 × 25 (KSHP25 × 25-F11) 40 (354.0) 25 (0.984) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56) 30 720 (6376.3) 32.3	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-F11) 110 (973.6) 30 (1.181) 0.1 to 3 (0. 20 1320 (11690) 42.3 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KOUD40 × 50	360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-F11) 200 (1770) 50 (1.969) 33 to 9.84) 15 1800 (15940.8) 65.8		
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Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F) Model (in inches) Model (in inches) Item Model (in inches) Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke mm(in.) Impact speed range m/s(ft/s) Maximum operating cycle cycle/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F) Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F) Model (in inches) Item Model (in inches) Item Model (in inches) Model (in inches) Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke mm(in.) Impact speed range m/s(ft/s) Maximum operating cycle cycle/min Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Operating temperature range Operating temperature range	240 20.5 KSHP25 × 25 (KSHP25 × 25-F11) 40 (354.0) 25 (0.984) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56) 30 720 (6376.3) 32.3	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-F11) 110 (973.6) 30 (1.181) 0.1 to 3 (0. 20 1320 (11690) 42.3 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP42 × 50- (KSHP42 × 50-F11) 300 (2655) 50 (1.969) 0.1 to 3 (0.33 to 9.84) 10 2000 (17712.0)	360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-F11) 200 (1770) 50 (1.969) 33 to 9.84) 15 1800 (15940.8) 65.8		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F) Model (in inches) Model (in inches) Item Model (in inches) Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke mm(in.) Impact speed range m/s(ft/s) Maximum operating cycle cycle/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F) Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F) Model (in inches) Item Model (in inches) Item Model (in inches) N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C(°F) Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke mm(in.) Impact speed range m/s(ft/s) Maximum operating cycle cycle/min Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N	240 20.5 KSHP25 × 25 (KSHP25 × 25-F11) 40 (354.0) 25 (0.984) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56) 30 720 (6376.3) 32.3	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-F11) 110 (973.6) 30 (1.181) 0.1 to 3 (0. 20 1320 (11690) 42.3 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP42 × 50- (KSHP42 × 50-F11) 300 (2655) 50 (1.969) 0.1 to 3 (0.33 to 9.84) 10 2000 (17712.0) 64.2	360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-F11) 200 (1770) 50 (1.969) 33 to 9.84) 15 1800 (15940.8) 65.8		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C (°F) Model (in inches) Model (in inches) Item Model (in inches) Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke mm(in.) Impact speed range m/s(ft/s) Maximum operating cycle cycle/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C (°F) Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) N Deflection angle Operating temperature range ^{Note2} °C (°F) Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs) Absorption stroke mm(in.) Impact speed range m/s(ft/s) Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle mo(in.lbs/min) Spring return force ^{Note1} N Deflection angle m/s(ft/s) Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min) N <td>240 20.5 KSHP25 × 25 (KSHP25 × 25-F11) 40 (354.0) 25 (0.984) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56) 30 720 (6376.3) 32.3 40 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1</td> <td>360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-F11) 110 (973.6) 30 (1.181) 0.1 to 3 (0. 20 1320 (11690) 42.3 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP42 × 50 (KSHP42 × 50-F11) 300 (2655) 50 (1.969) 0.1 to 3 (0.33 to 9.84) 10 2000 (17712.0) 64.2 3° or less</td> <td>360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-F11) 200 (1770) 50 (1.969) 33 to 9.84) 15 1800 (15940.8) 65.8</td>	240 20.5 KSHP25 × 25 (KSHP25 × 25-F11) 40 (354.0) 25 (0.984) 0.1 to 2 (0.33 to 6.56) 30 720 (6376.3) 32.3 40 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	360 (3188.2) 23.0 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP30 × 30 (KSHP30 × 30-F11) 110 (973.6) 30 (1.181) 0.1 to 3 (0. 20 1320 (11690) 42.3 3° or less 0 to 60 (32 to 140) KSHP42 × 50 (KSHP42 × 50-F11) 300 (2655) 50 (1.969) 0.1 to 3 (0.33 to 9.84) 10 2000 (17712.0) 64.2 3° or less	360 18.4 KSHP36 × 50 (KSHP36 × 50-F11) 200 (1770) 50 (1.969) 33 to 9.84) 15 1800 (15940.8) 65.8		

Note1: The spring return force is the force of the piston rod when it returns from a full stroke. It is not stable, so cannot be used as other than rod return. Note2: The shock absorber's shock absorbing capacity fluctuates based on speed and ambient temperature.

Use the product within the ranges of the selection graphs (impact mass, impact speed diagram) on page 🕲.

Note3: KSHP11 has only inch specifications.

* The maximum tightening torque of KSHP11 is different from that of KSHP10. See page **1** for details on the maximum tightening torque. Note4: KSHP16×15 and KSHP20×22 do not have inch specifications.

Mass (Specifications in mm)

Marial	Note	Addition	al mass		Additional parts' mass	<u>_</u>
Model	Main unit	With plastic cap With rubber cap I		Mounting nut (1 ea.)	Stopper nut	Side mounting bracket
KSHP6×4	5.1	0.2	—	0.4	2	8
KSHP8×6 (-11)	11.3(11.5)	0.5	-	0.6(0.9)	4	12
KSHP10×8	26.5	0.7	-	1.2	7	15
KSHP12×10	43.5	1.1	1.2	1.9	8	22
KSHP14×12	66.5	1.1	1.8	4.0	15	41
KSHP16×15	98.5	1.6	3.4	6.6	28	65
KSHP18×20	144	4.1	5.3	8.8	37	100
KSHP20×22	186	5.4	6.9	12.2	55	110
KSHP25×25	360	5.3	5.7	23.0	95	360
KSHP30×30	569	50	49	32.5	140	455
KSHP36×50	1130	110	109	95.5	330	2650
KSHP42×50	1515	110	109	93.0	320	2400

Calculation example: The mass of KSHP10×8C-S-2 (with cap, stopper, and side mount) is 26.5 + 0.7 + 7 + 15 = 49.2g

Note: The weight of the main unit includes the weight of 2 mounting nuts.

Order Codes (specifications in mm)



Additional Parts (no specifications in inches)



* For the dimension diagrams of the additional parts, see pages @ to @.

* The stopper nut and side mount are made from mild steel (nickel plated).

a

KSHJ

KSHY

KSHF

KSHC

Additional Parts

Inner Construction and Major Parts and Materials

●M6,M8 size (11/4-32 UNEF, 5/16-32 UNEF) * The inch sizes are inside the ().



No	Name	Materials
1	Body	Stainless steel
2	Piston rod	Stainless steel
3	Inner tube	Stainless steel
4	Sleeve	Copper alloy
(5)	Adjusting knob	Copper alloy (black electroplated)
6	Plug	Stainless steel
1	Accumulator	Synthetic rubber
8	Spring	Spring steel
9	Rod seal	Synthetic rubber
10	Oil	Special oil (H1 compliant)
11	Piston ring	Copper alloy
(12)	Collar	Copper alloy
(13)	O-ring	Synthetic rubber
14	O-ring	Synthetic rubber
(15)	O-ring ^{Note}	Synthetic rubber
(16)	Screw	Mild steel (nickel plated)
17	Mounting nut	Mild steel (nickel plated)
(18)	Spring pin	Steel (oxide film)
(19)	Сар	Plastic (POM)

Note: Not available for KSHP6×4.

●M10 to M42 size (3/8-32 UNEF to 1 3/4-12 UN) * The inch sizes are inside the ().





With plastic cap (C)



For KSHP 30 \times 30 and KSHP 42 \times 50



With plastic cap (C)



(25) 26)

(2

(24)

With rubber cap (R)



Note 1: KSHP 10 to 12 are stainless steel

2: KSHP 10 to 14 are slotted lock screws.

3: KSHP 30 to 42 are stainless steel with button

head screw

4: KSHP 10 are copper alloy and KSHP 12 to 14 are sintered metal

5: KSHP 18 to 20 only
●No rod end cap: KSHP□×□



•With rod end cap

With plastic cap: KSHP **x** C



Model Symbol	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	L	М	Р	Q	R	S	Т
KSHP6 \times 4 (C)	36	4	32	0.5	M6×0.75	2	8	9.2	2	6.5	5.4	5	8	40	4	4.6
KSHP8×6 (C)	46	6	40	1.2	M8×0.75	2	10	11.5	2.5	9	6	6.8	11	51	5	6.5
KSHP8 × 6 (C)-11	46	6	40	1.2	M8×1	3	10	11.5	2.5	9	6	6.8	11	51	5	6.5

●No rod end cap: KSHP□×□



With rod end cap

With plastic cap: KSHP **x** C

(R) (R) (Stroke) (Strok





Note: Rubber cap is not available with the KSHP10×8

With rubber cap: For the KSHP14x12R



Model Symbol	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	М	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	Х
KSHP10 × 8 (C)	69	8	56	6	M10×1	3	12	13.9	3	5	4	8.7	16	77	8	8	-	-	-	-
KSHP12 × 10 (C,R)	75	10	60	2	M12×1	4	14	16.2	3	5	4	10.7	20	85	10	10	85	20	10	10
KSHP14 × 12 (C,R)	87	12	70	2	M14×1.5	5	17	19.6	4	5	4	10.7	22	97	10	11	99	24	12	11
KSHP16 × 15 (C,R)	97	15	75	3	M16×1.5	7	19	21.9	4	7	5	13.5	25	107	10	11	113.5	31.5	16.5	13
KSHP18 × 20 (C,R)	116	20	89	3	M18×1.5	8	21	24.2	5	7	5	13.5	35	131	15	15	131.7	35.7	15.7	15
KSHP20 X 22 (C,R)	121	22	92	3	M20×1.5	8	24	27.7	5	7	5	17	40	139	18	16	139.2	40.2	18.2	16

KSHJ

●No rod end cap: KSHP25×25



•With rod end cap

With plastic cap: KSHP25x25C



With rubber cap: KSHP25×25R



●No rod end cap: KSHP□×□



•With rod end cap

With plastic cap: $KSHP \square x \square C$ With rubber cap: KSHP x R



Model Symbol	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	К	L	М	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т
KSHP30×30 (C,R)	165	30	125.5	4	M30×1.5	10	36	41.6	10	12	28	9.5	5.5	27	50	185	20	25
KSHP36×50 (C,R)	229	50	169.5	5	M36×1.5	15	46	53.1	12	12	33	9.5	6	27	55	254	25	32
KSHP42×50 (C,R)	235.5	50	173	5	M42×1.5	15	50	57.7	12	20	38	12.5	7	38	75	260.5	25	32

Mass (Specifications in inches)

					OZ
Madal	Moin unitNote1	Additio	nal mass	Additional	parts' mass
MOdel	Main unit	With plastic cap	With rubber cap	Mounting nut (1 ea.)	Stopper nut
KSHP6×4-F11	0.2	0.007	-	0.04	0.1
KSHP8×6-11-F11	0.5	0.02	-	0.06	0.2
KSHP10×8-F11	0.9	0.02	-	0.07	0.4
KSHP11×8-F11	1.2	0.02	-	0.08	0.4
KSHP12×10-F11	1.7	0.04	0.04	0.1	0.5
KSHP14×12-F11	2.6	0.04	0.06	0.2	0.7
KSHP18×20-F11	5.9	0.1	0.2	0.4	2.5
KSHP25×25-F11	13.2	0.2	0.2	1.1	4.4
KSHP30×30-F11	22.2	1.8	1.7	1.3	5.5
KSHP36×50-F11	35.3	3.9	3.8	3.0	9.8
KSHP42×50 -F11	63.0	3.9	3.8	3.4	10.8

Calculation example: The mass of KSHP10×8C-S-2 (with cap and stopper) is

0.9 + 0.02 + 0.4 = 1.32oz

Note1: The weight of the main unit includes the weight of 2 mounting nuts. Note2: KSHP11x8 has only inch specifications.

Order Codes (specifications in inches)



KSHJ

Dimensions (in)

●No rod end cap: KSHP□×□

•With rod end cap

With plastic cap: KSHP × C





Model Symbol	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	L	М	Р	R	S
KSHP6×4 (C)-F11	1.417	0.157	1.26	0.02	1/4-32 UNEF	0.1	3/8	0.433	0.079	0.335	0.213	0.197	1.575	0.157
KSHP8×6 (C)-F11	1.811	0.236	1.575	0.047	5/16-32 UNEF	0.13	7/16	0.505	0.098	0.358	0.236	0.268	2.008	0.197

Model	Т	AL	AS	AX	AY
KSHP6×4 (C)-F11	0.181	1/4-32 UNEF	0.4	3/8	0.433
KSHP8×6 (C)-F11	0.256	5/16-32 UNEF	7/16	7/16	0.505

●No rod end cap: KSHP□×□



•With rod end cap

With plastic cap: **KSHP×C**







Note: Rubber cap is not available with the $\textbf{KSHP10}{\times}\textbf{8},$ $\textbf{KSHP11}{\times}\textbf{8}$

Model Symbol	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	L	М	Р	R	S
KSHP10×8 (C)-F11	2.724	0.315	2.409	0.157	3/8-32 UNEF	0.13	1/2	0.577	0.118	0.362	0.197	0.335	3.039	0.315
KSHP11×8 (C)-F11	2.724	0.315	2.409	0.157	7/16-28 UNEF	0.15	9/16	0.65	0.118	0.362	0.197	0.343	3.039	0.315
KSHP12×10 (C,R)-F11	2.961	0.394	2.567	0.157	1/2-20 UNF	0.15	5/8	0.722	0.118	0.362	0.197	0.421	3.354	0.394
KSHP14×12 (C,R)-F11	3.433	0.472	2.961	0.157	9/16-18 UNF	7/32	11/16	0.794	0.157	0.362	0.197	0.421	3.827	0.394
KSHP18×20 (C,R)-F11	4.575	0.787	3.787	0.197	3/4-16 UNF	1/4	15/16	1.082	0.197	0.48	0.276	0.531	5.165	0.591
KSHP25×25 (C,R)-F11	5.874	0.984	4.89	0.197	1-12 UNF	3/8	1 1/4	1.443	0.236	0.48	0.276	0.669	6.583	0.709

AL

AX

Model	Т	Х	Y	AL	AS	AX	AY
KSHP10×8 (C)-F11	0.315	-	-	3/8-32 UNEF	11/16	1/2	0.577
KSHP11×8 (C)-F11	0.315	-	-	7/16-28 UNEF	11/16	9/16	0.65
KSHP12×10 (C,R)-F11	0.394	0.394	0.394	1/2-20 UNF	11/16	5/8	0.722
KSHP14×12 (C,R)-F11	0.433	0.433	0.472	9/16-18 UNF	3/4	11/16	0.794
KSHP18×20 (C,R)-F11	0.591	0.591	0.618	3/4-16 UNF	1 1/2	15/16	1.082
KSHP25×25 (C,R)-F11	0.63	0.63	0.709	1-12 UNF	1 1/2	1 1/4	1.443

Dimensions (in)

●No rod end cap: KSHP□x□



With rod end cap
With plastic cap: KSHP × C
With rubber cap: KSHP × R



_ <u>A</u>	L
AS	

Model Symbol	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	К	L	М	Р	R	S
KSHP30×30 (C,R)-F11	6.496	1.181	5.315	0.236	1 1/4-12 UNF	3/8	1 1/2	1.732	0.394	0.472	0.591	0.354	1.063	7.283	0.787
KSHP36×50 (C,R)-F11	9.016	1.969	7.047	0.276	1 3/8-12 UNF	5/8	1 11/16	1.948	0.472	0.472	0.61	0.354	1.063	10	0.984
KSHP42×50 (C,R)-F11	9.272	1.969	7.303	0.276	1 3/4-12 UN	5/8	2	2.309	0.472	0.787	0.768	0.472	1.496	10.256	0.984

Model Symbol	Т	AL	AS	AX	AY
KSHP30×30 (C,R)-F11	0.984	1 1/4-12 UNF	1 1/2	1 1/2	1.732
KSHP36×50 (C,R)-F11	1.26	1 3/8-12 UNF	2	1 11/16	1.948
KSHP42×50 (C,R)-F11	1.26	1 3/4-12 UN	2	2	2.309

KSHC

CHSX

KSHY

KSHP

Linear Orifice Type KSHC Series Clean Room Specification Shock Absorbers

Smallest M4 size **JIS/ISO Class 5 compliant** (FED-STD Class 100 equivalent) CS-KSHC3x3

KSHJ

KSHY

KSHP

KSHC



General precautions

Cover the unit when mounting it in locations where it might be subject to excessive dust, dripping water, dripping oil, etc. Dents, scratches, water, oil, or dust on the piston rod results in damage and decreases service life.



Mounting

- Keep the angle of eccentricity, resulting from the load direction and the axis of the shock absorber, under the specified values on pages b to c. If an eccentric load exceeding the specifications is applied, it could result in breakage or impaired returns. If there is concern that an eccentric load exceeding the specified values will be applied, install a guide, or similar mechanism.
- 2. Two or more shock absorbers can be mounted in parallel, to boost absorption capacity. In such an arrangement, however, be careful to ensure that the load is evenly distributed to each shock absorber.
- **3.** To adjust the capacity with the stroke, adjust the stopper nut (-S) or add an external stopper.
- **4.** If using with a cap, always mount a stopper nut (-S) or an external stopper to ensure that the cap is not subjected to loads at the stroke end. The stopper nut mounting position must not exceed the distance shown in the table below.

You can use it without a stopper nut or external stopper, but over the long-term, the stop location changes due to cap deformation and wear.

Model	ŀ	Ą
Model	mm	in
CS-KSHC3×3C(-F11)	3	0.118
CS-KSHC4×4C(-F11)	4	0.157
CS-KSHC5×5C(-11)(-F11)	5	0.197
CS-KSHC6×8C(-F11)	8	0.315
CS-KSHC7×8C-F11	_	0.315
CS-KSHC8×8C(-F11)	8	0.315
CS-KSHC9×10C(-F11)	10	0.394
CS-KSHC11×15C(-F11)	15	0.591
CS-KSHC14×16C	16	0.630
CS-KSHC18×25C(-F11)	25	0.984



5. The small screw on the back end of the shock absorber should never be loosened or removed. Oil may leak out of the shock absorber leading to a loss of functionality and resulting in damage to the equipment and accidents.

6. When mounting the shock absorber, always use the following maximum tightening torque guidelines. Tightening using excessive force may result in damage.

Madal	Maximum tightening torque				
Model	N·m	in ∙ lbf			
CS-KSHC3×3(C)(-F11)	0.5	4.426			
CS-KSHC4×4(C)(-F11)	0.85	7.523			
CS-KSHC5×5(C)(-11)(-F11)	2.5	22.128			
CS-KSHC6×8(C)(-F11)	6.5	57.532			
CS-KSHC7×8C-F11	—	57.5			
CS-KSHC8×8(C)(-F11)	12.0	106.2			
CS-KSHC9×10(C)(-F11)	12.0	106.2			
CS-KSHC11 × 15(C)(-F11)	20.0	177.0			
CS-KSHC14×16(C)	30.0	265.5			
CS-KSHC18×25(C)(-F11)	42.0	371.7			

- Ensure that the hardness of the surface directly impacting the piston rod of the shock absorber is over HRc40 hardness (excluding models with cap).
- **8.** Be aware that performance and characteristics change depending on the operating temperature.

How to select shock absorbers

1. Confirm the thrust

Confirm the thrust that is used, and then check the prospective shock absorbers from the table of recommended cylinder bore sizes on page **(3)**. If a shock absorber that is smaller than the recommended shock absorber is used, the shock absorber being used may be damaged in fewer operation cycles than is guaranteed.

2. Confirm the kinetic energy

Confirm I and II below, and then check page () for the selection graph for prospective shock absorbers from [1. Confirm the thrust]. (*)

I Impact object mass: m [kg]

II Impact speed: v [m/s]

Because "v" is the impact speed, not the average speed, when using a cylinder,

v = m [cylinder stroke] \div s [operating time] $\times 2$

Select a model in which ${\rm I}$ and ${\rm I\hspace{-0.5mm}I}$ fit within the range enclosed by the capacity curves.

If multiple models are applicable, use the model that is closest to both the capacity curves and the operating conditions. The further the model you select is from the capacity curves and the operating conditions, the slower it will tend to be.

3. Confirm other specifications

Confirm that such specifications as the maximum operating frequency, maximum absorption capacity per unit of time, angle of eccentricity, and operating temperature range are within the range for the shock absorber that you selected.

* The value for the kinetic energy, E, can be found by doing the following calculation. However, the shock absorber's capacity for absorption changes depending on the impact speed. When the shock absorber is doing low-speed operations, it has less drag than when it is doing high-speed operations.

The maximum absorption capacity that is noted in the specifications is reached only at the maximum impact speed.

Therefore, do not choose a shock absorber by comparing E to the maximum absorption capacity; confirm the capacity using the selection graph.

 $E=\frac{1}{2}mv^2$

- E : Kinetic energy (J)
- m: Impact object mass [kg]
- v : Impact speed (m/s)

Range in the selection graph

Vertical axis range :		
Maximum impact speed $\geq \frac{V}{O}$	Impac perati	t speed ng condition)
Horizontal axis range :		-
Shock absorber's maximum		E
absorption capacity at	\geq	Kinetic energy
the impact speed (v = m/s)		(operating condition)

Calculating the thrust energy is not necessary because the size of the shock absorber is limited by the thrust in step 1.

Example of selecting a shock absorber

- [Operating conditions]
- (1)Bore size of the cylinder being used: ϕ 16
- ②Cylinder stroke: 100 mm = 0.1 m
- ③Pressure applied to the cylinder: 0.6 MPa
- (a) Cylinder's operating time: 0.4 s
- ⑤Impact object mass: 10 kg

1. Confirm the thrust

Either calculate or find the thrust in the cylinder thrust table on page ⁽³⁾.

The cylinder thrust based on \bigcirc and \bigcirc is about 121 N.

Cylinder thrust	100.5N		120.6N		126N
Cylinder bore size	φ 16	<	φ 16	<	φ 20
Applied pressure	0.5MPa		0.6MPa		0.4MPa

As mentioned above, although the cylinder being used is ϕ 16, the pressure applied to the cylinder exceeds 0.5 MPa, so consider the ϕ 20 cylinder (lower than 0.4 MPa) and check the table of recommended cylinder bore sizes on page **③**.

- The following are prospective models.
- · CS-KSHC6×8 · CS-KSHC8×8
- · CS-KSHC9×10 · CS-KSHC11×15

2. Confirm the kinetic energy

- I The impact object mass m = 10 kg from (5)
- I Find the impact speed, v, from (2) and (4).

v = ② 0.1 m ÷ ④ 0.4 s ×2

=0.5 m/s

According to the selection graph on page 0, the shock absorber with the optimum absorption capacity for operating conditions is CS-KSHC8×8-EF.



- · CS-KSHC6×8-DE has an insufficient absorption capacity.
- The absorption capacities for all of the other shock absorbers are higher than that of CS-KSHC8×8-EF, so they do not fall within the operating conditions and capacity curves.

3 . Confirm other specifications

Verify that other operating conditions, such as the maximum operating frequency, maximum absorption capacity per unit of time, angle of eccentricity, and operating temperature range, are within the specified ranges for CS-KSHC8×8-EF.

Additional Parts

KSH

KSHP

Recommended cylinder bore size

Cylinder bore	<u>+ 1</u>	4.6	4.0	4 10	4 10	+ 10	+ 00	4.05	+ 00	+ 10	+ 50	4.60	± 00	+ 100
Model	φ4	φο	φδ	φιυ	φιΖ	φιο	φ 20	φ 25	φ 32	φ40	φ 50	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100
CS-KSHC3×3(-F11)	\diamond	O	O	0										
CS-KSHC4×4(-F11)		\diamond	O	0										
CS-KSHC5×5(-F11)			\diamond	O	O	0								
CS-KSHC6×8(-F11)				\diamond	O	O	0							
CS-KSHC7×8-F11					O	O	0							
CS-KSHC8×8(-F11)						\diamond	O	0						
CS-KSHC9×10(-F11)						\diamond	\bigcirc	O	0					
CS-KSHC11×15(-F11)							\diamond	O	O	0				
CS-KSHC14×16									\diamond	O	O	0		
CS-KSHC18×25(-F11)										\diamond	O	0	0	0
				~										

 \bigcirc : 0.3 MPa or higher $\quad \bigcirc$: 0.5 MPa or lower $\quad \bigcirc$: 0.4 MPa or lower

Note1: If a shock absorber that is smaller than the recommended shock absorber is used, the shock absorber being used may be damaged in fewer operation cycles than the value that is guaranteed.

Note2: CS-KSHC7×8 has only inch specifications.

Cylinder thrust

Bore size	Pressure area		Air pressure MPa [psi.]							
mm [in.]	mm² [in.²]	0.1 [15]	0.2 [29]	0.3 [44]	0.4 [58]	0.5 [73]	0.6 [87]	0.7 [102]	0.8 [116]	0.9 [131]
φ4	12.6 [0.020]	1.3 [0.292]	2.5 [0.562]	3.8 [0.854]	5 [1.124]	6.3 [1.416]	7.5 [1.686]	8.8 [1.978]	10.1 [2.270]	11.3 [2.540]
φ6	28.3 [0.044]	2.8 [0.629]	5.7 [1.281]	8.5 [1.911]	11.3 [2.540]	14.1 [3.170]	17.0 [3.822]	19.8 [4.451]	22.6 [5.080]	25.4 [5.710]
φ8	50.3 [0.078]	5 [1.124]	10.1 [2.270]	15.1 [3.394]	20.1 [4.518]	25.1 [5.642]	30.2 [6.789]	35.2 [7.913]	40.2 [9.037]	45.2 [10.161]
φ10	78.5 [0.122]	7.9 [1.776]	15.7 [3.529]	23.6 [5.305]	31.4 [7.059]	39.3 [8.835]	47.1 [10.588]	55 [12.364]	62.8 [14.117]	70.7 [15.893]
φ12	113 [0.175]	11.3 [2.540]	22.6 [5.080]	33.9 [7.621]	45.2 [10.161]	56.5 [12.701]	67.9 [15.264]	79.2 [17.804]	90.5 [20.344]	101.8 [22.885]
φ16	201 [0.312]	20.1 [4.518]	40.2 [9.037]	60.3 [13.555]	80.4 [18.074]	100.5 [22.592]	121 [27.201]	141 [31.697]	161 [36.193]	181 [40.689]
φ20	314 [0.487]	31.4 [7.059]	62.8 [14.117]	94.2 [21.176]	126 [28.325]	157 [35.294]	188 [42.262]	220 [49.456]	251 [56.425]	283 [63.618]
φ25	491 [0.761]	49.1 [11.038]	98.2 [22.075]	147 [33.046]	196 [44.061]	245 [55.076]	295 [66.316]	344 [77.331]	393 [88.346]	442 [99.362]
φ32	804 [1.246]	80.4 [18.074]	161 [36.193]	241 [54.177]	322 [72.386]	402 [90.370]	483 [108.6]	563 [126.6]	643 [144.5]	724 [162.8]
φ40	1257 [1.948]	126 [28.325]	251 [56.425]	377 [84.750]	503 [113.1]	628 [141.2]	754 [169.5]	880 [197.8]	1005 [225.9]	1131 [254.2]
φ50	1963 [3.043]	196 [44.061]	393 [88.346]	589 [132.4]	785 [176.5]	982 [220.8]	1178 [264.8]	1374 [308.9]	1571 [353.2]	1767 [397.2]
φ63	3117 [4.831]	312 [70.138]	623 [140.1]	935 [210.2]	1247 [280.3]	1559 [350.5]	1870 [420.4]	2182 [490.5]	2494 [560.7]	2806 [630.8]
φ80	5027 [7.792]	503 [113.1]	1005 [225.9]	1508 [339.0]	2011 [452.1]	2513 [564.9]	3016 [678.0]	3519 [791.1]	4021 [903.9]	4524 [1017]
φ100	7854 [1.217]	785 [176.5]	1571 [353.2]	2356 [529.6]	3142 [706.3]	3927 [882.8]	4712 [1059]	5498 [1236]	6283 [1412]	7069 [1589]

N [lbf.]

Selection guidelines

Cautions for using the selection graphs

- 1. The selection graphs are calculated with a cylinder operating air pressure of 0.5 MPa.
- 2. The values in the selection graphs are for room temperature (20 to 25°). Be aware that performance and characteristics change depending on the operating temperature.
- 3. Select a shock absorber that is as close to, yet within, the capacity line(s).



SHC

Clean room specifications Shock absorber Linear orifice type

KSHC Series



Specifications

Model (in inches)	CS-KSHC3×3-A (CS-KSHC3×3-A-F11)	CS-KSHC3×3-AB (CS-KSHC3×3-AB-F11)	CS-KSHC3×3-B (CS-KSHC3×3-B-F11)		
Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs)	0.1 (0.885)	0.2 (1.770)	0.3 (2.655)		
Absorption stroke mm(in.)					
Impact speed range m/s(ft/s)	0.1 to 1.0 (0	0.1 to 0.8 (0.33 to 2.62)			
Maximum operating cycle cycle/min		60			
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min)	10 (88.6)				
Spring return force ^{Note 1} N		2.0			
Deflection angle					
Operating temperature range ^{Note 2} °C(°F)	0 to 60 (32 to 140)				

Model (in inches)	CS-KSHC4×4-B (CS-KSHC4×4-B-F11)	CS-KSHC4×4-BD (CS-KSHC4×4-BD-F11)	CS-KSHC5×5-D-11 (CS-KSHC5×5-F11-D)	CS-KSHC5×5-DE-11 (CS-KSHC5×5-F11-DE)	
Maximum absorption capacity	J(in.lbs)	0.3 (2.655)	0.5 (4.425)	1.0 (8.851)	1.5 (13.276)	
Absorption stroke	mm(in.)	4 (0.	157)	5 (0.197)		
Impact speed range	m/s(ft/s)	0.1 to 1.0 (0.33 to 3.28)				
Maximum operating cycle	cycle/min	60				
Maximum absorption capacity per unit o	f time J/min (in.lbs/min)	15 (132.8) 45 (398.5)				
Spring return forceNote 1	Ν	3	.0	6	.0	
Deflection angle			1° or	less		
Operating temperature range ^{Note}	°² °C(°F)	0 to 60 (32 to 140)				

Mc (in inch	odel ies)	CS-KSHC6×8-DE (CS-KSHC6×8-DE-F11) (CS-KSHC7×8-F11)	CS-KSHC6×8-EF (CS-KSHC6×8-EF-F11) (CS-KSHC7×8-F11)	CS-KSHC8×8-EF (CS-KSHC8×8-EF-F11)	CS-KSHC8×8-G (CS-KSHC8×8-G-F11)	
Maximum absorption capacity J(in.I	lbs)	1.5 (13.276)	2.5 (22.127)	2.5 (22.127)	4.0 (35.403)	
Absorption stroke mm((in.)	8 (0.	315)	8 (0.315)		
Impact speed range m/s(f	ft/s)	0.1 to 1.0 (0.33 to 3.28)				
Maximum operating cycle cycle/	min		6	0		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J. (in.lbs/	/min min)	75 (664.2) 120 (1062.7)				
Spring return force ^{Note 1}	Ν	8.5				
Deflection angle		1° or less				
Operating temperature range ^{Note 2} °C	(°F)		0 to 60 (3	32 to 140)		

Item	(in inches)	CS-KSHC9×10-GK (CS-KSHC9×10-GK-F11)	CS-KSHC9×10-L (CS-KSHC9×10-L-F11)	CS-KSHC11×15-M (CS-KSHC11×15-M-F11)	CS-KSHC11×15-P (CS-KSHC11×15-P-F11)	
Maximum absorption capacity	J(in.lbs)	5.0 (44.254)	8.0 (70.806)	10 (88.507)	15 (132.8)	
Absorption stroke	mm(in.)	10 (0	.394)	15 (0.591)		
Impact speed range	m/s(ft/s)	0.1 to 1.0 (0.33 to 3.28)				
Maximum operating cycle	cycle/min	6	0	40		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit	of time J/min (in.lbs/min)	240 (2	125.4)	300 (2656.8)		
Spring return forceNote 1	Ν	8	.5	1	8	
Deflection angle			1° or	less		
Operating temperature range ^{No}	^{te 2} °C(°F)	0 to 60 (32 to 140)				

Note1: The spring return force is the force of the piston rod when it returns from a full stroke. It is not stable, so cannot be used as other than rod return.

2: The shock absorbing capacity fluctuates based on speed and ambient temperature. Always use a product that is within the range shown by the solid lines in the graphs on pages .

* CS-KSHC7 has only inch specifications.

* The maximum tightening torque of CS-KSHC7 is different from that of CS-KSHC6. See page (6) for details on the maximum tightening torque.

Specifications

Model (in inches)	CS-KSHC14×16-R	CS-KSHC14×16-T	CS-KSHC18×25-X (CS-KSHC18×25-F11-X)		
Maximum absorption capacity J(in.lbs)	20	30	40 (354.0)		
Absorption stroke mm(in.)	1	6	25 (0.984)		
Impact speed range m/s(ft/s)	0.1 to 1.0 (0.33 to 3.28)				
Maximum operating cycle cycle/min		4	40		
Maximum absorption capacity per unit of time J/min (in.lbs/min)	60	00	800 (7084.8)		
Spring return force ^{Note 1} N	18	3.6	32		
Deflection angle		1° or	less		
Operating temperature range ^{Note 2} °C(°F)		0 to 60 (3	32 to 140)		

*CS-KSHC14 does not have inch specifications.

Order Codes (specifications in mm)



Additional Parts (no specifications in inches)

Stopper nut

S - KSH - N	vi
	Thread size 4 : For CS-KSHC3x3 6 : For CS-KSHC4x4 8 : For CS-KSHC5x5 8-11: For CS-KSHC5x5-11 10 : For CS-KSHC6x8 12 : For CS-KSHC6x8 14 : For CS-KSHC9x10 16 : For CS-KSHC11x15 20 : For CS-KSHC14x16 25 : For CS-KSHC18x25



* For the dimension diagrams of the additional parts, see page 2. * The stopper nut is made from mild steel (nickel plated).

KSHJ

Mass (specifications in mm)

	Noto	Additional mass	Additional parts' mass		
Model	Main unit	With plastic cap	Mounting nut (1 ea.)	Stopper nut	
CS-KSHC3×3	1.8	0.1	0.2	0.8	
CS-KSHC4×4	4.8	0.1	0.4	2	
CS-KSHC5×5-01,-11	9.2	0.3	0.6(0.9)	4	
CS-KSHC6×8	21	1	1.2	7	
CS-KSHC8×8	32	1	1.9	8	
CS-KSHC9×10	58	2	4	15	
CS-KSHC11×15	94	2	6.6	29	
CS-KSHC14×16	172	3	12.2	50	
CS-KSHC18×25	350	7	23	100	

Calculation example: The mass of CS-KSHC6×8 (with cap and stopper) is $21\,+\,1\,+\,7=29g$

Note: The weight of the main unit includes the weight of 2 mounting nuts.

Inner Construction and Major Parts and Materials



Note: Depending on size, some part shapes and configurations may differ.

•CS-KSHC3×3, 4×4, 5×5

No.	Name	Materials					
1	Body ^{Note 1}	Copper alloy (nickel plated)					
2	Piston rod ^{Note 2}	Steel (nickel plated)					
3	Sleeve	Copper alloy					
(4)	Plug	Stainless steel					
(5)	Accumulator	Synthetic rubber					
6	Spring	Spring steel					
7	Oil	Special oil					
8	Piston ring	Copper alloy					
9	Collar ^{Note 3}	Copper alloy					
10	Сар	Plastic (POM)					
(1)	Rod seal	Synthetic rubber					
(12)	O-ring	Synthetic rubber					
(13)	Screw	Mild steel (nickel plated)					
(14)	Mounting nutNote 4	g nut ^{Note 4} Mild steel (nickel plated)					

Note1: CS-KSHC3, 4 are stainless steel

2: CS-KSHC5 is stainless steel

3: CS-KSHC3 is stainless steel

4: CS-KSHC3 is stainless steel

•CS-KSHC6×8, 8×8, 9×10, 11×15, 14×16, 18×25

No.	Name	Materials
1	Body	Copper alloy (nickel plated)
2	Piston rod ^{Note 1}	Steel (nickel plated)
3	Sleeve	Copper alloy
(4)	Plug	Stainless steel
5	Spacer	Stainless steel
6	Accumulator	Synthetic rubber
7	Spring	Spring steel
8	Rod seal	Synthetic rubber
9	Oil	Special oil
(10)	Piston ring	Copper alloy
(1)	Сар	Plastic (POM)
(12)	Collar ^{Note 2}	Sintered metal
(13)	O-ring	Synthetic rubber
(14)	Screw	Mild steel (zinc plated)
(15)	Mounting nut	Mild steel (nickel plated)

Note1: CS-KSHC6, 8 are stainless steel

2: CS-KSHC11, 14, 18 are stainless steel

● No rod end cap: CS-KSHC3×3, CS-KSHC4×4



37

3

32

3

<u>M8 × 1</u> 2 nuts 1.3

1.5

Model Symbol	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	К	L	М	Ν	Q	R
CS-KSHC3×3	M4×0.5	3	25	22	1.2	1.1	3	1	2	5.5	6.4	28.5	3.5	3.2
CS-KSHC4×4	M6×0.75	4	33.5	29.5	2	1	5.5	1	2	8	9.2	37.5	4	4.6

●No rod end cap: CS-KSHC5×5-11

5

1.2

(stroke)

φ2.5





<u>M8×1</u>

●No rod end cap: CS-KSHC□×□



E (width across flats)



Model Symbol	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	К	L	М	Ν	Q	R
CS-KSHC5×5	M8×0.75	5	36	31	2.5	3	5	7	1.2	2	10	11.5	41	5	6.5
CS-KSHC6×8	M10×1	8	53	45	3	4	5	9	2	3	12	13.9	61	8	8
CS-KSHC8×8	M12×1	8	53	45	3	5	5.5	11	2	4	14	16.2	63	10	10
CS-KSHC9×10	M14×1.5	10	70	60	4	5	5.5	12	2	5	17	19.6	80	10	11
CS-KSHC11×15	M16×1.5	15	87	72	4	5	6	14	3	7	19	21.9	97	10	11
CS-KSHC14×16	M20×1.5	16	98	82	5	6	6	18	3	8	24	27.7	113	15	15
CS-KSHC18×25	M25×1.5	25	135	110	6	7	6	23	3	10	30	34.6	153	18	18

● With rod end cap: CS-KSHC□×□C

KSHY

KSHJ

• With rod end cap: CS-KSHC3×3C, CS-KSHC4×4C

φH

• With rod end cap: CS-KSHC5×5C-11

Q

N D

(stroke)

Order Codes (specifications in inches)



Mass (specifications in inches)

				OZ				
Madal	Moin unit Note1	Additional mass	Additional parts' mass					
Model	Main unit	With plastic cap	Mounting nut (1 ea.)	Stopper nut				
CS-KSHC3×3-F11	0.1	0.004	0.01	0.04				
CS-KSHC4×4-F11	0.2	0.004	0.04	0.1				
CS-KSHC5×5-F11-D,DE	0.4	0.01	0.06	0.2				
CS-KSHC6×8-F11	0.7	0.04	0.07	0.4				
CS-KSHC7×8-F11	1.0	0.04	0.09	0.4				
CS-KSHC8×8-F11	1.3	0.04	0.1	0.5				
CS-KSHC9×10-F11	2.2	0.07	0.2	0.7				
CS-KSHC11×15-F11	5.1	0.07	0.4	2.5				
CS-KSHC18×25-F11	12.7	0.2	1.1	4.8				

Calculation example: The mass of CS-KSHC6x8 (with cap and stopper) is 0.7 + 0.04 + 0.4 = 1.14oz

Note1: The weight of the main unit includes the weight of 2 mounting nuts. Note2: CS-KSHC7×8 has only inch specifications.

● No rod end cap: CS-KSHC3×3,CS-KSHC4×4



Model Symbol	A		В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	К	L	м	N	Q
CS-KSHC3×3(C)-F11	#10-32 l	JNF	0.118	0.984	0.866	0.047	0.043	0.118	0.039	0.1	1/4	0.289	1.122	0.138
$CS-KSHC4 \times 4(C)-F11$	1/4-32 UNEF		0.157	1.319	1.161	0.079	0.039	0.217	0.039	0.1	3/8	0.433	1.476	0.157
Model Symbol	R		AL	AS	AX	AY								
CS-KSHC3×3(C)-F11	0.126	#10-32	2 UNF	0.3	1/4	0.289								
CS-KSHC4×4(C)-F11	0.181	181 1/4-32 UNEF		0.4	3/8	0.433								

\blacksquare No rod end cap: CS-KSHC \square × \square





● With rod end cap: CS-KSHC□×□C





Model Symbol	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	к	L	М	N	Q
CS-KSHC5×5 (C)(-11)-F11	5/16-32 UNEF	0.197	1.417	1.22	0.098	0.118	0.197	0.276	0.047	0.13	7/16	0.505	1.614	0.197
CS-KSHC6×8 (C)-F11	3/8-32 UNEF	0.315	2.087	1.772	0.118	0.157	0.197	0.354	0.079	0.13	1/2	0.577	2.401	0.315
CS-KSHC7×8 (C)-F11	7/16-28 UNEF	0.315	2.087	1.772	0.118	0.157	0.197	3/8	0.079	0.15	9/16	0.65	2.401	0.315
CS-KSHC8×8 (C)-F11	1/2-20 UNF	0.315	2.087	1.772	0.118	0.197	0.217	7/16	0.079	0.15	5/8	0.722	2.48	0.394
CS-KSHC9×10 (C)-F11	9/16-18 UNF	0.394	2.756	2.362	0.157	0.197	0.217	1/2	0.079	7/32	11/16	0.794	3.15	0.394
CS-KSHC11×15 (C)-F11	3/4-16 UNF	0.591	3.425	2.835	0.157	0.276	0.236	5/8	0.118	1/4	15/16	1.082	3.819	0.394
CS-KSHC18×25 (C)-F11	1-12 UNF	0.984	5.315	4.331	0.236	0.276	0.236	0.875	0.118	3/8	1 1/4	1.443	6.024	0.709

Model Symbol	R	AL	AS	AX	AY
CS-KSHC5×5 (C)(-11)-F11	0.256	5/16-32 UNEF	7/16	7/16	0.505
CS-KSHC6×8 (C)-F11	0.315	3/8-32 UNEF	11/16	1/2	0.577
CS-KSHC7×8 (C)-F11	0.315	7/16-28 UNEF	11/16	9/16	0.65
CS-KSHC8×8 (C)-F11	0.394	1/2-20 UNF	11/16	5/8	0.722
CS-KSHC9×10 (C)-F11	0.433	9/16-18 UNF	3/4	11/16	0.794
CS-KSHC11×15 (C)-F11	0.433	3/4-16 UNF	1 1/2	15/16	1.082
CS-KSHC18×25 (C)-F11	0.709	1-12 UNF	1 1/2	1 1/4	1.443

• With rod end cap: CS-KSHC3×3C,CS-KSHC4×4C

KSHP

KSHJ

KSHY

Currently, methods for evaluating the degree of cleanliness of shock absorbers are not defined by JIS or other standards. Because of this, Koganei devises its own independent measurement methods for cleanliness and does evaluations accordingly.

Measurement method

- We measure particles in the clean bench (Figure 1) without activating the shock absorber for measurements and the load driving cylinder in the clean bench (background measurement).^{Note}
- Note: Under the background measurement conditions, the number of particles measures zero.
- 2. We start driving a load to activate the shock absorber under the measurement conditions, and then measure the particles.

Measurement conditions

Load impact speed	: 300mm/s
Shock absorber operating freque	ncy: 30cycle/min ^{Note}
Particle measurement time	: 1 minute
Suction rate	: 1cf/min
Measured particles	: 0.1µm or greater

For reference, a graph of actual values is shown in Figure 2. The number of particles is the average value of the test samples. Also, the smaller the angle of eccentricity when mounting the shock absorber, the lower the number of particles is likely to be. We recommend mounting the shock absorber so that its angle of eccentricity to the workpiece is as small as possible.

- Note1: The number of particles is based on 30 operation cycles. When using the shock absorbers, the customer's evaluation should be based on the customer's own operation frequency.
 - 2: FED-STD Class 1 equivalent.
 - 3: The numbers of particles in the graph are actual values measured under Koganei standards, and are not intended to be guaranteed values.

Outline of particle measuring device



Number of particles (measured value)^{Note 3}



●Mounting nut: N-KSH-□-□

N-KSH-M45 (for KSHJ45)





Symbol		_				Applicable sho	ock absorbers	
Model	AL	F	G	н	KSHJ	KSHY	KSHP	CS-KSHC
N-KSH-M4	M4×0.5	2	5.5	6.4	KSHJ4	—	-	CS-KSHC3
N-KSH-M6	M6×0.75	2	8	9.2	KSHJ6	KSHY6	KSHP6	CS-KSHC4
N-KSH-M8	M8×0.75	2	10	11.5	KSHJ8(-01,02)	KSHY8(-01,02)	KSHP8	CS-KSHC5
N-KSH-M8-11	M8×1	3	10	11.5	KSHJ8(-11,12)	KSHY8(-11,12)	KSHP8-11	CS-KSHC5-11
N-KSH-M10	M10×1	3	12	13.9	KSHJ10	KSHY10	KSHP10	CS-KSHC6
N-KSH-M12	M12×1	4	14	16.2	KSHJ12	KSHY12	KSHP12	CS-KSHC8
N-KSH-M14	M14×1.5	5	17	19.6	KSHJ14	KSHY14	KSHP14	CS-KSHC9
N-KSH-M16	M16×1.5	7	19	21.9	KSHJ16	KSHY16	KSHP16	CS-KSHC11
N-KSH-M18	M18×1.5	8	21	24.2	KSHJ18	-	KSHP18	-
N-KSH-M20	M20×1.5	8	24	27.7	KSHJ20	KSHY20	KSHP20	CS-KSHC14
N-KSH-M22	M22×1.5	9	27	31.2	KSHJ22	-	_	-
N-KSH-M25	M25×1.5	10	30	34.6	KSHJ25-01	-	KSHP25	CS-KSHC18
N-KSH-M25-11	M25×2	10	30	34.6	KSHJ25(-11,12)	-	—	-
N-KSH-M27	M27×1.5	10	36	41.6	KSHJ27(-01,02)	-	-	-
N-KSH-M27-11	M27×3	12	36	41.6	KSHJ27(-11,12)	-	—	-
N-KSH-M30	M30×1.5	10	36	41.6	KSHJ30	-	KSHP30	-
N-KSH-M33	M33×1.5	10	41	47.3	KSHJ33	-	—	-
N-KSH-M36	M36×1.5	15	46	53.1	KSHJ36	-	KSHP36	-
N-KSH-M42	M42×1.5	15	50	57.7	KSHJ42	-	KSHP42	-
N-KSH-M48	M48×2	15	55	63.5	KSHJ48	_	_	_

●Stopper nut: S-KSH-□-□ (-2)



Symbol			• •	• > /		Applicable sho	ock absorbers	
Model	AL	AS	AX	AY	KSHJ	KSHY	KSHP	CS-KSHC
S-KSH-M4	M4×0.5	7.5	5.5	6.4	KSHJ4	-	-	CS-KSHC3
S-KSH-M6	M6×0.75	7	8	9.2	KSHJ6	KSHY6	KSHP6	CS-KSHC4
S-KSH-M8	M8×0.75	11	10	11.5	KSHJ8(-01,02)	KSHY8(-01,02)	KSHP8	CS-KSHC5
S-KSH-M8-11	M8×1	11	10	11.5	KSHJ8(-11,12)	KSHY8(-11,12)	KSHP8-11	CS-KSHC5-11
S-KSH-M10	M10×1	17	12	13.9	KSHJ10	KSHY10	KSHP10	CS-KSHC6
S-KSH-M12	M12×1	17	14	16.2	KSHJ12	KSHY12	KSHP12	CS-KSHC8
S-KSH-M14	M14×1.5	18	17	19.6	KSHJ14	KSHY14	KSHP14	CS-KSHC9
S-KSH-M16	M16×1.5	30	19	21.9	KSHJ16	KSHY16	KSHP16	CS-KSHC11
S-KSH-M18	M18×1.5	35	21	24.2	KSHJ18	-	KSHP18	-
S-KSH-M20	M20×1.5	35	24	27.7	KSHJ20	KSHY20	KSHP20	CS-KSHC14
S-KSH-M22	M22×1.5	40	27	31.2	KSHJ22	-	-	-
S-KSH-M25	M25×1.5	40	30	34.6	KSHJ25-01	-	KSHP25	CS-KSHC18
S-KSH-M25-11	M25×2	40	30	34.6	KSHJ25(-11,12)	-	-	-
S-KSH-M27	M27×1.5	40	36	41.6	KSHJ27(-01,02)	-	-	-
S-KSH-M27-11	M27×3	40	36	41.6	KSHJ27(-11,12)	-	-	-
S-KSH-M30	M30×1.5	40	36	41.6	KSHJ30	-	KSHP30	-
S-KSH-M33	M33×1.5	40	41	47.3	KSHJ33	-	-	-
S-KSH-M36	M36×1.5	50	46	53.1	KSHJ36	-	KSHP36	-
S-KSH-M42	M42×1.5	50	50	57.7	KSHJ42	_	KSHP42	_
S-KSH-M45	M45×1.5	60	55	63.5	KSHJ45	_	-	_
S-KSH-M48	M48×2	60	55	63.5	KSHJ48	_	_	_

KSHY

KSHJ

Dimensions of Additional Parts (mm)

●Side mounting bracket: 2-KSH-□-□ (-2)



M22 to M48

Symbol		45					лт		Applicable sho	ock absorbers	
Model	AE	AF	AH	AL	АР	An	AI	KSHJ	KSHY	KSHP	CS-KSHC
2-KSH-M4	18	12	8	M4×0.5	ϕ 3.4, ϕ 6.5 Counter bore depth 3.3	-	8	KSHJ4	—	_	CS-KSHC3
2-KSH-M6	18	12	10	M6×0.75	ϕ 3.4, ϕ 6.5 Counter bore depth 3.3		8	KSHJ6	KSHY6	KSHP6	CS-KSHC4
2-KSH-M8	19	13	13	M8×0.75	ϕ 3.4, ϕ 6.5 Counter bore depth 3.3		9	KSHJ8(-01,02)	KSHY8(-01,02)	KSHP8	CS-KSHC5
2-KSH-M8-11	19	13	13	M8×1	ϕ 3.4, ϕ 6.5 Counter bore depth3.3	-	9	KSHJ8(-11,12)	KSHY8(-11,12)	KSHP8-11	CS-KSHC5-11
2-KSH-M10	22	14	14	M10×1	ϕ 3.4, ϕ 6.5 Counter bore depth3.3		9	KSHJ10	KSHY10	KSHP10	CS-KSHC6
2-KSH-M12	25	16	18	M12×1	ϕ 3.4, ϕ 6.5 Counter bore depth3.3	I	9	KSHJ12	KSHY12	KSHP12	CS-KSHC8
2-KSH-M14	34	22	22	M14×1.5	ϕ 4.5, ϕ 8 Counter bore depth4.5	Ι	10	KSHJ14	KSHY14	KSHP14	CS-KSHC9
2-KSH-M16	38	25	25	M16×1.5	ϕ 4.5, ϕ 8 Counter bore depth4.5	-	12	KSHJ16	KSHY16	KSHP16	CS-KSHC11
2-KSH-M18	50	34	30	M18×1.5	ϕ 6.5, ϕ 11 Counter bore depth6.5		12	KSHJ18	—	KSHP18	_
2-KSH-M20	50	34	30	M20×1.5	ϕ 9, ϕ 14 Counter bore depth8.5	I	16	KSHJ20	KSHY20	KSHP20	CS-KSHC14
2-KSH-M22	60	44	35	M22×1.5	ϕ 9, ϕ 14 Counter bore depth8.5	19	35	KSHJ22	—	_	_
2-KSH-M25	60	44	35	M25×1.5	ϕ 9, ϕ 14 Counter bore depth8.5	19	35	KSHJ25-01	—	KSHP25	CS-KSHC18
2-KSH-M25-11	60	44	35	M25×2	ϕ 9, ϕ 14 Counter bore depth8.5	19	35	KSHJ25(-11,12)	—	_	_
2-KSH-M27	60	44	44	M27×1.5	ϕ 9, ϕ 14 Counter bore depth8.5	19	35	KSHJ27(-01,02)	-	-	—
2-KSH-M27-11	60	44	44	M27×3	ϕ 9, ϕ 14 Counter bore depth8.5	19	35	KSHJ27(-11,12)	_	-	—
2-KSH-M30	60	44	46	M30×1.5	ϕ 9, ϕ 14 Counter bore depth8.5	19	35	KSHJ30	—	KSHP30	_
2-KSH-M33	100	70	62	M33×1.5	ϕ 18, ϕ 26 Counter bore depth 18	50	80	KSHJ33	—	_	_
2-KSH-M36	100	70	62	M36×1.5	ϕ 18, ϕ 26 Counter bore depth 18	50	80	KSHJ36	-	KSHP36	—
2-KSH-M42	100	70	62	M42×1.5	ϕ 18, ϕ 26 Counter bore depth 18	50	80	KSHJ42	_	KSHP42	—
2-KSH-M45	120	85	70	M45×1.5	ϕ 22, ϕ 30 Counter bore depth22	45	80	KSHJ45	_	_	_
2-KSH-M48	120	85	70	M48×2	ϕ 22, ϕ 30 Counter bore depth22	45	80	KSHJ48	_	-	_

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Limited Warranty

KOGANEI CORP. warrants its products to be free from defects in material and workmanship subject to the following provisions.

- Warranty Period The warranty period is 180 days from the date of delivery.
- KoganeiIf a defect in material or workmanship is foundResponsibilityIf a defect in material or workmanship is foundduring the warranty period, KOGANEI CORP.
will replace any part proved defective under
normal use free of charge and will provide the
service necessary to replace such a part.
- Limitations This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, and is limited to the original cost of the product and shall not include any transportation fee, the cost of installation or any liability for direct, indirect or consequential damage or delay resulting from the defects.

- KOGANEI CORP. shall in no way be liable or responsible for injuries or damage to persons or property arising out of the use or operation of the manufacturer's product.
- This warranty shall be void if the engineered safety devices are removed, made inoperative or not periodically checked for proper functioning.
- Any operation beyond the rated capacity, any improper use or application, or any improper installation of the product, or any substitution upon it with parts not furnished or approved by KOGANEI CORP., shall void this warranty.
- This warranty covers only such items supplied by KOGANEI CORP. The products of other manufacturers are covered only by such warranties made by those original manufacturers, even though such items may have been included as the components.

The specifications are subject to change without notice.

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